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(54) Title: MODIFIED PEPTIDES AS THERAPEUTIC AGENTS

(57) Abstract

The present invention concerns fusion of Fc domains with biologically active peptides and a process for preparing pharmaceutical agents using biologically active peptides. In this invention, pharmacologically active compounds are prepared by a process comprising: a) selecting at least one peptide that modulates the activity of a protein of interest; and b) preparing a pharmacologic agent comprising an Fc domain covalently linked to at least one amino acid of the selected peptide. Linkage to the vehicle increases the half-life of the peptide, which otherwise would be quickly degraded in vivo. The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain. The peptide is preferably selected by phage display, E. coli display, ribosome display, RNA-peptide screening, or chemical-peptide screening.

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Modified Peptides as Therapeutic Agents Background of the Invention

Recombinant proteins are an emerging class of therapeutic agents.

Such recombinant therapeutics have engendered advances in protein formulation and chemical modification. Such modifications can protect therapeutic proteins, primarily by blocking their exposure to proteolytic enzymes. Protein modifications may also increase the therapeutic protein's stability, circulation time, and biological activity. A review article describing protein modification and fusion proteins is Francis (1992), Focus on Growth Factors 3:4-10 (Mediscript, London), which is hereby incorporated by reference.

One useful modification is combination with the "Fc" domain of an antibody. Antibodies comprise two functionally independent parts, a variable domain known as "Fab", which binds antigen, and a constant domain known as "Fc", which links to such effector functions as complement activation and attack by phagocytic cells. An Fc has a long serum half-life, whereas an Fab is short-lived. Capon et al. (1989), Nature 337: 525-31. When constructed together with a therapeutic protein, an Fc domain can provide longer half-life or incorporate such functions as Fc receptor binding, protein A binding, complement fixation and perhaps even placental transfer. Id. Table 1 summarizes use of Fc fusions known in the art.

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Table 1—Fc fusion with therapeutic proteins

Form of Fc	Fusion	Therapeutic	
	partner	implications	Reference
lgG1	N-terminus of CD30-L	Hodgkin's disease; anaplastic lymphoma; T- cell leukemia	U.S. Patent No. 5,480,981
Murine Fcy2a	IL-10	anti-inflammatory; transplant rejection	Zheng <u>et al</u> . (1995), <u>J.</u> <u>Immunol</u> . 154: 5590-600
lgG1	TNF receptor	septic shock	Fisher <u>et al.</u> (1996), N. Engl. J. Med. 334: 1697- 1702; Van Zee, K. <u>et al.</u> (1996), <u>J. Immunol.</u> 156: 2221-30
IgG, IgA, IgM, or IgE (excluding the first domain)	TNF receptor	inflammation, autoimmune disorders	U.S. Pat. No. 5,808,029, issued September 15, 1998
lgG1	CD4 receptor	AIDS	Capon <u>et al.</u> (1989), <u>Nature 337</u> : 525-31
lgG1, lgG3	N-terminus of IL-2	anti-cancer, antiviral	Harvill <u>et al.</u> (1995), <u>Immunotech</u> . 1: 95-105
lgG1	C-terminus of OPG	osteoarthritis; bone density	WO 97/23614, published July 3, 1997
lgG1	N-terminus of leptin	anti-obesity	PCT/US 97/23183, filed December 11, 1997
Human Ig Cγ1	CTLA-4	autoimmune disorders	Linsley (1991), <u>J. Exp.</u> <u>Med</u> . 174:561-9

A much different approach to development of therapeutic agents is peptide library screening. The interaction of a protein ligand with its receptor often takes place at a relatively large interface. However, as demonstrated for human growth hormone and its receptor, only a few key residues at the interface contribute to most of the binding energy. Clackson et al. (1995), Science 267: 383-6. The bulk of the protein ligand merely displays the binding epitopes in the right topology or serves functions unrelated to binding. Thus, molecules of only "peptide" length (2 to 40 amino acids) can bind to the receptor protein of a given large protein ligand. Such peptides may mimic the bioactivity of the large protein ligand ("peptide agonists") or, through competitive binding, inhibit the bioactivity of the large protein ligand ("peptide antagonists").

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Phage display peptide libraries have emerged as a powerful method in identifying such peptide agonists and antagonists. See, for example, Scott et al. (1990), Science 249: 386; Devlin et al. (1990), Science 249: 404; U.S. Pat. No. 5,223,409, issued June 29, 1993; U.S. Pat. No. 5,733,731, issued March 31, 1998; U.S. Pat. No. 5,498,530, issued March 12, 1996; U.S. Pat. No. 5,432,018, issued July 11, 1995; U.S. Pat. No. 5,338,665, issued August 16, 1994; U.S. Pat. No. 5,922,545, issued July 13, 1999; WO 96/40987, published December 19, 1996; and WO 98/15833, published April 16, 1998 (each of which is incorporated by reference). In such libraries, random peptide sequences are displayed by fusion with coat proteins of filamentous phage. Typically, the displayed peptides are affinity-eluted against an antibody-immobilized extracellular domain of a receptor. The retained phages may be enriched by successive rounds of affinity purification and repropagation. The best binding peptides may be sequenced to identify key residues within one or more structurally related families of peptides. See, e.g., Cwirla et al. (1997), Science 276: 1696-9, in which two distinct families were identified. The peptide sequences may also suggest which residues may be safely replaced by alanine scanning or by mutagenesis at the DNA level. Mutagenesis libraries may be created and screened to further optimize the sequence of the best binders. Lowman (1997), Ann. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct. 26: 401-24.

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Structural analysis of protein-protein interaction may also be used to suggest peptides that mimic the binding activity of large protein ligands. In such an analysis, the crystal structure may suggest the identity and relative orientation of critical residues of the large protein ligand, from which a peptide may be designed. See, e.g., Takasaki et al. (1997), Nature Biotech. 15: 1266-70. These analytical methods may-also be used to investigate the interaction between a receptor protein and peptides

selected by phage display, which may suggest further modification of the peptides to increase binding affinity.

Other methods compete with phage display in peptide research. A peptide library can be fused to the carboxyl terminus of the <u>lac</u> repressor and expressed in E. coli. Another E. coli-based method allows display on the cell's outer membrane by fusion with a peptidoglycan-associated lipoprotein (PAL). Hereinafter, these and related methods are collectively referred to as "E. coli display." In another method, translation of random RNA is halted prior to ribosome release, resulting in a library of polypeptides with their associated RNA still attached. Hereinafter, this and related methods are collectively referred to as "ribosome display." Other methods employ chemical linkage of peptides to RNA; see, for example, Roberts & Szostak (1997), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 94: 12297-303. Hereinafter, this and related methods are collectively referred to as "RNA-peptide screening." Chemically derived peptide libraries have been developed in which peptides are immobilized on stable, non-biological materials, such as polyethylene rods or solvent-permeable resins. Another chemically derived peptide library uses photolithography to scan peptides immobilized on glass slides. Hereinafter, these and related methods are collectively referred to as "chemical-peptide screening." Chemical-peptide screening may be advantageous in that it allows use of D-amino acids and other unnatural analogues, as well as non-peptide elements. Both biological and chemical methods are reviewed in Wells & Lowman (1992), Curr. Opin. Biotechnol. 3: 355-62.

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Conceptually, one may discover peptide mimetics of any protein using phage display and the other methods mentioned above. These methods have been used for epitope mapping, for identification of critical amino acids in protein-protein interactions, and as leads for the discovery of new therapeutic agents. E.g., Cortese et al. (1996), Curr. Opin. Biotech. 7:

616-21. Peptide libraries are now being used most often in immunological studies, such as epitope mapping. Kreeger (1996), <u>The Scientist</u> 10(13): 19-20.

Of particular interest here is use of peptide libraries and other techniques in the discovery of pharmacologically active peptides. A number of such peptides identified in the art are summarized in Table 2. The peptides are described in the listed publications, each of which is hereby incorporated by reference. The pharmacologic activity of the peptides is described, and in many instances is followed by a shorthand term therefor in parentheses. Some of these peptides have been modified (e.g., to form C-terminally cross-linked dimers). Typically, peptide libraries were screened for binding to a receptor for a pharmacologically active protein (e.g., EPO receptor). In at least one instance (CTLA4), the peptide library was screened for binding to a monclonal antibody.

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Table 2—Pharmacologically active peptides

Form of peptide	Binding partner/ protein of interest*	Pharmacologic activity	Reference
intrapeptide disulfide- bonded	EPO receptor	EPO-mimetic	Wrighton <u>et al.</u> (1996), <u>Science</u> 273: 458-63; U.S. Pat. No. 5,773,569, issued June 30, 1998 to Wrighton <u>et al</u> .
C-terminally cross-linked dimer	EPO receptor	EPO-mimetic	Livnah et al. (1996), Science 273: 464-71; Wrighton et al. (1997), Nature Biotechnology 15: 1261-5; International patent application WO 96/40772, published Dec. 19, 1996
linear	EPO receptor	EPO-mimetic	Naranda <u>et al</u> . (1999), <u>Proc. Natl. Acad, Sci.</u> <u>USA</u> , 96: 7569-74
linear	c-Mpl	TPO-mimetic	Cwirla et al.(1997) Science 276: 1696-9; U.S. Pat. No. 5,869,451, issued Feb. 9, 1999; U.S Pat. No. 5,932,946, issued Aug. 3, 1999
C-terminally cross-linked dimer	c-Mpl	TPO-mimetic	Cwirla <u>et al</u> . (1997), <u>Science</u> 276: 1696-9
disulfide- linked dimer		stimulation of hematopolesis ("G-CSF-mimetic")	Paukovits <u>et al.</u> (1984), <u>Hoppe-Seylers Z.</u> <u>Physiol. Chem.</u> 365: 303 11; Laerum <u>et al.</u> (1988) <u>Exp. Hemat.</u> 16: 274-80
alkylene- linked dimer		G-CSF-mimetic	Bhatnagar <u>et al</u> . (1996), <u>J. Med. Chem</u> . 39: 3814 9; Cuthbertson <u>et al</u> . (1997), <u>J. Med. Chem</u> . 40: 2876-82; King <u>et al</u> . (1991), <u>Exp. Hematol</u> . 19:481; King <u>et al</u> . (1995), <u>Blood</u> 86 (Suppl 1): 309a
linear	IL-1 receptor	inflammatory and autoimmune diseases ("IL-1 antagonist" or "IL-1ra-mimetic")	U.S. Pat. No. 5,608,035 U.S. Pat. No. 5,786,331 U.S. Pat. No. 5,880,096 Yanofsky <u>et al</u> . (1996),

^{*}The protein listed in this column may be bound by the associated peptide (e.g., EPO receptor, IL-1 receptor) or mimicked by the associated peptide. The references listed for each clarify whether the molecule is bound by or mimicked by the peptides.

			Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 93: 7381-6; Akeson et al. (1996), J. Biol. Chem. 271: 30517-23; Wiekzorek et al. (1997), Pol. J. Pharmacol. 49: 107-17; Yanofsky (1996), PNAs, 93:7381-7386.
linear	Facteur thymique serique (FTS)	stimulation of lymphocytes ("FTS-mimetic")	Inagaki-Ohara <u>et al.</u> (1996), <u>Cellular Immunol</u> . 171: 30-40; Yoshida (1984), I <u>nt. J.</u> Immunopharmacol, 6:141-6.
intrapeptide disulfide bonded	CTLA4 MAb	CTLA4-mimetic	Fukumoto et al. (1998), Nature Biotech. 16: 267- 70
exocyclic	TNF-α receptor	TNF- α antagonist	Takasaki <u>et al.</u> (1997), <u>Nature Biotech</u> . 15:1266- 70; WO 98/53842, published December 3, 1998
linear	TNF-α receptor	TNF-α antagonist	Chirinos-Rojas (), <u>J.</u> <u>Imm.</u> , 5621-5626.
intrapeptide disulfide bonded	C3b	inhibition of complement activation; autoimmune diseases ("C3b-antagonist")	Sahu <u>et al</u> . (1996), <u>J.</u> <u>Immunol</u> . 157: 884-91; Morikis <u>et al</u> . (1998), <u>Protein Sci</u> . 7: 619-27
linear	vinculin	cell adhesion processes— cell growth, differentiation, wound healing, tumor metastasis ("vinculin binding")	Adey et al. (1997), Biochem, J. 324: 523-8
linear	C4 binding protein (C4BP)	anti-thrombotic	Linse <u>et al</u> . (1997), <u>J.</u> <u>Biol. Chem</u> . 272: 14658- 65
linear	urokinase receptor	processes associated with urokinase interaction with its receptor (e.g., angiogenesis, tumor cell invasion and metastasis); ("UKR antagonist")	Goodson et al. (1994), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 91: 7129-33; International application WO 97/35969, published October 2, 1997
linear	Mdm2, Hdm2	Inhibition of inactivation of p53 mediated by Mdm2 or hdm2; anti-tumor ("Mdm/hdm antagonist")	Picksley <u>et al</u> . (1994), <u>Oncogene</u> 9: 2523-9; Bottger <u>et al</u> . (1997) <u>J.</u> <u>Mol. Biol</u> . 269: 744-56; Bottger <u>et al</u> . (1996), <u>Oncogene</u> 13: 2141-7
"linear	p21 ^{WAF1}	anti-tumor by mimicking the activity of p21 wafi	-Ba ll <u>et al</u> . (1997), <u>Curr.</u> <u>Biol</u> . 7: 71-80
linear	farnesyl	anti-cancer by preventing	Gibbs et al. (1994), <u>Cell</u>

^b FTS is a thymic hormone mimicked by the molecule of this invention rather than a receptor bound by the molecule of this invention.

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	transferase	activation of ras oncogene	77:175-178
linear	Ras effector domain	anti-cancer by inhibiting biological function of the ras oncogene	Moodie et al. (1994), <u>Trends Genet</u> 10: 44-48 Rodriguez et al. (1994), <u>Nature</u> 370:527-532
linear	SH2/SH3 domains	anti-cancer by inhibiting tumor growth with activated tyrosine kinases	Pawson et al (1993), <u>Curr. Biol.</u> 3:434-432 Yu et al. (1994), <u>Cell</u> 76:933-945
linear	p16 ^{ink4}	anti-cancer by mimicking activity of p16; e.g., inhibiting cyclin D-Cdk complex ("p16-mimetic")	Fahraeus <u>et al</u> . (1996), <u>Curr, Biol</u> . 6:84-91
linear	Src, Lyn	inhibition of Mast cell activation, IgE-related conditions, type I hypersensitivity ("Mast cell antagonist")	Stauffer <u>et al</u> . (1997), <u>Biochem</u> . 36: 9388-94
linear	Mast cell protease	treatment of inflammatory disorders mediated by release of tryptase-6 ("Mast cell protease inhibitors")	International application WO 98/33812, published August 6, 1998
linear	SH3 domains	treatment of SH3- mediated disease states ("SH3 antagonist")	Rickles et al. (1994), EMBO J. 13: 5598-5604; Sparks et al. (1994), J. Biol. Chem. 269: 23853- 6; Sparks et al. (1996), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 93: 1540-4
linear	HBV core antigen (HBcAg)	treatment of HBV viral infections ("anti-HBV")	Dyson & Muray (1995), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 92: 2194-8
linear	selectins	neutrophil adhesion; inflammatory diseases ("selectin antagonist")	Martens et al. (1995), J. Biol. Chem. 270: 21129-36; European patent application EP 0 714 912, published June 5, 1996
linear, cyclized	calmodulin	calmodulin antagonist	Pierce et al. (1995), Molec. Diversity 1: 259- 65; Dedman et al. (1993), J. Biol. Chem. 268: 23025-30; Adey & Kay (1996), Gene 169: 133-4
linear, cyclized-	integrins	tumor-homing; treatment for conditions related to integrin-mediated cellular events, including platelet aggregation, thrombosis, wound healing, osteoporosis, tissue repair, angiogenesis (e.g.	97/08203, published March 6, 1997; WO 98/10795, published March 19, 1998; WO

		for treatment of cancer), and tumor invasion	20, 1999; Kraft <u>et al</u> . (1999), J. Biol. Chem. 274: 1979-1985
		("integrin-binding")	WO 98/09985, published
cyclic, linear	fibronectin and extracellular matrix	treatment of inflammatory and autoimmune conditions	March 12, 1998
	components of T		·
	macrophages	treatment or prevention of	European patent
linear	somatostatin and contistatin	hormone-producing tumors, acromegaly, giantism, dementia, gastric ulcer, tumor growth, inhibition of hormone secretion, modulation of sleep or	application 0 911 393, published April 28, 1999
		neural activity	U.S. Pat. No. 5,877,151,
linear	bacterial lipopolysac- charide	antibiotic; septic shock; disorders modulatable by CAP37	issued March 2, 1999
linear or	pardaxin, mellitin	antipathogenic	WO 97/31019, published
cyclic,	F		28 August 1997
including D-			
amino acids			
linear, cyclic	VIP	impotence, neurodegenerative disorders	WO 97/40070, published October 30, 1997
linear	CTLs	cancer	EP 0 770 624, published May 2, 1997
linear	THF-gamma2		Burnstein (1988), Biochem., 27:4066-71.
linear	Amylin		Cooper (1987), <u>Proc.</u> Natl. Acad. Sci., 84:8628-32.
linear	Adrenomedullin		Kitamura (1993), <u>BBRC</u> , 192:553-60.
cyclic, linear	VEGF	anti-angiogenic; cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, diabetic retinopathy, psoriasis ("VEGF antagonist")	Fairbrother (1998), Biochem., 37:17754- 17764.
cyclic	MMP	inflammation and autoimmune disorders; tumor growth ("MMP inhibitor")	Koivunen (1999), <u>Nature</u> <u>Biotech</u> ., 17:768-774.
	HGH fragment		U.S. Pat. No. 5,869,452
	Echistatin	inhibition of platelet aggregation	Gan (1988), <u>J. Biol.</u> <u>Chem.</u> , 263:19827-32.
linear	SLE	SLE	WO 96/30057, published
	autoantibody		October 3, 1996
	GD1alpha	suppression of tumor metastasis	Ishikawa et al. (1998), FEBS Lett. 441 (1): 20-4
	antiphospholipid	endothelial cell activation	, Blank et al. (1999), Proc
		C	

	beta-2- glycoprotein-I (β2GPI) antibodies	antiphospholipid syndrome (APS), thromboembolic phenomena, thrombocytopenia, and recurrent fetal loss	Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 5164-8
linear	T Cell Receptor beta chain	diabetes	WO 96/11214, published April 18, 1996

Peptides identified by peptide library screening have been regarded as "leads" in development of therapeutic agents rather than as therapeutic agents themselves. Like other proteins and peptides, they would be rapidly removed in vivo either by renal filtration, cellular clearance mechanisms in the reticuloendothelial system, or proteolytic degradation. Francis (1992), Focus on Growth Factors 3: 4-11. As a result, the art presently uses the identified peptides to validate drug targets or as scaffolds for design of organic compounds that might not have been as easily or as quickly identified through chemical library screening. Lowman (1997), Ann. Rev. Biophys. Biomol. Struct. 26: 401-24; Kay et al. (1998), Drug Disc. Today 3: 370-8. The art would benefit from a process by which such peptides could more readily yield therapeutic agents.

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Summary of the Invention

The present invention concerns a process by which the <u>in vivo</u> halflife of one or more biologically active peptides is increased by fusion with a vehicle. In this invention, pharmacologically active compounds are prepared by a process comprising:

- selecting at least one peptide that modulates the activity of a protein of interest; and
- b) preparing a pharmacologic agent comprising at least one vehicle covalently linked to at least one amino acid sequence of the selected peptide.

The preferred vehicle is an Fc domain. The peptides screened in step (a) are preferably expressed in a phage display library. The vehicle and the

peptide may be linked through the N- or C-terminus of the peptide or the vehicle, as described further below. Derivatives of the above compounds (described below) are also encompassed by this invention.

The compounds of this invention may be prepared by standard synthetic methods, recombinant DNA techniques, or any other methods of preparing peptides and fusion proteins. Compounds of this invention that encompass non-peptide portions may be synthesized by standard organic chemistry reactions, in addition to standard peptide chemistry reactions when applicable.

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The primary use contemplated is as therapeutic or prophylactic agents. The vehicle-linked peptide may have activity comparable to—or even greater than—the natural ligand mimicked by the peptide. In addition, certain natural ligand-based therapeutic agents might induce antibodies against the patient's own endogenous ligand; the vehicle-linked peptide avoids this pitfall by having little or typically no sequence identity with the natural ligand.

Although mostly contemplated as therapeutic agents, compounds of this invention may also be useful in screening for such agents. For example, one could use an Fc-peptide (e.g., Fc-SH2 domain peptide) in an assay employing anti-Fc coated plates. The vehicle, especially Fc, may make insoluble peptides soluble and thus useful in a number of assays.

The compounds of this invention may be used for therapeutic or prophylactic purposes by formulating them with appropriate pharmaceutical carrier materials and administering an effective amount to a patient, such as a human (or other mammal) in need thereof. Other related aspects are also included in the instant invention.

Numerous additional aspects and advantages of the present invention will become apparent upon consideration of the figures and detailed description of the invention.

Brief Description of the Figures

Figure 1 shows a schematic representation of an exemplary process of the invention. In this preferred process, the vehicle is an Fc domain, which is linked to the peptide covalently by expression from a DNA construct encoding both the Fc domain and the peptide. As noted in Figure 1, the Fc domains spontaneously form a dimer in this process.

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Figure 2 shows exemplary Fc dimers that may be derived from an IgG1 antibody. "Fc" in the figure represents any of the Fc variants within the meaning of "Fc domain" herein. "X¹" and "X²" represent peptides or linker-peptide combinations as defined hereinafter. The specific dimers are as follows:

A, D: Single disulfide-bonded dimers. IgG1 antibodies typically have two disulfide bonds at the hinge region between the constant and variable domains. The Fc domain in Figures 2A and 2 D may be formed by truncation between the two disulfide bond sites or by substitution of a cysteinyl residue with an unreactive residue (e.g., alanyl). In Figure 2A, the Fc domain is linked at the amino terminus of the peptides; in 2D, at the carboxyl terminus.

B, E: Doubly disulfide-bonded dimers. This Fc domain may be formed by truncation of the parent antibody to retain both cysteinyl residues in the Fc domain chains or by expression from a construct including a sequence encoding such an Fc domain. In Figure 2B, the Fc domain is linked at the amino terminus of the peptides; in 2E, at the carboxyl terminus.

C, F: Noncovalent dimers. This Fc domain may be formed by elimination of the cysteinyl residues by either truncation or substitution.

One may desire to eliminate the cysteinyl residues to avoid impurities formed by reaction of the cysteinyl residue with cysteinyl residues of other

proteins present in the host cell. The noncovalent bonding of the Fc domains is sufficient to hold together the dimer.

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Other dimers may be formed by using Fc domains derived from different types of antibodies (e.g., IgG2, IgM).

Figure 3 shows the structure of preferred compounds of the invention that feature tandem repeats of the pharmacologically active peptide. Figure 3A shows a single chain molecule and may also represent the DNA construct for the molecule. Figure 3B shows a dimer in which the linker-peptide portion is present on only one chain of the dimer. Figure 3C shows a dimer having the peptide portion on both chains. The dimer of Figure 3C will form spontaneously in certain host cells upon expression of a DNA construct encoding the single chain shown in Figure 3A. In other host cells, the cells could be placed in conditions favoring formation of dimers or the dimers can be formed in vitro.

Figure 4 shows exemplary nucleic acid and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1 and 2, respectively) of human IgG1 Fc that may be used in this invention.

Figure 5 shows a synthetic scheme for the preparation of PEGylated peptide 19 (SEQ ID NO: 3).

Figure 6 shows a synthetic scheme for the preparation of PEGylated peptide 20 (SEQ ID NO: 4).

Figure 7 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6, respectively) of the molecule identified as "Fc-TMP" in Example 2 hereinafter.

Figure 8 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ. ID. NOS: 7 and 8, respectively) of the molecule identified as "Fc-TMP-TMP" in Example 2 hereinafter.

Figure 9 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ. ID. NOS: 9 and 10, respectively) of the molecule identified as "TMP-TMP-Fc" in Example 2 hereinafter.

Figure 10 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ. ID. NOS: 11 and 12, respectively) of the molecule identified as "TMP-Fc" in Example 2 hereinafter.

Figure 11 shows the number of platelets generated <u>in vivo</u> in normal female BDF1 mice treated with one 100 μ g/kg bolus injection of various compounds, with the terms defined as follows.

PEG-MGDF: 20 kD average molecular weight PEG attached by reductive amination to the N-terminal amino group of amino acids 1-163 of native human TPO, which is expressed in <u>E. coli</u> (so that it is not glycosylated);

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- TMP: the TPO-mimetic peptide having the amino acid sequence IEGPTLRQWLAARA (SEQ ID NO: 13);
- TMP-TMP: the TPO-mimetic peptide having the amino acid sequence IEGPTLRQWLAARA-GGGGGGGG-IEGPTLRQWLAARA (SEQ ID NO: 14);
- PEG-TMP-TMP: the peptide of SEQ ID NO: 14, wherein the PEG group is a 5 kD average molecular weight PEG attached as shown in Figure 6;
- Fc-TMP-TMP: the compound of SEQ ID NO: 8 (Figure 8) dimerized with an identical second monomer (i.e., Cys residues 7 and 10 are bound to the corresponding Cys residues in the second monomer to form a dimer, as shown in Figure 2); and
- TMP-TMP-Fc is the compound of SEQ ID NO: 10 (Figure 9)

 dimerized in the same way as TMP-TMP-Fc except that the Fc

 domain is attached at the C-terminal end rather than the Nterminal end of the TMP-TMP peptide.

Figure 12 shows the number of platelets generated <u>in vivo</u> in normal BDF1 mice treated with various compounds delivered via implanted osmotic pumps over a 7-day period. The compounds are as defined for Figure 7.

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Figure 13 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ. ID. NOS: 15 and 16, respectively) of the molecule identified as "Fc-EMP" in Example 3 hereinafter.

Figure 14 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 17 and 18, respectively) of the molecule identified as "EMP-Fc" in Example 3 hereinafter.

Figure 15 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS:19 and 20, respectively) of the molecule identified as "EMP-EMP-Fc" in Example 3 hereinafter.

Figure 16 shows the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 21 and 22, respectively) of the molecule identified as "Fc-EMP-EMP" in Example 3 hereinafter.

Figures 17A and 17B show the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 23) inserted into pCFM1656 between the unique <u>Aat</u>II (position #4364 in pCFM1656) and <u>Sac</u>II (position #4585 in pCFM1656) restriction sites to form expression plasmid pAMG21 (ATCC accession no. 98113).

Figure 18A shows the hemoglobin, red blood cells, and hematocrit generated in vivo in normal female BDF1 mice treated with one 100 μ g/kg bolus injection of various compounds. Figure 18B shows the same results with mice treated with 100 μ g/kg per day delivered the same dose by 7-day micro-osmotic pump with the EMPs delivered at 100 μ g/kg, rhEPO at 30U/mouse. (In both experiments, neutrophils, lymphocytes, and platelets were unaffected.) In these figures, the terms are defined as follows.

Fc-EMP: the compound of SEQ ID NO: 16 (Figure 13) dimerized with an identical second monomer (i.e., Cys residues 7 and 10 are

bound to the corresponding Cys residues in the second monomer to form a dimer, as shown in Figure 2);

EMP-Fc: the compound of SEQ ID NO: 18 (Figure 14) dimerized in the same way as Fc-EMP except that the Fc domain is attached at the C-terminal end rather than the N-terminal end of the EMP peptide.

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"EMP-EMP-Fc" refers to a tandem repeat of the same peptide (SEQ ID NO: 20) attached to the same Fc domain by the carboxyl terminus of the peptides. "Fc-EMP-EMP" refers to the same tandem repeat of the peptide but with the same Fc domain attached at the amino terminus of the tandem repeat. All molecules are expressed in <u>E</u>, coli and so are not glycosylated.

Figures 19A and 19B show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1055 and 1056) of the Fc-TNF- α inhibitor fusion molecule described in Example 4 hereinafter.

Figures 20A and 20B show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1057 and 1058) of the TNF- α inhibitor-Fc fusion molecule described in Example 4 hereinafter.

Figures 21A and 21B show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1059 and 1060) of the Fc-IL-1 antagonist fusion molecule described in Example 5 hereinafter.

Figures 22A and 22B show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1061 and 1062) of the IL-1 antagonist-Fc fusion molecule described in Example 5 hereinafter.

Figures 23A, 23B, and 23C show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1063 and 1064) of the Fc-VEGF antagonist fusion molecule described in Example 6 hereinafter.

Figures 24A and 24B show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1065 and 1066) of the VEGF antagonist-Fc fusion molecule described in Example 6 hereinafter.

Figures 25A and 25B show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1067 and 1068) of the Fc-MMP inhibitor fusion molecule described in Example 7 hereinafter.

Figures 26A and 26B show the nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1069 and 1070) of the MMP inhibitor-Fc fusion molecule described in Example 7 hereinafter.

Detailed Description of the Invention

Definition of Terms

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The terms used throughout this specification are defined as follows, unless otherwise limited in specific instances.

The term "comprising" means that a compound may include additional amino acids on either or both of the N- or C- termini of the given sequence. Of course, these additional amino acids should not significantly interfere with the activity of the compound.

The term "vehicle" refers to a molecule that prevents degradation and/or increases half-life, reduces toxicity, reduces immunogenicity, or increases biological activity of a therapeutic protein. Exemplary vehicles include an Fc domain (which is preferred) as well as a linear polymer (e.g., polyethylene glycol (PEG), polylysine, dextran, etc.); a branched-chain polymer (see, for example, U.S. Patent No. 4,289,872 to Denkenwalter et al., issued September 15, 1981; 5,229,490 to Tam, issued July 20, 1993; WO 93/21259 by Frechet et al., published 28 October 1993); a lipid; a cholesterol group (such as a steroid); a carbohydrate or oligosaccharide; or any natural or synthetic protein, polypeptide or peptide that binds to a salvage receptor. Vehicles are further described hereinafter.

The term "native Fc" refers to molecule or sequence comprising the sequence of a non-antigen-binding fragment resulting from digestion of whole antibody, whether in monomeric or multimeric form. The original immunoglobulin source of the native Fc is preferably of human origin and may be any of the immunoglobulins, although IgG1 and IgG2 are preferred. Native Fc's are made up of monomeric polypeptides that may be linked into dimeric or multimeric forms by covalent (i.e., disulfide bonds) and non-covalent association. The number of intermolecular disulfide bonds between monomeric subunits of native Fc molecules ranges from 1 to 4 depending on class (e.g., IgG, IgA, IgE) or subclass (e.g., IgG1, IgG2, IgG3, IgA1, IgGA2). One example of a native Fc is a disulfide-bonded dimer resulting from papain digestion of an IgG (see Ellison et al. (1982), Nucleic Acids Res. 10: 4071-9). The term "native Fc" as used herein is generic to the monomeric, dimeric, and multimeric forms.

The term "Fc variant" refers to a molecule or sequence that is modified from a native Fc but still comprises a binding site for the salvage receptor, FcRn. International applications WO 97/34631 (published 25 September 1997) and WO 96/32478 describe exemplary Fc variants, as well as interaction with the salvage receptor, and are hereby incorporated by reference. Thus, the term "Fc variant" comprises a molecule or sequence that is humanized from a non-human native Fc. Furthermore, a native Fc comprises sites that may be removed because they provide structural features or biological activity that are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention. Thus, the term "Fc variant" comprises a molecule or sequence that lacks one or more native Fc sites or residues that affect or are involved in (1) disulfide bond formation, (2) incompatibility with a selected host cell (3) N-terminal heterogeneity upon expression in a selected host cell, (4) glycosylation, (5) interaction with complement, (6) binding to an Fc receptor other than a salvage receptor, or

(7) antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC). Fc variants are described in further detail hereinafter.

The term "Fc domain" encompasses native Fc and Fc variant molecules and sequences as defined above. As with Fc variants and native Fc's, the term "Fc domain" includes molecules in monomeric or multimeric form, whether digested from whole antibody or produced by other means.

The term "multimer" as applied to Fc domains or molecules comprising Fc domains refers to molecules having two or more polypeptide chains associated covalently, noncovalently, or by both covalent and non-covalent interactions. IgG molecules typically form dimers; IgM, pentamers; IgD, dimers; and IgA, monomers, dimers, trimers, or tetramers. Multimers may be formed by exploiting the sequence and resulting activity of the native Ig source of the Fc or by derivatizing (as defined below) such a native Fc.

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The term "dimer" as applied to Fc domains or molecules comprising Fc domains refers to molecules having two polypeptide chains associated covalently or non-covalently. Thus, exemplary dimers within the scope of this invention are as shown in Figure 2.

The terms "derivatizing" and "derivative" or "derivatized" comprise processes and resulting compounds respectively in which (1) the compound has a cyclic portion; for example, cross-linking between cysteinyl residues within the compound; (2) the compound is cross-linked or has a cross-linking site; for example, the compound has a cysteinyl residue and thus forms cross-linked dimers in culture or in vivo; (3) one or more peptidyl linkage is replaced by a non-peptidyl linkage; (4) the N-terminus is replaced by -NRR¹, NRC(O)R¹, -NRC(O)OR¹, -NRS(O)₂R¹, -NHC(O)NHR, a succinimide group, or substituted or unsubstituted benzyloxycarbonyl-NH-, wherein R and R¹ and the ring substituents are

as defined hereinafter; (5) the C-terminus is replaced by -C(O)R² or -NR³R⁴ wherein R², R³ and R⁴ are as defined hereinafter; and (6) compounds in which individual amino acid moieties are modified through treatment with agents capable of reacting with selected side chains or terminal residues. Derivatives are further described hereinafter.

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The term "peptide" refers to molecules of 2 to 40 amino acids, with molecules of 3 to 20 amino acids preferred and those of 6 to 15 amino acids most preferred. Exemplary peptides may be randomly generated by any of the methods cited above, carried in a peptide library (e.g., a phage display library), or derived by digestion of proteins.

The term "randomized" as used to refer to peptide sequences refers to fully random sequences (e.g., selected by phage display methods) and sequences in which one or more residues of a naturally occurring molecule is replaced by an amino acid residue not appearing in that position in the naturally occurring molecule. Exemplary methods for identifying peptide sequences include phage display, <u>E. coli</u> display, ribosome display, RNA-peptide screening, chemical screening, and the like.

The term "pharmacologically active" means that a substance so described is determined to have activity that affects a medical parameter (e.g., blood pressure, blood cell count, cholesterol level) or disease state (e.g., cancer, autoimmune disorders). Thus, pharmacologically active peptides comprise agonistic or mimetic and antagonistic peptides as defined below.

The terms "-mimetic peptide" and "-agonist peptide" refer to a peptide having biological activity comparable to a protein (e.g., EPO, TPO, G-CSF) that interacts with a protein of interest. These terms further include peptides that indirectly mimic the activity of a protein of interest, such as by potentiating the effects of the natural ligand of the protein of interest; see, for example, the G-CSF-mimetic peptides listed in Tables 2

and 7. Thus, the term "EPO-mimetic peptide" comprises any peptides that can be identified or derived as described in Wrighton et al. (1996), Science 273: 458-63, Naranda et al. (1999), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 96: 7569-74, or any other reference in Table 2 identified as having EPO-mimetic subject matter. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

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The term "TPO-mimetic peptide" comprises peptides that can be identified or derived as described in Cwirla et al. (1997), Science 276: 1696-9, U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,869,451 and 5,932,946 and any other reference in Table 2 identified as having TPO-mimetic subject matter, as well as the U.S. patent application, "Thrombopoietic Compounds," filed on even date herewith and hereby incorporated by reference. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

The term "G-CSF-mimetic peptide" comprises any peptides that can be identified or described in Paukovits et al. (1984), <u>Hoppe-Seylers Z. Physiol. Chem.</u> 365: 303-11 or any of the references in Table 2 identified as having G-CSF-mimetic subject matter. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

The term "CTLA4-mimetic peptide" comprises any peptides that can be identified or derived as described in Fukumoto et al. (1998), Nature Biotech. 16: 267-70. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually

disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

The term "-antagonist peptide" or "inhibitor peptide" refers to a peptide that blocks or in some way interferes with the biological activity of the associated protein of interest, or has biological activity comparable to a known antagonist or inhibitor of the associated protein of interest. Thus, the term "TNF-antagonist peptide" comprises peptides that can be identified or derived as described in Takasaki et al. (1997), Nature Biotech. 15: 1266-70 or any of the references in Table 2 identified as having TNF-antagonistic subject matter. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

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The terms "IL-1 antagonist" and "IL-1ra-mimetic peptide" comprises peptides that inhibit or down-regulate activation of the IL-1 receptor by IL-1. IL-1 receptor activation results from formation of a complex among IL-1, IL-1 receptor, and IL-1 receptor accessory protein. IL-1 antagonist or IL-1ra-mimetic peptides bind to IL-1, IL-1 receptor, or IL-1 receptor accessory protein and obstruct complex formation among any two or three components of the complex. Exemplary IL-1 antagonist or IL-1ra-mimetic peptides can be identified or derived as described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,608,035, 5,786,331, 5,880,096, or any of the references in Table 2 identified as having IL-1ra-mimetic or IL-1 antagonistic subject matter. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

The term "VEGF-antagonist peptide" comprises peptides that can be identified or derived as described in Fairbrother (1998), <u>Biochem.</u> 37:

17754-64, and in any of the references in Table 2 identified as having VEGF-antagonistic subject matter. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

The term "MMP inhibitor peptide" comprises peptides that can be identified or derived as described in Koivunen (1999), Nature Biotech. 17: 768-74 and in any of the references in Table 2 identified as having MMP inhibitory subject matter. Those of ordinary skill in the art appreciate that each of these references enables one to select different peptides than actually disclosed therein by following the disclosed procedures with different peptide libraries.

Additionally, physiologically acceptable salts of the compounds of this invention are also encompassed herein. By "physiologically acceptable salts" is meant any salts that are known or later discovered to be pharmaceutically acceptable. Some specific examples are: acetate; trifluoroacetate; hydrohalides, such as hydrochloride and hydrobromide; sulfate; citrate; tartrate; glycolate; and oxalate.

Structure of compounds

In General. In the compositions of matter prepared in accordance with this invention, the peptide may be attached to the vehicle through the peptide's N-terminus or C-terminus. Thus, the vehicle-peptide molecules of this invention may be described by the following formula I:

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$$(X^{1})_{a}-F^{1}-(X^{2})_{b}$$

wherein:

F¹ is a vehicle (preferably an Fc domain);

 $X^{1} \text{ and } X^{2} \text{ are each independently selected from -(L^{1})}_{c} - P^{1}, -(L^{1})_{c} - P^{1} - (L^{2})_{d} - P^{2}, -(L^{1})_{c} - P^{1} - (L^{2})_{d} - P^{2} - (L^{3})_{e} - P^{3}, \text{ and -(L^{1})}_{c} - P^{1} - (L^{2})_{d} - P^{2} - (L^{4})_{f} - P^{4}$

P¹, P², P³, and P⁴ are each independently sequences of pharmacologically active peptides;

L1, L2, L3, and L4 are each independently linkers; and

a, b, c, d, e, and f are each independently 0 or 1, provided that at least one of a and b is 1.

Thus, compound I comprises preferred compounds of the formulae $\scriptstyle\rm II$

and multimers thereof wherein F¹ is an Fc domain and is attached at the Cterminus of X¹;

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and multimers thereof wherein F^1 is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of X^2 ;

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and multimers thereof wherein F^1 is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of $-(L^1)_{\varepsilon}-P^1$; and

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$$F^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}$$

and multimers thereof wherein F^1 is an Fc domain and is attached at the N-terminus of $-L^1-P^1-L^2-P^2$.

<u>Peptides</u>. Any number of peptides may be used in conjunction with the present invention. Of particular interest are peptides that mimic the activity of EPO, TPO, growth hormone, G-CSF, GM-CSF, IL-1ra, leptin, CTLA4, TRAIL, TGF- α , and TGF- β . Peptide antagonists are also of interest, particularly those antagonistic to the activity of TNF, leptin, any of the interleukins (IL-1, 2, 3, ...), and proteins involved in complement activation (e.g., C3b). Targeting peptides are also of interest, including

tumor-homing peptides, membrane-transporting peptides, and the like.

All of these classes of peptides may be discovered by methods described in the references cited in this specification and other references.

Phage display, in particular, is useful in generating peptides for use in the present invention. It has been stated that affinity selection from libraries of random peptides can be used to identify peptide ligands for any site of any gene product. Dedman et al. (1993), J. Biol. Chem. 268: 23025-30. Phage display is particularly well suited for identifying peptides that bind to such proteins of interest as cell surface receptors or any proteins having linear epitopes. Wilson et al. (1998), Can. J. Microbiol. 44: 313-29; Kay et al. (1998), Drug Disc. Today 3: 370-8. Such proteins are extensively reviewed in Herz et al. (1997), J. Receptor & Signal Transduction Res. 17(5): 671-776, which is hereby incorporated by reference. Such proteins of interest are preferred for use in this invention.

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A particularly preferred group of peptides are those that bind to cytokine receptors. Cytokines have recently been classified according to their receptor code. See Inglot (1997), <u>Archivum Immunologiae et Therapiae Experimentalis</u> 45: 353-7, which is hereby incorporated by reference. Among these receptors, most preferred are the CKRs (family I in Table 3). The receptor classification appears in Table 3.

Table 3—Cytokine Receptors Classified by Receptor Code

Cytokine	s (ligands)	Receptor Type			
family	subfamily	family	subfamily		
I. Hematopoietic cytokines	1. IL-2, IL-4, IL-7, IL-9, IL-13, IL- 15	I. Cytokine R (CKR)	1. shared γCr		
	2. IL-3, IL-5, GM- CSF		2. shared GP 140 βR		
	 IL-6, IL-11, IL- 12, LIF, OSM, CNTF, leptin (OB) 		3. 3.shared RP 130		
	4. G-CSF, EPO, TPO, PRL, GH		4. "single chain" R		
	5. IL-17, HVS-IL- 17		5. other R ^c		
II. IL-10 ligands	IL-10, BCRF-1, HSV-IL-10	II. IL-10 R			
III. Interferons	1. IFN-αl, α2, α4, m, t, IFN-β ^d	III. Interferon R	1. IFNAR		
	2. IFN-y		2. IFNGR		
IV. IL-1 ligands	1. IL-1α, IL-1β, IL- 1Ra	IV. IL-1R			
V. TNF ligands	 TNF-α, TNF-β (LT), FAS1, CD40 L, CD30L, CD27 L 	V. NGF/TNF R ^e			
VI. Chemokines	1. α chemokines: IL-8, GRO α, β, γ, IF-10, PF-4, SDF-1	VI. Chemokine R	1. CXCR		
	2. β chemokines: MIP1α, MIP1β, MCP-1,2,3,4, RANTES, eotaxin		2. CCR		
	3. γ chemokines: lymphotactin		3. CR		
	·, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		4. DARC'		

The Duffy blood group antigen (DARC) is an erythrocyte receptor that can bind several different chemokines. It belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily but characteristics of its signal transduction events remain unclear.

^c IL-17R belongs to the CKR family but is not assigned to any of the 4 indicated subjamilies.
^d Other IFN type I subtypes remain unassigned. Hematopoietic cytokines, IL-10 ligands and interferons do not possess functional intrinsic protein kinases. The signaling molecules for the cytokines are JAK's, STATs and related non-receptor molecules. IL-14, IL-16 and IL-18 have been cloned but according to the receptor code they remain unassigned.
^e TNE recentors use multiple distinct introcellular molecules.

^{*} TNF receptors use multiple, distinct intracellular molecules for signal transduction including "death domain" of FAS R and 55 kDa TNF-αR that participates in their cytotoxic effects. NGF/TNF R can bind both NGF and related factors as well as TNF ligands. Chemokine receptors are G protein-coupled, seven transmembrane (7TM, serpentine) domain receptors.

VII. Growth factors		VII. RKF	1.	TK sub-family
	1.1 SCF, M-CSF,		1.1	IgTK III R
	PDGF-AA, AB,			
	BB, FLT-3L,			
	VEGF, SSV- PDGF			
	1.2 FGFα, FGFβ		1.2	IgTK IV R
	1.3 EGF, TGF-α,			Cysteine-rich
	VV-F19 (EGF-			TK-I
	like)			
	1.4 IGF-I, IGF-II,		1.4	Cysteine rich
	Insulin			TK-II
	1.5 NGF, BDNF,		1.5	Cysteine knot
	NT-3, NT-4°			TK V
	2. TGF-β1,β2,β3		2.	STK subfamily"

Exemplary peptides for this invention appear in Tables 4 through 20 below. These peptides may be prepared by methods disclosed in the art. Single letter amino acid abbreviations are used. The X in these 5 sequences (and throughout this specification, unless specified otherwise in a particular instance) means that any of the 20 naturally occurring amino acid residues may be present. Any of these peptides may be linked in tandem (i.e., sequentially), with or without linkers, and a few tandemlinked examples are provided in the table. Linkers are listed as " Λ " and 10 may be any of the linkers described herein. Tandem repeats and linkers are shown separated by dashes for clarity. Any peptide containing a cysteinyl residue may be cross-linked with another Cys-containing peptide, either or both of which may be linked to a vehicle. A few cross-15 linked examples are provided in the table. Any peptide having more than one Cys residue may form an intrapeptide disulfide bond, as well; see, for example, EPO-mimetic peptides in Table 5. A few examples of intrapeptide disulfide-bonded peptides are specified in the table. Any of these peptides may be derivatized as described herein, and a few derivatized examples are provided in the table. Derivatized peptides in 20

⁹ The neurotrophic cytokines can associate with NGF/TNF receptors also.

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the tables are exemplary rather than limiting, as the associated underivatized peptides may be employed in this invention, as well. For derivatives in which the carboxyl terminus may be capped with an amino group, the capping amino group is shown as -NH₂. For derivatives in which amino acid residues are substituted by moieties other than amino acid residues, the substitutions are denoted by o, which signifies any of the moieties described in Bhatnagar et al. (1996), J. Med. Chem. 39: 3814-9 and Cuthbertson et al. (1997), J. Med. Chem. 40: 2876-82, which are incorporated by reference. The J substituent and the Z substituents (Z_z , Z_z , ... Z_{so}) are as defined in U.S. Pat. Nos. 5,608,035,5,786,331, and 5,880,096, which are incorporated by reference. For the EPO-mimetic sequences (Table 5), the substituents X, through X, and the integer "n" are as defined in WO 96/40772, which is incorporated by reference. The substituents "Y," "9," and "+" are as defined in Sparks et al. (1996), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. 93: 1540-4, which is hereby incorporated by reference. X, X, X, and X, are as defined in U.S. Pat. No. 5,773,569, which is hereby incorporated by reference, except that: for integrin-binding peptides, X₁, X₂, X₃, X₄, X₅, X₄, X₅, X₄, X₅, X₅, X₇, X₇, X₈, and X₈ are as defined in International applications WO 95/14714, published June 1, 1995 and WO 97/08203, published March 6, 1997, which are also incorporated by reference; and for VIP-mimetic peptides, X₁, X₁', X_1 ", X_2 , X_3 , X_4 , X_5 , X_6 and Z and the integers m and n are as defined in WO 97/40070, published October 30, 1997, which is also incorporated by reference. Xaa and Yaa below are as defined in WO 98/09985, published March 12, 1998, which is incorporated by reference. AA, AA, AB, AB, and AC are as defined in International application WO 98/53842, published December 3, 1998, which is incorporated by reference. X^1 , X^2 , X^3 , and X⁴ in Table 17 only are as defined in European application EP 0 911

^h STKS may encompass many other TGF-β-related factors that remain unassigned. The protein kinases are intrinsic part of the intracellular domain of receptor kinase family (RKF). The enzymes participate in the signals transmission via the receptors.

393, published April 28, 1999. Residues appearing in boldface are D-amino acids. All peptides are linked through peptide bonds unless otherwise noted. Abbreviations are listed at the end of this specification. In the "SEQ ID NO." column, "NR" means that no sequence listing is required for the given sequence.

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Table 4—IL-1 antagonist peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
	ID NO:
$Z_{11}Z_{12}Z_{13}QZ_{12}YZ_{12}Z_{10}$	212
XXQZ,YZ,XX	907
Z,XQZ _s YZ _s XX	908
$Z_{1}Z_{2}QZ_{3}YZ_{6}Z_{3}Z_{10}$	909
Z,,Z,QZ,YZ,Z,Z,,	910
Z,2,3,2,4,2,5,2,6,2,7,2,8,2,6,2,2,2,2,2,1,2,2,0,2,4,2,2,2,0,L	917
$Z_{21}NZ_{24}Z_{32}Z_{25}Z_{26}Z_{27}Z_{26}Z_{29}Z_{30}Z_{40}$	979
TANVSSFEWTPYYWQPYALPL	213
SWTDYGYWQPYALPISGL	214
ETPFTWEESNAYYWQPYALPL	215
ENTYSPNWADSMYWQPYALPL	216
SVGEDHNFWTSEYWQPYALPL	217
DGYDRWRQSGERYWQPYALPL	218
FEWTPGYWQPY	219
FEWTPGYWQHY	220
FEWTPGWYQJY	221
AcFEWTPGWYQJY	222
FEWTPGWpYQJY	223
FAWTPGYWQJY	224
FEWAPGYWQJY	225
FEWVPGYWQJY	226
FEWTPGYWQJY	227
AcFEWTPGYWQJY	228
FEWTPaWYQJY	229
FEWTPSarWYQJY	230
FEWTPGYYQPY	231
FEWTPGWWQPY	232
FEWTPNYWQPY	233
FEWTPvYWQJY	234
FEWTPecGYWQJY .	235
FEWTPAIbYWQJY	236
FEWTSarGYWQJY	237
FEWTPGYWQPY	238
FEWTPGYWQHY	239
FEWTPGWYQJY	240

AcFEWTPGWYQJY	241
FEWTPGW-pY-QJY	242
FAWTPGYWQJY	243
FEWAPGYWQJY	244
FEWVPGYWQJY	245
FEWTPGYWQJY	246
AcFEWTPGYWQJY	247
FEWTPAWYQJY	248
FEWTPSarWYQJY	249
FEWTPGYYQPY	250
FEWTPGWWQPY	251
FEWTPNYWQPY	252
FEWTPVYWQJY	253
FEWTPecGYWQJY	254
FEWTPAIbYWQJY	255
FEWTSarGYWQJY	256
FEWTPGYWQPYALPL	257
1NapEWTPGYYQJY	258
YEWTPGYYQJY	259
FEWVPGYYQJY	260
FEWTPSYYQJY	261
FEWTPNYYQJY	262
TKPR	263
RKSSK	264
RKQDK	265
NRKQDK	266
RKQDKR	267
ENRKQDKRF	268
VTKFYF	269
VTKFY	270
VTDFY	271
SHLYWQPYSVQ	671
TLVYWQPYSLQT	672
RGDYWQPYSVQS	673
VHVYWQPYSVQT	674
RLVYWQPYSVQT	675
SRVWFQPYSLQS	676
NMVYWQPYSIQT	677
SVVFWQPYSVQT	678
TFVYWQPYALPL	679
TLVYWQPYALPL	680
RLVYWQPYSIQR	681
SPVFWQPYSIQI	682
WIEWWQPYSVQS	683
SLIYWQPYSLQM	684
	685
TRLYWQPYSVQR RCDYWQPYSVQT	686
	687
MRVFWQPYSVQN	688
KIVYWQPYSVQT	689
RHLYWQPYSVQR	1 009

ALVWWQPYSEQI	690
SRVWFQPYSLQS	691
WEQPYALPLE	692
QLVWWQPYSVQR	693
DLRYWQPYSVQV	694
ELVWWQPYSLQL	695
DLVWWQPYSVQW	696
NGNYWQPYSFQV	697
ELVYWQPYSIQR	698
ELMYWQPYSVQE	699
NLLYWQPYSMQD	700
GYEWYQPYSVQR	701
SRVWYQPYSVQR	702
LSEQYQPYSVQR	703
GGGWWQPYSVQR	704
VGRWYQPYSVQR	705
VHVYWQPYSVQR	706
QARWYQPYSVQR	707
VHVYWQPYSVQT	708
RSVYWQPYSVQR	709
TRVWFQPYSVQR	710
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GRVWFQPYSVQR	712
ARTWYQPYSVQR	713
ARVWWQPYSVQM	714
RLMFYQPYSVQR	715
ESMWYQPYSVQR	716
HFGWWQPYSVHM	717
ARFWWQPYSVQR	718
RLVYWQ PYAPIY	719
RLVYWQ PYSYQT	720
RLVYWQ PYSLPI	721
RLVYWQ PYSVQA	722
SRVWYQ PYAKGL	723
SRVWYQ PYAQGL	724
SRVWYQ PYAMPL	725
SRVWYQ PYSVQA	726
SRVWYQ PYSLGL	727
SRVWYQ PYAREL	728
SRVWYQ PYSRQP	729
SRVWYQ PYFVQP	730
EYEWYQ PYALPL	731
IPEYWQ PYALPL	732
SRIWWQ PYALPL	733
DPLFWQ PYALPL	734
SRQWVQ PYALPL	735
IRSWWQ PYALPL	736
RGYWQ PYALPL	737
RLLWVQ PYALPL	738
EYRWFQ PYALPL	739

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DAYWVQ PYALPL	740
WSGYFQ PYALPL	741
NIEFWQ PYALPL	742
TRDWVQ PYALPL	743
DSSWYQ PYALPL	744
IGNWYQ PYALPL	745
NLRWDQ PYALPL	746
LPEFWQ PYALPL	747
DSYWWQ PYALPL	748
RSQYYQ PYALPL	749
ARFWLQ PYALPL	750
NSYFWQ PYALPL	751
RFMYWQPYSVQR	752
AHLFWQPYSVQR	753
WWQPYALPL	754
YYQPYALPL.	755
YFQPYALGL	756
YWYQPYALPL	757
RWWQPYATPL	<i>7</i> 58
GWYQPYALGF	759
YWYQPYALGL	760
IWYQPYAMPL	761
SNMQPYQRLS	762
TFVYWQPY AVGLPAAETACN	763
TFVYWQPY SVQMTITGKVTM	764
TFVYWQPY SSHXXVPXGFPL	765
TFVYWQPY YGNPQWAIHVRH	766
TFVYWQPY VLLELPEGAVRA	767
TFVYWQPY VDYVWPIPIAQV	768
GWYQPYVDGWR	769
RWEQPYVKDGWS	770
EWYQPYALGWAR	771
GWWQPYARGL	772
LFEQPYAKALGL	773
GWEQPYARGLAG	774
AWVQPYATPLDE	775
MWYQPYSSQPAE	776
GWTQPYSQQGEV	777
DWFQPYSIQSDE	778
PWIQPYARGFG	779
RPLYWQPYSVQV	780
TLIYWQPYSVQI	781
RFDYWQPYSDQT	782
WHQFVQPYALPL	783
EWDS VYWQPYSVQ TLLR	784
WEQN VYWQPYSVQ SFAD	785
SDV VYWQPYSVQ SLEM	786
YYDG VYWQPYSVQ VMPA	787
SDIWYQ PYALPL	788
QRIWWQ PYALPL	789
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SRIWWQ PYALPL 790 RSLYWQ PYALPL 791 TIIWEQ PYALPL 792 WETWYQ PYALPL 793 SYDWEQ PYALPL 794 SPIWCQ PYALPL 795 EIMFWQ PYALPL 796 EIMFWQ PYALPL 796 DYVWQQ PYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 799 RQANI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWYRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTIMK WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTIMK WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTIMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 811 FYEWWQ PYALPL 811 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 MYWWEQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 FYEWWQ PYALPL 819 MYWWEQ PYALPL 811 WYWWEQ PYALPL 811 WYWWEQ PYALPL 811 MYWWEQ PYALPL 811 WYWWEQ PYALPL 811 MYWWEQ PYALPL 821 WHAWEQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 WEWWQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 WEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 825 WGWWYQ PYALPL 825 WGWWYQ PYALPL 825 SIWYQ PYALPL 825 SIWYQ PYALPL 825 SIWYX PYALPL 825 SIWYX PYALPL 825 SIWYX PYALPL 825 SIWYX PYALPL 831 UNPYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 WHYYX PYALPL 834 AQLHSQ PYALPL 835 SSLYSQ PYALPL 835 XXWYQ PYALPL 835 XXWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 XXWYYQ PYALPL 837 XXWYYQ PYALPL 838 WANWFQ PYALPL 839 XXWYYQ PYALPL 839		
TIIWEQ PYALPL 792 WETWYQ PYALPL 793 SYDWEQ PYALPL 794 SRIWCQ PYALPL 795 EIMFWQ PYALPL 795 EIMFWQ PYALPL 796 DYVWQQ PYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 798 RQSKVIL WYQPYALPL 799 RQGANI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWYRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 805 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 806 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 806 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 FYEWWQ PYALPL 817 FYEWWQ PYALPL 819 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 VMFWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWVQ PYALPL 821 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 825 VMEWWQ PYALPL 825 VMEWWQ PYALPL 827 VMEWWQ PYALPL 827 VMEWWQ PYALPL 828 STIWYXY PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 831 SDIWYQ PYALPL 832 SDIWYQ PYALPL 832 SDIWYQ PYALPL 833 SDIWYQ PYALPL 833 SDIWYQ PYALPL 833 SDIWYQ PYALPL 833 STIWXX PYALPL 833 STIWXX PYALPL 833 STIWXY PYALPL 833	SRIWWQ PYALPL	790
WETWYQ PYALPL SYDWEQ PYALPL SYDWEQ PYALPL SPIWCO PYALPL SRIWCO PYALPL P95 EMFWQ PYALPL P96 DYVWQQ PYALPL P97 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL P98 GSKVIL WYQPYALPL ROGANI WYQPYALPL SOLERT WYQPYALPL B00 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL S01 SQLERT WYQPYALPL B02 ETWVRE WYQPYALPL B03 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL LOARMN WYQPYALPL B06 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL B07 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL B08 SSTASI WYQPYALPL B09 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL B10 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL B11 EGSREG WYQPYALPL B11 VWYWEQ PYALPL B12 VWYWEQ PYALPL B14 ASEWWQ PYALPL B15 FYEWWQ PYALPL B16 EGWWQ PYALPL B17 WGEWLQ PYALPL B17 WGEWLQ PYALPL B18 DYWWEQ PYALPL B19 AHTWWQ PYALPL B20 ERMWQ PYALPL B11 WGEWLQ PYALPL B12 WYWEQ PYALPL B14 ASEWWQ PYALPL B15 FYEWQ PYALPL B16 EGWWQ PYALPL B17 WGEWLQ PYALPL B19 AHTWQ PYALPL B20 WLAWEQ PYALPL B21 WLAWEQ PYALPL B22 WLAWEQ PYALPL B23 ERMWQ PYALPL B24 WLAWEQ PYALPL B25 WGNWYQ PYALPL B26 STIWYX PYALPL B27 WAWWQ PYALPL B28 ERMWQ PYALPL B29 SRIWXX PYALPL B29 SRIWXX PYALPL B30 SDIWYQ PYALPL B31 WYYXY PYALPL B32 SRIWXX PYALPL B33 WGNWYQ PYALPL B33 WGNWYQ PYALPL B34 ERMWQ PYALPL B35 SDIWYX PYALPL B36 AUHNG PYALPL B37 WANWFQ PYALPL B38 VHPYXX PYALPL B39 SAI WANWFQ PYALPL B37 WANWFQ PYALPL B37 WANWFQ PYALPL B38 WANWFQ PYALPL B37 WANWFQ PYALPL B38	RSLYWQ PYALPL	791
SYDWEQ PYALPL 794 SRIWCQ PYALPL 795 EIMFWQ PYALPL 796 DYVWQQ PYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 798 GSKVIL WYQPYALPL 799 RQARNI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWVRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LOARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 811 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWO PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWO PYALPL 817 WGEWLO PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 WEEWWQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822	TIIWEQ PYALPL	792
SRIWCQ PYALPL 795 EIMFWQ PYALPL 796 DYVWQQ PYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 798 GSKVIL WYQPYALPL 799 RQGANI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWYRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWQQ PYALPL 822	WETWYQ PYALPL	793
EIMFWQ PYALPL 796 DYVWQQ PYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 798 GSKVIL WYQPYALPL 799 RQGANI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWVRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 BSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 FILWFQ PYALPL 827 VMEWQ PYALPL 828 ERMWQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 831 VHPYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 VHPYXX PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 834 VHPYXX PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 834 VHPYXX PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 836	SYDWEQ PYALPL	794
DYVWQQ PYALPL 797 MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 798 GSKVIL WYQPYALPL 799 RQGANI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWYRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 WYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 WMEWQ PYALPL 822 WMEWQ PYALPL 823	SRIWCQ PYALPL	795
MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL 798 GSKVIL WYQPYALPL 799 RQGANI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWYRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEBWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 825 WGWWYQ PYALPL 826	EIMFWQ PYALPL	796
GSKVIL WYQPYALPL 799 RQGANI WYQPYALPL 800 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWYRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LOARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 821 WILAWEQ PYALPL 821 WILAWEQ PYALPL 821 WILAWEQ PYALPL 821 WILAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWOY PYALPL 822 VMEWOY PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 826	DYVWQQ PYALPL	797
RQGANI WYQPYALPL 801 GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWVRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 ERMWQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 829 <t< td=""><td>MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL</td><td>798</td></t<>	MDLLVQ WYQPYALPL	798
GGGDEP WYQPYALPL 801 SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWYRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 830 SD	GSKVIL WYQPYALPL	799
SQLERT WYQPYALPL 802 ETWVRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIW	RQGANI WYQPYALPL	800
ETWVRE WYQPYALPL 803 KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 825 ERMWQ PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXY PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837	GGGDEP WYQPYALPL	801
KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL 804 LQARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSCK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 834 <td>SQLERT WYQPYALPL</td> <td>802</td>	SQLERT WYQPYALPL	802
LQARMN WYQPYALPL 805 EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL	ETWVRE WYQPYALPL	803
EPRSQK WYQPYALPL 806 VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL <td>KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL</td> <td>804</td>	KKGSTQ WYQPYALPL	804
VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL	LQARMN WYQPYALPL	805
VKQKWR WYQPYALPL 807 LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL		806
LRRHDV WYQPYALPL 808 RSTASI WYQPYALPL 809 ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836		807
ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL 810 EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838 <td></td> <td>808</td>		808
ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL EGLTMK WYQPYALPL EGSREG WYQPYALPL VIEWWQ PYALPL VIEWWQ PYALPL S13 VWYWEQ PYALPL ASEWWQ PYALPL S15 FYEWWQ PYALPL S16 EGWWVQ PYALPL S17 WGEWLQ PYALPL S18 DYVWEQ PYALPL S19 AHTWWQ PYALPL S20 FIEWFQ PYALPL S21 WLAWEQ PYALPL WLAWEQ PYALPL S22 VMEWWQ PYALPL S23 ERMWQ PYALPL S24 NXXWXX PYALPL S25 WGNWYQ PYALPL S26 TLYWEQ PYALPL S27 VWRWEQ PYALPL S28 LLWTQ PYALPL S29 SRIWXX PYALPL S29 SRIWXX PYALPL S30 SDIWYQ PYALPL S31 WGYYXX PYALPL S32 TSGWYQ PYALPL S33 VHPYXX PYALPL S34 EHSYFQ PYALPL S35 XXIWYQ PYALPL S36 AQLHSQ PYALPL S37 WANWFQ PYALPL S37	RSTASI WYQPYALPL	809
EGLTMK WYQPYALPL 811 EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	ESKEDQ WYQPYALPL	
EGSREG WYQPYALPL 812 VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838		811
VIEWWQ PYALPL 813 VWYWEQ PYALPL 814 ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838		812
ASEWWQ PYALPL 815 FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 837		813
FYEWWQ PYALPL 816 EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	VWYWEQ PYALPL	814
EGWWVQ PYALPL 817 WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 837	ASEWWQ PYALPL	815
WGEWLQ PYALPL 818 DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	FYEWWQ PYALPL	816
DYVWEQ PYALPL 819 AHTWWQ PYALPL 820 FIEWFQ PYALPL 821 WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	EGWWVQ PYALPL	817
AHTWWQ PYALPL FIEWFQ PYALPL WLAWEQ PYALPL WLAWEQ PYALPL WEWWQ PYALPL ERMWQ	WGEWLQ PYALPL	818
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WLAWEQ PYALPL 822 VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	AHTWWQ PYALPL	820
VMEWWQ PYALPL 823 ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	FIEWFQ PYALPL	821
ERMWQ PYALPL 824 NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	WLAWEQ PYALPL	822
NXXWXX PYALPL 825 WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838		823
WGNWYQ PYALPL 826 TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	ERMWQ PYALPL	824
TLYWEQ PYALPL 827 VWRWEQ PYALPL 828 LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	NXXWXX PYALPL	825
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LLWTQ PYALPL 829 SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838		827
SRIWXX PYALPL 830 SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838		
SDIWYQ PYALPL 831 WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	LLWTQ PYALPL	829
WGYYXX PYALPL 832 TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838		830
TSGWYQ PYALPL 833 VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	SDIWYQ PYALPL	831
VHPYXX PYALPL 834 EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	WGYYXX PYALPL	832
EHSYFQ PYALPL 835 XXIWYQ PYALPL 836 AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	TSGWYQ PYALPL	833
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AQLHSQ PYALPL 837 WANWFQ PYALPL 838	XXIWYQ PYALPL	836
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		838
	SRLYSQ PYALPL	839

GVTFSQ PYALPL	840
SIVWSQ PYALPL	841
SRDLVQ PYALPL	842
HWGH VYWQPYSVQ DDLG	843
SWHS VYWQPYSVQ SVPE	844
WRDS VYWQPYSVQ PESA	845
TWDA VYWQPYSVQ KWLD	846
TPPW VYWQPYSVQ SLDP	847
YWSS VYWQPYSVQ SVHS	848
YWY QPY ALGL	849
YWY QPY ALPL	850
EWI QPY ATGL	851
NWE QPY AKPL	852
AFY QPY ALPL	853
FLY QPY ALPL	854
VCK QPY LEWC	855
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DGYDRWRQSGERYWQPYALPL	860
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MNDQTSEVSTFP YWQPYALPL	863
SWSEAFEQPRNL YWQPYALPL	864
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THDEHI YWQPYALPL	867
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SDAFTTQDSQAM YWQPYALPL	870
GDDAAWRTDSLT YWQPYALPL	871
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ETPLTWEESNAY YWODYALDI	884
EATFTWAESNAY YWOPYALPL	885
EALFTWKESTAY YWQPYALPL	886
STP-TWEESNAY YWQPYALPL	887
ETPFTWEESNAY YWQPYALPL	888
KAPFTWEESQAY YWQPYALPL	889

STSFTWEESNAY YWQPYALPL	890
DSTFTWEESNAY YWQPYALPL	891
YIPFTWEESNAY YWQPYALPL	892
QTAFTWEESNAY YWQPYALPL	893
ETLFTWEESNAT YWQPYALPL	894
VSSFTWEESNAY YWQPYALPL	895
QPYALPL DVO IVAL DI	896
Py-1-NapPYQJYALPL	897 898
TANVSSFEWTPG YWQPYALPL	
FEWTPGYWQPYALPL	899
FEWTPGYWQJYALPL	900
FEWTPGYYQJYALPL	901
ETPFTWEESNAYYWQPYALPL	902
FTWEESNAYYWQJYALPL	903
ADVL YWQPYA PVTLWV	904
GDVAE YWQPYA LPLTSL	905
SWTDYG YWQPYA LPISGL	906
FEWTPGYWQPYALPL	911
FEWTPGYWQJYALPL	912
FEWTPGWYQPYALPL	913
FEWTPGWYQJYALPL	914
FEWTPGYYQPYALPL	915
FEWTPGYYQJYALPL	916
TANVSSFEWTPGYWQPYALPL	918
SWTDYGYWQPYALPISGL	919
ETPFTWEESNAYYWQPYALPL ENTYSPNWADSMYWQPYALPL	920 921
SVGEDHNFWTSEYWQPYALPL	921
DGYDRWRQSGERYWQPYALPL	923
FEWTPGYWQPYALPL	924
FEWTPGYWQPY	925
FEWTPGYWQJY	926
EWTPGYWQPY	927
FEWTPGWYQJY	928
AEWTPGYWQJY	929
FAWTPGYWQJY	930
FEATPGYWQJY	931
FEWAPGYWQJY	932
FEWTAGYWQJY	933
FEWTPAYWQJY	934
FEWTPGAWQJY	935
FEWTPGYAQJY	936
FEWTPGYWQJA	937
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FEWTPGYWQJY	939
FEWTJGYWQJY	940
FEWTPecGYWQJY	941
FEWTPAIDYWQJY	942
FEWTPSarWYQJY	943
FEWTSarGYWQJY	944
I ETT GOLD THOU	

FEWTPNYWQJY	945
FEWTPVYWQJY	946
FEWTVPYWQJY	947
AcFEWTPGWYQJY	948
AcFEWTPGYWQJY	949
INap-EWTPGYYQJY	950
YEWTPGYYQJY	951
FEWVPGYYQJY	952
FEWTPGYYQJY	953
FEWTPsYYQJY	954
FEWTPnYYQJY	955
SHLY-Nap-QPYSVQM	956
TLVY-Nap-QPYSLQT	957
RGDY-Nap-QPYSVQS	958
NMVY-Nap-QPYSIQT	959
VYWQPYSVQ	960
VY-Nap-QPYSVQ	961
TFVYWQJYALPL	962
FEWTPGYYQJ-Bpa	963
XaaFEWTPGYYQJ-Bpa	964
FEWTPGY-Bpa-QJY	965
AcFEWTPGY-Bpa-QJY	966
FEWTPG-Bpa-YQJY	967
AcFEWTPG-Bpa-YQJY	968
AcFE-Bpa-TPGYYQJY	969
AcFE-Bpa-TPGYYQJY	970
Bpa-EWTPGYYQJY	971
AcBpa-EWTPGYYQJY	972
VYWQPYSVQ	973
RLVYWQPYSVQR	974
RLVY-Nap-QPYSVQR	975
RLDYWQPYSVQR	976
RLVWFQPYSVQR	977
RLVYWQPYSIQR	978
DNSSWYDSFLL	980
DNTAWYESFLA	981
DNTAWYENFLL	982
PARE DNTAWYDSFLI WC	983
TSEY DNTTWYEKFLA SQ	984
SQIP DNTAWYQSFLL HG	985
SPFI DNTAWYENFLL TY	986
EQIY DNTAWYDHFLL SY	987
TPFI DNTAWYENFLL TY	988
TYTY DNTAWYERFLM SY	989
TMTQ DNTAWYENFLL SY	990
TI DNTAWYANLVQ TYPQ	991
TI DNTAWYERFLA QYPD	992
HI DNTAWYENFLL TYTP	993
SQ DNTAWYENFLL SYKA	994
QI DNTAWYERFLL QYNA	995

NQ DNTAWYESFLL QYNT	996
TI DNTAWYENFLL NHNL	997
HY DNTAWYERFLQ QGWH	998
ETPFTWEESNAYYWQPYALPL	999
YIPFTWEESNAYYWQPYALPL	1000
DGYDRWRQSGERYWQPYALPL	1001
pY-INap-pY-QJYALPL	1002
TANVSSFEWTPGYWQPYALPL	1003
FEWTPGYWQJYALPL	1004
FEWTPGYWQPYALPLSD	1005
FEWTPGYYQJYALPL	1006
FEWTPGYWQJY	1007
AcFEWTPGYWQJY	1008
AcFEWTPGWYQJY	1009
AcFEWTPGYYQJY	1010
AcFEWTPaYWQJY	1011
AcFEWTPaWYQJY	1012
AcFEWTPaYYQJY	1013
FEWTPGYYQJYALPL	1014
FEWTPGYWQJYALPL	1015
FEWTPGWYQJYALPL	1016
TANVSSFEWTPGYWQPYALPL	1017
AcFEWTPGYWQJY	1018
AcFEWTPGWYQJY	1019
AcFEWTPGYYQJY	1020
AcFEWTPAYWQJY	1021
AcFEWTPAWYQJY	1022
AcFEWTPAYYQJY	1023

Table 5—EPO-mimetic peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ ID NO:
YXCXXGPXTWXCXP	83
YXCXXGPXTWXCXP-YXCXXGPXTWXCXP	84
YXCXXGPXTWXCXP-1/2 - YXCXXGPXTWXCXP	85
YXCXXGPXTWXCXP-Λ-(ε-amine)	86
K βA YXCXXGPXTWXCXP-Λ- (α-amine)	86
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG	87
GGDYHCRMGPLTWVCKPLGG	88
GGVYACRMGPITWVCSPLGG	89
VGNYMCHFGPITWVCRPGGG	90
GGLYLCRFGPVTWDCGYKGG	91
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG- GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG	92
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG -A- GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG	93
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSSK	94
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSSK- GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSSK	95
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSSK-A- GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSSK	96
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSS (ε-amine)	97
βΑ GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSS (α-amine)	97
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGGSSK(-A-biotin)	98
CX,X,GPX,TWX,C	421
GGTYSCHGPLTWVCKPQGG	422
VGNYMAHMGPITWVCRPGG	423
GGPHHVYACRMGPLTWIC	424
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQ	. 425
GGLYACHMGPMTWVCQPLRG	426
TIAQYICYMGPETWECRPSPKA	427
YSCHFGPLTWVCK	428
YCHFGPLTWVC	429
X ₂ X ₄ X ₃ GPX ₆ TWX ₇ X ₆	124
YX,X,X,X,GPX,TWX,X,	461

X,YX,X,X,GPX,TWX,X,X,X,X,,X,,	419
X,YX,CX,X,GPX,TWX,CX,X,,X,,	420
GGLYLCRFGPVTWDCGYKGG	1024
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG	1025
GGDYHCRMGPLTWVCKPLGG	1026
VGNYMCHFGPITWVCRPGGG	1029
GGVYACRMGPITWVCSPLGG	1030
VGNYMAHMGPITWVCRPGG	1035
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQ	1036
GGLYACHMGPMTWVCQPLRG	1037
TIAQYICYMGPETWECRPSPKA	1038
YSCHFGPLTWVCK	1039
YCHFGPLTWVC	1040
SCHFGPLTWVCK	1041
(AX.) X.X.X.GPX.TWX.X.	1042

Table 6—TPO-mimetic peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
-	ID NO:
IEGPTLRQWLAARA	13
IEGPTLRQWLAAKA	24
IEGPTLREWLAARA	25
IEGPTLRQWLAARA-A-IEGPTLRQWLAARA	26
IEGPTLRQWLAAKA-A-IEGPTLRQWLAAKA	27
IEGPTLRQCLAARA-A-IEGPTLRQCLAARA	28
IEGPTLRQWLAARA-A-K(BrAc)-A-IEGPTLRQWLAARA	29
IEGPTLRQWLAARA-Λ-Κ(PEG)-Λ-IEGPTLRQWLAARA	30
IEGPTLRQCLAARA-Λ-IEGPTLRQWLAARA	31
IEGPTLRQCLAARA-A-IEGPTLRQWLAARA	31
IEGPTLRQWLAARA-A-IEGPTLRQCLAARA	32
IEGPTLRQWLAARA-A-IEGPTLRQCLAARA	32
VRDQIXXXL	33
TLREWL	34
GRVRDQVAGW	35
GRVKDQIAQL	36
GVRDQVSWAL	37
ESVREQVMKY	38
SVRSQISASL	39
GVRETVYRHM	40
GVREVIVMHML	41
GRVRDQIWAAL	42
AGVRDQILIWL	43
GRVRDQIMLSL	44
GRVRDQI(X),L	45
CTLRQWLQGC	46
CTLQEFLEGC	47
CTRTEWLHGC	48
CTLREWLHGGFC	49
CTLREWVFAGLC	50
CTLRQWLILLGMC	51
CTLAEFLASGVEQC	52
CSLQEFLSHGGYVC	53
CTLREFLDPTTAVC	54
CTLKEWLVSHEVWC	55
CTLREWL(X) ₂₄ C	56-60
REGPTLRQWM	61
EGPTLRQWLA	62
ERGPFWAKAC	63
REGPRCVMWM	64
CGTEGPTLSTWLDC	65

CEQDGPTLLEWLKC	66
CELVGPSLMSWLTC	67
CLTGPFVTQWLYEC	68
CRAGPTLLEWLTLC	69
CADGPTLREWISFC	70
C(X), EGPTLREWL(X), C	71-74
GGCTLREWLHGGFCGG	75
GGCADGPTLREWISFCGG	76
GNADGPTLRQWLEGRRPKN	77
LAIEGPTLRQWLHGNGRDT	78
HGRVGPTLREWKTQVATKK	79
TIKGPTLRQWLKSREHTS	80
ISDGPTLKEWLSVTRGAS	81
SIEGPTI REWI TSRTPHS	82

Table 7—G-CSF-mimetic peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
•	ID NO:
EEDCK	99
EEDCK	99
EEDCK	99
EEDσK	100
EEDøK	100
EEDσK	100
pGiuEDσK	101
pGluEDσK	101
pGluEDσK	101
PicSDoK	102
PicSDoK	102
PicSDoK	102
EEDCK-A-EEDCK	103
EEDXK-A-EEDXK	104

Table 8—TNF-antagonist peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
	ID NO:
YCFTASENHCY	106
YCFTNSENHCY	107
YCFTRSENHCY	108
FCASENHCY	109
YCASENHCY	110
FCNSENHCY	111
FCNSENRCY	112
FCNSVENRCY	113
YCSQSVSNDCF	114
FCVSNDRCY	115
YCRKELGQVCY	116
YCKEPGQCY	117
YCRKEMGCY	118
FCRKEMGCY	119
YCWSQNLCY	120
YCELSQYLCY	121
YCWSQNYCY	122
YCWSQYLCY	123
DFLPHYKNTSLGHRP	1085
AA,-AB,	NR
\	
AC	
100 00 /	
AA,-AB,	

Table 9—Integrin-binding peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
•	ID NO:
RX,ETX,WX,	441
RX,ETX,WX,	442
RGDGX	443
CRGDGXC	444
CX,X,RLDX,X,C	445
CARRLDAPC	446
CPSRLDSPC	447
X,X,X,RGDX,X,X,	448
CX,CRGDCX,C	449
CDCRGDCFC	450
CDCRGDCLC	451
CLCRGDCIC	452
$X_1X_2DDX_4X_5X_7X_8$	453
X,X,X,DDX,X,X,X,X,	454
CWDDGWLC	455
CWDDLWWLC	456
CWDDGLMC	457
CWDDGWMC	458
CSWDDGWLC	459
CPDDLWWLC	460
NGR	NR
GSL	NR
RGD	NR
CGRECPRLCQSSC	1071
CNGRCVSGCAGRC	1072
CLSGSLSC	1073
RGD	NR
NGR	NR
GSL	NR
NGRAHA	1074
CNGRC	1075
CDCRGDCFC	1076
CGSLVRC	1077
DLXXL	1043
RTDLDSLRTYTL	1044
RTDLDSLRTY	1053
RTDLDSLRT	1054
RTDLDSLR	1078
GDLDLLKLRLTL	1079
GDLHSLRQLLSR	1080
RDDLHMLRLQLW	1081
SSDLHALKKRYG	1082
RGDLKQLSELTW	1083
RGDLAALSAPPV	1084

Table 10—Selectin antagonist peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
-	ID NO:
DITWDQLWDLMK	147
DITWDELWKIMN	148
DYTWFELWDMMQ	149
QITWAQLWNMMK	150
DMTWHDLWTLMS	151
DYSWHDLWEMMS	152
EITWDQLWEVMN	153
HVSWEQLWDIMN	154
HITWDQLWRIMT	155
RNMSWLELWEHMK	156
AEWTWDQLWHVMNPAESQ	157
HRAEWLALWEQMSP	158
KKEDWLALWRIMSV	159
ITWDQLWDLMK	160
DITWDQLWDLMK	161
DITWDQLWDLMK	162
DITWDQLWDLMK	163
CQNRYTDLVAIQNKNE	462
AENWADNEPNNKRNNED	463
RKNNKTWTWVGTKKALTNE	464
KKALTNEAENWAD	465
CQXRYTDLVAIQNKXE	466
RKXNXXWTWVGTXKXLTEE	467
AENWADGEPNNKXNXED	468
CXXXYTXLVAIQNKXE	469
RKXXXXWXWVGTXKXLTXE	470
AXNWXXXEPNNXXXED	471
XKXKTXEAXNWXX	472

Table 11—Antipathogenic peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
	ID NO:
GFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAVGSALSSSGGQQ	503
GFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAVGSALSSSGGQE	504
GFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAV	505
GFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAV	506
KGFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAV	507
KKGFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAV	508
KKGFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAV	509
GFFALIPKIIS	510
GIGAVLKVLTTGLPALISWIKRKRQQ	511
GIGAVLKVLTTGLPALISWIKRKRQQ	512
GIGAVLKVLTTGLPALISWIKRKRQQ	513
GIGAVLKVLTTGLPALISWIKR	514
AVLKVLTTGLPALISWIKR	515
KLLLLKLLLK	516
KLLLKLLKLLK	517
KLLLKLKLKLK	518
KKLLKLKLKK	519
KLLLKLILKLLK	520
KLLLKLKLKLK	521
KLLLLK	522
KLLLKLLK	523
KLLLKLKLKLK	524
KLLLKLKLKLK	525
KLLLKLKLKLK	526
KAAAKAAAKAAK	527
KVVVKVVVKVVK	528
KVVVKVKVKVVK	529
KVVVKVKVKVK	530
KVVVKVKVKVKV	531
KLILKL	532
KVLHLL	533
LKLRLL	534
KPLHLL	535
KLILKLVR	536
KVFHLLHL	537
HKFRILKL	538
KPFHILHL	539
KIIIKIKIKI	540
KIIIKIKIKIK	541
KIIIKIKIKIK	542
KIPIKIKIKIPK	543
KIPIKIKIVK	544
RIJIRIRIRIR	545
RIIIRIRIIR	546
RIIIRIRIRIR	547
RIVIRIRIRLIR	548

RIIVRIRLRIIR	549
RIGIRLRVRIIR	550
KIVIRIRIRLIR	551
RIAVKWRLRFIK	552
KIGWKLRVRIIR	553
KKIGWLIRVRR	554
RIVIRIRIRIRIR	555
The state of the s	556
RIIVRIRLRIIRVR RIGIRLRVRIIRRV	557
KIVIRIRARLIRIRIR	558
RIIVKIRLRIIKKIRL	559
KIGIKARVRIIRVKII	560
	561
RIIVHIRLRIIHHIRL	562
HIGIKAHVRIIRVHII	563
RIYVKIHLRYIKKIRL	
KIGHKARVHIIRYKII	564
RIYVKPHPRYIKKIRL	565
KPGHKARPHIIRYKII	566
KIVIRIRIRIRIRIRKIV	567
RIIVKIRLRIIKKIRLIKK	568
KIGWKLRVRIIRVKIGRLR	569
KIVIRIRIRIRIRIRKIVKVKRIR	570
RFAVKIRLRIIKKIRLIKKIRKRVIK KAGWKLRVRIIRVKIGRLRKIGWKKRVRIK	571 572
RIYVKPHPRYIKKIRL	573
KPGHKARPHIIRYKII	574 575
KIVIRIRIRIRIRIRKIV	576
RIIVKIRLRIIKKIRLIKK	
RIYVSKISIYIKKIRL	577
KIVIFTRIRLTSIRIRSIV	578 579
KPIHKARPTIIRYKMI	580
cyclicCKGFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAVC	581
CKKGFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAVC	
CKKKGFFALIPKIISSPLFKTLLSAVC	582 583
CyclicCRIVIRIRIRLIRIRC	583
CyclicCKPGHKARPHIRYKIIC	585
CyclicCRFAVKIRLRIIKKIRLIKKIRKRVIKC	
KLLLKLL KLLKC	586 587
KLLLKLLKK	36/
KLLLKLKLKC	588
KLLLKLLK	589

Table 12—VIP-mimetic peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ ID NO:
HSDAVFYDNYTR LRKQMAVKKYLN SILN	590
NIe HSDAVFYDNYTR LRKQMAVKKYLN SILN	591
X, X, X, X, X,	592
X, S X, LN	593
NH CH CO KKYX5 NH CH CO X6	594
	374
KKYL	595
NSILN	596
KKYL	597
KKYA	598
AVKKYL	599
NSILN	600
KKYV	601
SILauN	602
KKYLNIe	603
NSYLN	604
NSIYN	605
KKYLPPNSILN	606
LauKKYL	607
CapKKYL	608
KYL	NR
KKYNle	609
VKKYL	610
LNSILN	611
YLNSILN	612
KKYLN	613
KKYLNS	614
KKYLNSI	615
KKYLNSIL	616
KKYL	617
KKYDA	618
AVKKYĽ	619
NSILN	620
KKYV	621
SILauN	622
NSYLN	
NSIYN	624 625
KKYLNIe	626
KKYLPPNSILN	627
KKYL	628
KKYDA	629
AVKKYL	630
NSILN	631
KKYV	632
SILauN	032

LauKKYL	633
CapKKYL	634
KYL	NR
KYL	NR
KKYNle	635
VKKYL	636
LNSILN	637
YLNSILN	638
KKYLNIe	639
KKYLN	640
KKYLNS	641
KKYLNSI	642
KKYLNSIL	643
KKKYLD	644
cyclicCKKYLC	645
CKKYLK	646
S-CH ₂ -CO	
KKYA	647
WWTDTGLW	648
WWTDDGLW	649
WWDTRGLWVWTI	650
FWGNDGIWLESG	651
DWDQFGLWRGAA	652
RWDDNGLWVVVL	653
SGMWSHYGIWMG	654
GGRWDQAGLWVA	655
KLWSEQGIWMGE	656
CWSMHGLWLC	657
GCWDNTGIWVPC	658
DWDTRGLWVY	659
SLWDENGAWI	660
KWDDRGLWMH	661
QAWNERGLWT	662
QWDTRGLWVA	663
WNVHGIWQE	664
SWDTRGLWVE	665
DWDTRGLWVA	666
SWGRDGLWIE	667
EWTDNGLWAL	668
SWDEKGLWSA	669
SWDSSGLWMD	670

Table 13—Mdm/hdm antagonist peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
•	ID NO:
TFSDLW	130
QETFSDLWKLLP	131
QPTFSDLWKLLP	132
QETFSDYWKLLP	133
QPTFSDYWKLLP	134
MPRFMDYWEGLN	135
VQNFIDYWTQQF	136
TGPAFTHYWATF	137
IDRAPTFRDHWFALV	138
PRPALVFADYWETLY	139
PAFSRFWSDLSAGAH	140
PAFSRFWSKLSAGAH	141
PXFXDYWXXL	142
QETFSDLWKLLP	143
QPTFSDLWKLLP	144
QETFSDYWKLLP	145
QPTFSDYWKLLP	146

Table 14—Calmodulin antagonist peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ ID NO:
SCVKWGKKEFCGS	164
SCWKYWGKECGS	165
SCYEWGKLRWCGS	166
SCLRWGKWSNCGS	167
SCWRWGKYQICGS	168
SCVSWGALKLCGS	169
SCIRWGQNTFCGS	170
SCWQWGNLKICGS	171
SCVRWGQLSICGS	172
LKKFNARRKLKGAILTTMLAK	173
RRWKKNFIAVSAANRFKK	174
RKWQKTGHAVRAIGRLSS	175
INLKALAALAKKIL	176
KIWSILAPLGTTLVKLVA	177
LKKLLKLLKKL	178
LKWKKLLKLLKKLL	179
AEWPSLTEIKTLSHFSV	180
AEWPSPTRVISTTYFGS	181
AELAHWPPVKTVLRSFT	182
AEGSWLQLLNLMKQMNN	183
AEWPSLTEIK	184

Table 15—Mast cell antagonists/Mast cell protease inhibitor peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
•	ID NO:
SGSGVLKRPLPILPVTR	272
RWLSSRPLPPLPLPPRT	273
GSGSYDTLALPSLPLHPMSS	274
GSGSYDTRALPSLPLHPMSS	275
GSGSSGVTMYPKLPPHWSMA	276
GSGSSGVRMYPKLPPHWSMA	277
GSGSSSMRMVPTIPGSAKHG	278
RNR	NR
QT	NR
RQK	NR
NRQ	NR
RQK	NR
RNRQKT	436
RNRQ	437
RNRQK	438
NRQKT	439
RQKT	440

Table 16—SH3 antagonist peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
_	ID NO:
RPLPPLP	282
RELPPLP	283
SPLPPLP	284
GPLPPLP	285
RPLPIPP	286
RPLPIPP	287
RRLPPTP	288
RQLPPTP	289
RPLPSRP	290
RPLPTRP	291
SRLPPLP	292
RALPSPP	293
RRLPRTP	294
RPVPPIT	295
ILAPPVP	296
RPLPMLP	297
RPLPILP	298
RPLPSLP	299
RPLPSLP	300
RPLPMIP	301
RPLPLIP	302
RPLPPTP	303
RSLPPLP	304
RPQPPPP	305
RQLPIPP	306
XXXRPLPPLPXP	307
XXXRPLPPIPXX	308
XXXRPLPPLPXX	309
RXXRPLPPLPXP	310
RXXRPLPPLPPP	311
PPPYPPPIPXX	312
PPPYPPPVPXX	313
LXXRPLPXYP	314
ΨXXRPLPXLP	315
РРХӨХРРРЧР	316
+PPYPXKPXWL	317
RPXYPYR+SXP	318
PPVPPRPXXTL	319
ΨΡΨΙΡΨΚ	320
+@DXPLPXLP	321

Table 17—Somatostatin or cortistatin mimetic peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ ID NO:
M W A DI DI T- Lua Tha Dha V ³ Cas V ⁴	473
X¹-X²-Asn-Phe-Phe-Trp-Lys-Thr-Phe-X³-Ser-X⁴	474
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys	
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys	475
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys	476
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys	477
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys	478
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys	479
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys	480
Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys	481
Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys	482
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys	483
Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys	484
Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys	485
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys	486
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys	487
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys	488
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys	489
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys	490
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys	491
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys	492
Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys	493
Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys	494
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys	495
Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys	496
Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys	497

Table 18—UKR antagonist peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
	ID NO:
AEPMPHSLNFSQYLWYT	196
AEHTYSSLWDTYSPLAF	197
AELDLWMRHYPLSFSNR	198
AESSLWTRYAWPSMPSY	199
AEWHPGLSFGSYLWSKT	200
AEPALLNWSFFFNPGLH	201
AEWSFYNLHLPEPQTIF	202
AEPLDLWSLYSLPPLAM	203
AEPTLWQLYQFPLRLSG	204
AEISFSELMWLRSTPAF	205
AELSEADLWTTWFGMGS	206
AESSLWRIFSPSALMMS	207
AESLPTLTSILWGKESV	208
AETLFMDLWHDKHILLT	209
AEILNFPLWHEPLWSTE	210
AESQTGTLNTLFWNTLR	211
AEPVYQYELDSYLRSYY	430
AELDLSTFYDIQYLLRT	431
AEFFKLGPNGYVYLHSA	432
FKLXXXGYVYL	433
AESTYHHLSLGYMYTLN	434
YHXLXXGYMYT	435

Table 19—Macrophage and/or
T-cell inhibiting peptide sequences

Sequence/structure	SEQ
	ID NO:
Xaa-Yaa-Arg	NR .
Arg-Yaa-Xaa	NR
Xaa-Arg-Yaa	NR
Yaa-Arg-Xaa	NR
Ala-Arg	NR
Arg-Arg	NR
Asn-Arg	NR
Asp-Arg	NR
Cys-Arg	NR
Gin-Arg	NR
Glu-Arg	NR
Gly-Arg	NR
His-arg	NR
lle-Arg	NR
Leu-Arg	NR
Lys-Arg	NR
Met-Arg	NR
Phe-Arg	NR
Ser-Arg	NR
Thr-Arg	NR
Trp-Arg	NR
Tyr-Arg	NR
Val-Arg	NR
Ala-Glu-Arg	NR
Arg-Glu-Arg	NR
Asn-Glu-Arg	NR
Asp-Glu-Arg	NR
Cys-Glu-Arg	NR
Gln-Glu-Arg	NR
Glu-Glu-Arg	NR
Gly-Glu-Arg	NR
His-Glu-Arg	NR
lle-Glu-Arg	NR
Leu-Glu-Arg	NR
Lys-Glu-Arg	NR
Met-Glu-Arg	NR
Phe-Glu-Arg	NR
Pro-Glu-Arg	NR
Ser-Glu-Arg	- NR
Thr-Glu-Arg	NR
Trp-Glu-Arg	NR
Tyr-Glu-Arg	NR
Val-Glu-Arg	NR

Arg-Ala	NR
Arg-Asp	NR
Arg-Cys	NR
Arg-Gln	NR
Arg-Glu	NR
Arg-Gly	NR
Arg-His	NR
Arg-Ile	NR
Arg-Leu	NR
Arg-Lys	NR
Arg-Met	NR
Arg-Phe	NR
Arg-Pro	NR
Arg-Ser	NR
Arg-Thr	NR
Arg-Trp	NR
Arg-Tyr	NR
Arg-Val	NR
Arg-Glu-Ala	NR
Arg-Glu-Asn	NR
Arg-Glu-Asp	NR
Arg-Glu-Cys	NR
Arg-Glu-Gln	NR
Arg-Glu-Glu	NR
Arg-Glu-Gly	NR
Arg-Glu-His	NR
Arg-Glu-lle	NR
Arg-Glu-Leu	NR
Arg-Glu-Lys	NR
Arg-Glu-Met	NR
Arg-Glu-Phe	NR
Arg-Glu-Pro	NR
Arg-Glu-Ser	NR
Arg-Glu-Thr	NR
Arg-Glu-Trp	NR
Arg-Glu-Tyr	NR
Arg-Glu-Val	NR
Ala-Arg-Glu	NR
Arg-Arg-Glu	NR
Asn-Arg-Glu	NR
Asp-Arg-Glu	NR
Cys-Arg-Glu	NR
Gin-Arg-Giu	NR
Glu-Arg-Glu	NR
Gly-Arg-Glu	NR
His-Arg-Glu	- NR
Ile-Arg-Glu	NR
Leu-Arg-Glu	NR
Lys-Arg-Glu	NR
Met-Arg-Glu	NR

Phe-Arg-Glu	NR
Pro-Arg-Glu	NR
Ser-Arg-Glu	NR
Thr-Arg-Glu	NR
Trp-Arg-Glu	NR
Tyr-Arg-Glu	NR
Val-Arg-Glu	· NR
Glu-Arg-Ala,	NR
Glu-Arg-Arg	NR
Glu-Arg-Asn	NR
Glu-Arg-Asp	NR
Glu-Arg-Cys	NR
Glu-Arg-Gln	NR
Glu-Arg-Gly	NR
Glu-Arg-His	NR
Glu-Arg-lie	NR
Glu-Arg-Leu	NR
Glu-Arg-Lys	NR
Glu-Arg-Met	NR
Glu-Arg-Phe	NR
Glu-Arg-Pro	NR
Glu-Arg-Ser	NR
Glu-Arg-Thr	NR
Glu-Arg-Trp	NR
Glu-Arg-Tyr	NR NR
Glu-Arg-Val	NR

Table 20—Additional Exemplary Pharmacologically Active Peptides

Sequence/structure	SEQ ID	Activity
	NO:	
VEPNCDIHVMWEWECFERL		VEGF-antagonist
	1027	•
GERWCFDGPLTWVCGEES	1084	VEGF-antagonist
RGWVEICVADDNGMCVTEAQ	1085	VEGF-antagonist
GWDECDVARMWEWECFAGV	1086	VEGF- antagonist
GERWCFDGPRAWVCGWEI	501	VEGF- antagonist
EELWCFDGPRAWVCGYVK	502	VEGF- antagonist
RGWVEICAADDYGRCLTEAQ	1031	VEGF- antagonist
RGWVEICESDVWGRCL	1087	VEGF- antagonist
RGWVEICESDVWGRCL	1088	VEGF- antagonist
GGNECDIARMWEWECFERL	1089	VEGF- antagonist
RGWVEICAADDYGRCL	1090	VEGF-antagonist
CTTHWGFTLC	1028	MMP inhibitor
CLRSGXGC	1091	MMP inhibitor
CXXHWGFXXC	1092	MMP inhibitor
CXPXC	1093	MMP inhibitor
CRRHWGFEFC	1094	MMP inhibitor
STTHWGFTLS	1095	MMP inhibitor
CSLHWGFWWC	1096	CTLA4-mimetic
GFVCSGIFAVGVGRC	125	CTLA4-mimetic
APGVRLGCAVLGRYC	126	CTLA4-mimetic
LLGRMK	105	Antiviral (HBV)
ICVVQDWGHHRCTAGHMANLTSHASAI	127	C3b antagonist
ICVVQDWGHHRCT	128	C3b antagonist
CVVQDWGHHAC	129	C3b antagonist
STGGFDDVYDWARGVSSALTTTLVATR	185	Vinculin-binding
STGGFDDVYDWARRVSSALTTTLVATR	186	Vinculin-binding
SRGVNFSEWLYDMSAAMKEASNVFPSRRSR	187	Vinculin-binding
SSQNWDMEAGVEDLTAAMLGLLSTIHSSSR	188	Vinculin-binding
SSPSLYTQFLVNYESAATRIQDLLIASRPSR	189	Vinculin-binding
SSTGWVDLLGALQRAADATRTSIPPSLQNSR	190	Vinculin-binding
DVYTKKELIECARRVSEK	191	Vinculin-binding
EKGSYYPGSGIAQFHIDYNNVS	192	C4BP-binding
SGIAQFHIDYNNVSSAEGWHVN	193	C4BP-binding
LVTVEKGSYYPGSGIAQFHIDYNNVSSAEGWHVN	194	C4BP-binding
SGIAQFHIDYNNVS	195	C4BP-binding
LLGRMK	279	anti-HBV
ALLGRMKG	280	anti-HBV
LDPAFR	281	anti-HBV
CXXRGDC	322	Inhibition of platelet
		aggregation
RPLPPLP	323	Src antagonist
PPVPPR	324	Src antagonist
XFXDXWXXLXX	325	Anti-cancer
		(particularly for

		sarcomas)
KACRRLFGPVDSEQLSRDCD	326	p16-mimetic
RERWNFDFVTETPLEGDFAW	327	p16-mimetic
KRRQTSMTDFYHSKRRLIFS	328	p16-mimetic
TSMTDFYHSKRRLIFSKRKP	329	p16-mimetic
RRLIF	330	p16-mimetic
KRRQTSATDFYHSKRRLIFSRQIKIWFQNRRMKWKK	331	p16-mimetic
KRRLIFSKRQIKIWFQNRRMKWKK	332	p16-mimetic
Asn Gin Gly Arg His Phe Cys Gly Gly Ala Leu Ile His Ala	498	CAP37 mimetic/LPS
Arg Phe Val Met Thr Ala Ala Ser Cys Phe Gin		binding
Arg His Phe Cys Gly Gly Ala Leu Ile His Ala Arg Phe Val	499	CAP37 mimetic/LPS
Met Thr Ala Ala Ser Cys		binding
Gly Thr Arg Cys Gln Val Ala Gly Trp Gly Ser Gln Arg Ser	500	CAP37 mimetic/LPS
Gly Gly Arg Leu Ser Arg Phe Pro Arg Phe Val Asn Val		binding
	120=	1 1 1 1 (00)
WHWRHRIPLQLAAGR	1097	carbohydrate (GD1
		alpha) mimetic
LKTPRV	1098	β2GPI Ab binding
NTLKTPRV	1099	β2GPI Ab binding
NTLKTPRVGGC	1100	β2GPI Ab binding
KDKATF	1101	β2GPI Ab binding
KDKATFGCHD	1102	β2GPI Ab binding
KDKATFGCHDGC	1103	β2GPI Ab binding
TLRVYK	1104	β2GPI Ab binding
ATLRVYKGG	1105	β2GPI Ab binding
CATLRVYKGG	1106	β2GPI Ab binding
INLKALAALAKKIL	1107	Membrane-
11 Table to take or take 11 31 Miles		transporting
GWT	NR	Membrane-
		transporting
GWTLNSAGYLLG	1108	Membrane-
		transporting
GWTLNSAGYLLGKINLKALAALAKKIL	1109	Membrane-
		transporting

The present invention is also particularly useful with peptides having activity in treatment of:

 cancer, wherein the peptide is a VEGF-mimetic or a VEGF receptor antagonist, a HER2 agonist or antagonist, a CD20 antagonist and the like;

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- asthma, wherein the protein of interest is a CKR3 antagonist, an IL-5 receptor antagonist, and the like;
- thrombosis, wherein the protein of interest is a GPIIb antagonist, a GPIIIa antagonist, and the like;

 autoimmune diseases and other conditions involving immune modulation, wherein the protein of interest is an IL-2 receptor antagonist, a CD40 agonist or antagonist, a CD40L agonist or antagonist, a thymopoietin mimetic and the like.

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<u>Vehicles</u>. This invention requires the presence of at least one vehicle (F¹, F²) attached to a peptide through the N-terminus, C-terminus or a sidechain of one of the amino acid residues. Multiple vehicles may also be used; e.g., Fc's at each terminus or an Fc at a terminus and a PEG group at the other terminus or a sidechain.

An Fc domain is the preferred vehicle. The Fc domain may be fused to the N or C termini of the peptides or at both the N and C termini. For the TPO-mimetic peptides, molecules having the Fc domain fused to the N terminus of the peptide portion of the molecule are more bioactive than other such fusions, so fusion to the N terminus is preferred.

As noted above, Fc variants are suitable vehicles within the scope of this invention. A native Fc may be extensively modified to form an Fc variant in accordance with this invention, provided binding to the salvage receptor is maintained; see, for example WO 97/34631 and WO 96/32478. In such Fc variants, one may remove one or more sites of a native Fc that provide structural features or functional activity not required by the fusion molecules of this invention. One may remove these sites by, for example, substituting or deleting residues, inserting residues into the site, or truncating portions containing the site. The inserted or substituted residues may also be altered amino acids, such as peptidomimetics or D-amino acids. Fc variants may be desirable for a number of reasons, several of which are described below. Exemplary Fc variants include molecules and sequences in which:

 Sites involved in disulfide bond formation are removed. Such removal may avoid reaction with other cysteine-containing proteins present in

the host cell used to produce the molecules of the invention. For this purpose, the cysteine-containing segment at the N-terminus may be truncated or cysteine residues may be deleted or substituted with other amino acids (e.g., alanyl, seryl). In particular, one may truncate the N-terminal 20-amino acid segment of SEQ ID NO: 2 or delete or substitute the cysteine residues at positions 7 and 10 of SEQ ID NO: 2. Even when cysteine residues are removed, the single chain Fc domains can still form a dimeric Fc domain that is held together non-covalently.

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- 2. A native Fc is modified to make it more compatible with a selected host cell. For example, one may remove the PA sequence near the N-terminus of a typical native Fc, which may be recognized by a digestive enzyme in <u>E. coli</u> such as proline iminopeptidase. One may also add an N-terminal methionine residue, especially when the molecule is expressed recombinantly in a bacterial cell such as <u>E. coli</u>. The Fc domain of SEQ ID NO: 2 (Figure 4) is one such Fc variant.
 - 3. A portion of the N-terminus of a native Fc is removed to prevent N-terminal heterogeneity when expressed in a selected host cell. For this purpose, one may delete any of the first 20 amino acid residues at the N-terminus, particularly those at positions 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.
- 4. One or more glycosylation sites are removed. Residues that are typically glycosylated (e.g., asparagine) may confer cytolytic response. Such residues may be deleted or substituted with unglycosylated residues (e.g., alanine).
- 5. Sites involved in interaction with complement, such as the C1q binding site, are removed. For example, one may delete or substitute the EKK sequence of human IgG1. Complement recruitment may not be advantageous for the molecules of this invention and so may be avoided with such an Fc variant.

6. Sites are removed that affect binding to Fc receptors other than a salvage receptor. A native Fc may have sites for interaction with certain white blood cells that are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention and so may be removed.

- 7. The ADCC site is removed. ADCC sites are known in the art; see, for example, Molec. Immunol. 29 (5): 633-9 (1992) with regard to ADCC sites in IgG1. These sites, as well, are not required for the fusion molecules of the present invention and so may be removed.
- 8. When the native Fc is derived from a non-human antibody, the native Fc may be humanized. Typically, to humanize a native Fc, one will substitute selected residues in the non-human native Fc with residues that are normally found in human native Fc. Techniques for antibody humanization are well known in the art.

Preferred Fc variants include the following. In SEQ ID NO: 2

(Figure 4) the leucine at position 15 may be substituted with glutamate; the glutamate at position 99, with alanine; and the lysines at positions 101 and 103, with alanines. In addition, one or more tyrosine residues can be replaced by phenyalanine residues.

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An alternative vehicle would be a protein, polypeptide, peptide, antibody, antibody fragment, , or small molecule (e.g., a peptidomimetic compound) capable of binding to a salvage receptor. For example, one could use as a vehicle a polypeptide as described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,739,277, issued April 14, 1998 to Presta et al. Peptides could also be selected by phage display for binding to the FcRn salvage receptor. Such salvage receptor-binding compounds are also included within the meaning of "vehicle" and are within the scope of this invention. Such vehicles should be selected for increased half-life (e.g., by avoiding sequences recognized by proteases) and decreased immunogenicity (e.g., by favoring non-immunogenic sequences, as discovered in antibody humanization).

As noted above, polymer vehicles may also be used for F¹ and F². Various means for attaching chemical moieties useful as vehicles are currently available, see, e.g., Patent Cooperation Treaty ("PCT") International Publication No. WO 96/11953, entitled "N-Terminally Chemically Modified Protein Compositions and Methods," herein incorporated by reference in its entirety. This PCT publication discloses, among other things, the selective attachment of water soluble polymers to the N-terminus of proteins.

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A preferred polymer vehicle is polyethylene glycol (PEG). The PEG group may be of any convenient molecular weight and may be linear or branched. The average molecular weight of the PEG will preferably range from about 2 kiloDalton ("kD") to about 100 kDa, more preferably from about 5 kDa to about 50 kDa, most preferably from about 5 kDa to about 10 kDa. The PEG groups will generally be attached to the compounds of the invention via acylation or reductive alkylation through a reactive group on the PEG moiety (e.g., an aldehyde, amino, thiol, or ester group) to a reactive group on the inventive compound (e.g., an aldehyde, amino, or ester group).

A useful strategy for the PEGylation of synthetic peptides consists of combining, through forming a conjugate linkage in solution, a peptide and a PEG moiety, each bearing a special functionality that is mutually reactive toward the other. The peptides can be easily prepared with conventional solid phase synthesis (see, for example, Figures 5 and 6 and the accompanying text herein). The peptides are "preactivated" with an appropriate functional group at a specific site. The precursors are purified and fully characterized prior to reacting with the PEG moiety. Ligation of the peptide with PEG usually takes place in aqueous phase and can be easily monitored by reverse phase analytical HPLC. The PEGylated peptides can be easily purified by preparative HPLC and characterized by

analytical HPLC, amino acid analysis and laser desorption mass spectrometry.

Polysaccharide polymers are another type of water soluble polymer which may be used for protein modification. Dextrans are polysaccharide polymers comprised of individual subunits of glucose predominantly linked by $\alpha 1$ -6 linkages. The dextran itself is available in many molecular weight ranges, and is readily available in molecular weights from about 1 kD to about 70 kD. Dextran is a suitable water soluble polymer for use in the present invention as a vehicle by itself or in combination with another vehicle (e.g., Fc). See, for example, WO 96/11953 and WO 96/05309. The use of dextran conjugated to therapeutic or diagnostic immunoglobulins has been reported; see, for example, European Patent Publication No. 0 315 456, which is hereby incorporated by reference. Dextran of about 1 kD to about 20 kD is preferred when dextran is used as a vehicle in accordance with the present invention.

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Linkers. Any "linker" group is optional. When present, its chemical structure is not critical, since it serves primarily as a spacer. The linker is preferably made up of amino acids linked together by peptide bonds.

Thus, in preferred embodiments, the linker is made up of from 1 to 20 amino acids linked by peptide bonds, wherein the amino acids are selected from the 20 naturally occurring amino acids. Some of these amino acids may be glycosylated, as is well understood by those in the art. In a more preferred embodiment, the 1 to 20 amino acids are selected from glycine, alanine, proline, asparagine, glutamine, and lysine. Even more preferably, a linker is made up of a majority of amino acids that are sterically unhindered, such as glycine and alanine. Thus, preferred linkers are polyglycines (particularly (Gly), (Gly), poly(Gly-Ala), and polyalanines.

Other specific examples of linkers are:

(Gly)₃Lys(Gly)₄ (SEQ ID NO: 333);

(Gly)₃AsnGlySer(Gly)₂ (SEQ ID NO: 334); (Gly)₃Cys(Gly)₄ (SEQ ID NO: 335); and GlyProAsnGlyGly (SEQ ID NO: 336).

To explain the above nomenclature, for example, (Gly)₃Lys(Gly)₄ means Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly-Gly. Combinations of Gly and Ala are also preferred. The linkers shown here are exemplary; linkers within the scope of this invention may be much longer and may include other residues.

Non-peptide linkers are also possible. For example, alkyl linkers such as -NH-(CH₂)₆-C(O)-, wherein s = 2-20 could be used. These alkyl linkers may further be substituted by any non-sterically hindering group such as lower alkyl (e.g., C_1 - C_6) lower acyl, halogen (e.g., Cl, Br), CN, NH₂, phenyl, etc. An exemplary non-peptide linker is a PEG linker, VI

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wherein n is such that the linker has a molecular weight of 100 to 5000 kD, preferably 100 to 500 kD. The peptide linkers may be altered to form derivatives in the same manner as described above.

Derivatives. The inventors also contemplate derivatizing the
peptide and/or vehicle portion of the compounds. Such derivatives may
improve the solubility, absorption, biological half life, and the like of the
compounds. The moieties may alternatively eliminate or attenuate any
undesirable side-effect of the compounds and the like. Exemplary
derivatives include compounds in which:

The compound or some portion thereof is cyclic. For example, the
peptide portion may be modified to contain two or more Cys residues
(e.g., in the linker), which could cyclize by disulfide bond formation.

For citations to references on preparation of cyclized derivatives, see Table 2.

2. The compound is cross-linked or is rendered capable of cross-linking between molecules. For example, the peptide portion may be modified to contain one Cys residue and thereby be able to form an intermolecular disulfide bond with a like molecule. The compound may also be cross-linked through its C-terminus, as in the molecule shown below.

VII

$$F^{1}-(X^{1})_{b}-CO-N$$
 NH_{2}
 NH_{2}

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- 4. One or more peptidyl [-C(O)NR-] linkages (bonds) is replaced by a non-peptidyl linkage. Exemplary non-peptidyl linkages are -CH₂-carbamate [-CH₂-OC(O)NR-], phosphonate, -CH₂-sulfonamide [-CH₂-S(O)₂NR-], urea [-NHC(O)NH-], -CH₂-secondary amine, and alkylated peptide [-C(O)NR⁶- wherein R⁶ is lower alkyl].
- 5. The N-terminus is derivatized. Typically, the N-terminus may be acylated or modified to a substituted amine. Exemplary N-terminal derivative groups include -NRR¹ (other than -NH₂), -NRC(O)R¹, -NRC(O)OR¹, -NRS(O)₂R¹, -NHC(O)NHR¹, succinimide, or
- benzyloxycarbonyl-NH- (CBZ-NH-), wherein R and R¹ are each independently hydrogen or lower alkyl and wherein the phenyl ring may be substituted with 1 to 3 substituents selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₄ alkyl, C₁-C₄ alkoxy, chloro, and bromo.
- 6. The free C-terminus is derivatized. Typically, the C-terminus is
 esterified or amidated. For example, one may use methods described in
 the art to add (NH-CH₂-CH₂-NH₂)₂ to compounds of this invention

having any of SEQ ID NOS: 504 to 508 at the C-terminus. Likewise, one may use methods described in the art to add -NH₂ to compounds of this invention having any of SEQ ID NOS: 924 to 955, 963 to 972, 1005 to 1013, or 1018 to 1023 at the C-terminus. Exemplary C-terminal derivative groups include, for example, -C(O)R² wherein R² is lower alkoxy or -NR³R⁴ wherein R³ and R⁴ are independently hydrogen or C₁-C₈ alkyl (preferably C₁-C₄ alkyl).

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- A disulfide bond is replaced with another, preferably more stable, cross-linking moiety (e.g., an alkylene). See, e.g., Bhatnagar et al. (1996), J. Med. Chem. 39: 3814-9; Alberts et al. (1993) Thirteenth Am. Pep. Symp., 357-9.
- 8. One or more individual amino acid residues is modified. Various derivatizing agents are known to react specifically with selected sidechains or terminal residues, as described in detail below.

Lysinyl residues and amino terminal residues may be reacted with succinic or other carboxylic acid anhydrides, which reverse the charge of the lysinyl residues. Other suitable reagents for derivatizing alpha-amino-containing residues include imidoesters such as methyl picolinimidate; pyridoxal phosphate; pyridoxal; chloroborohydride; trinitrobenzenesulfonic acid; O-methylisourea; 2,4 pentanedione; and transaminase-catalyzed reaction with glyoxylate.

Arginyl residues may be modified by reaction with any one or combination of several conventional reagents, including phenylglyoxal, 2,3-butanedione, 1,2-cyclohexanedione, and ninhydrin. Derivatization of arginyl residues requires that the reaction be performed in alkaline conditions because of the high pKa of the guanidine functional group. Furthermore, these reagents may react with the groups of lysine as well as the arginine epsilon-amino group.

Specific modification of tyrosyl residues has been studied extensively, with particular interest in introducing spectral labels into tyrosyl residues by reaction with aromatic diazonium compounds or tetranitromethane. Most commonly, N-acetylimidizole and tetranitromethane are used to form O-acetyl tyrosyl species and 3-nitro derivatives, respectively.

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Carboxyl sidechain groups (aspartyl or glutamyl) may be selectively modified by reaction with carbodiimides (R'-N=C=N-R') such as 1-cyclohexyl-3-(2-morpholinyl-(4-ethyl) carbodiimide or 1-ethyl-3-(4-azonia-4,4-dimethylpentyl) carbodiimide. Furthermore, aspartyl and glutamyl residues may be converted to asparaginyl and glutaminyl residues by reaction with ammonium ions.

Glutaminyl and asparaginyl residues may be deamidated to the corresponding glutamyl and aspartyl residues. Alternatively, these residues are deamidated under mildly acidic conditions. Either form of these residues falls within the scope of this invention.

Cysteinyl residues can be replaced by amino acid residues or other moieties either to eliminate disulfide bonding or, conversely, to stabilize cross-linking. See, e.g., Bhatnagar <u>et al.</u> (1996), <u>J. Med. Chem.</u> 39: 3814-9.

Derivatization with bifunctional agents is useful for cross-linking the peptides or their functional derivatives to a water-insoluble support matrix or to other macromolecular vehicles. Commonly used cross-linking agents include, e.g., 1,1-bis(diazoacetyl)-2-phenylethane, glutaraldehyde, N-hydroxysuccinimide esters, for example, esters with 4-azidosalicylic acid, homobifunctional imidoesters, including disuccinimidyl esters such as 3,3'-dithiobis(succinimidylpropionate), and bifunctional maleimides such as bis-N-maleimido-1,8-octane. Derivatizing agents such as methyl-3-[(p-azidophenyl)dithiolpropioimidate yield photoactivatable intermediates that are capable of forming crosslinks in the presence of light. Alternatively, reactive water-insoluble matrices such as cyanogen bromide-activated carbohydrates

and the reactive substrates described in U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,969,287; 3,691,016; 4,195,128; 4,247,642; 4,229,537; and 4,330,440 are employed for protein immobilization.

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Carbohydrate (oligosaccharide) groups may conveniently be attached to sites that are known to be glycosylation sites in proteins. Generally, O-linked oligosaccharides are attached to serine (Ser) or threonine (Thr) residues while N-linked oligosaccharides are attached to asparagine (Asn) residues when they are part of the sequence Asn-X-Ser/Thr, where X can be any amino acid except proline. X is preferably one of the 19 naturally occurring amino acids other than proline. The structures of N-linked and O-linked oligosaccharides and the sugar residues found in each type are different. One type of sugar that is commonly found on both is N-acetylneuraminic acid (referred to as sialic acid). Sialic acid is usually the terminal residue of both N-linked and Olinked oligosaccharides and, by virtue of its negative charge, may confer acidic properties to the glycosylated compound. Such site(s) may be incorporated in the linker of the compounds of this invention and are preferably glycosylated by a cell during recombinant production of the polypeptide compounds (e.g., in mammalian cells such as CHO, BHK, COS). However, such sites may further be glycosylated by synthetic or semi-synthetic procedures known in the art.

Other possible modifications include hydroxylation of proline and lysine, phosphorylation of hydroxyl groups of seryl or threonyl residues, oxidation of the sulfur atom in Cys, methylation of the alpha-amino groups of lysine, arginine, and histidine side chains. Creighton, <u>Proteins:</u> Structure and Molecule Properties (W. H. Freeman & Co., San Francisco), pp. 79-86 (1983).

Compounds of the present invention may be changed at the DNA level, as well. The DNA sequence of any portion of the compound may be

changed to codons more compatible with the chosen host cell. For <u>E. coli</u>, which is the preferred host cell, optimized codons are known in the art. Codons may be substituted to eliminate restriction sites or to include silent restriction sites, which may aid in processing of the DNA in the selected host cell. The vehicle, linker and peptide DNA sequences may be modified to include any of the foregoing sequence changes.

Methods of Making

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The compounds of this invention largely may be made in transformed host cells using recombinant DNA techniques. To do so, a recombinant DNA molecule coding for the peptide is prepared. Methods of preparing such DNA molecules are well known in the art. For instance, sequences coding for the peptides could be excised from DNA using suitable restriction enzymes. Alternatively, the DNA molecule could be synthesized using chemical synthesis techniques, such as the phosphoramidate method. Also, a combination of these techniques could be used.

The invention also includes a vector capable of expressing the peptides in an appropriate host. The vector comprises the DNA molecule that codes for the peptides operatively linked to appropriate expression control sequences. Methods of effecting this operative linking, either before or after the DNA molecule is inserted into the vector, are well known. Expression control sequences include promoters, activators, enhancers, operators, ribosomal binding sites, start signals, stop signals, cap signals, polyadenylation signals, and other signals involved with the control of transcription or translation.

The resulting vector having the DNA molecule thereon is used to transform an appropriate host. This transformation may be performed using methods well known in the art.

Any of a large number of available and well-known host cells may be used in the practice of this invention. The selection of a particular host is dependent upon a number of factors recognized by the art. These include, for example, compatibility with the chosen expression vector, toxicity of the peptides encoded by the DNA molecule, rate of transformation, ease of recovery of the peptides, expression characteristics, bio-safety and costs. A balance of these factors must be struck with the understanding that not all hosts may be equally effective for the expression of a particular DNA sequence. Within these general guidelines, useful microbial hosts include bacteria (such as <u>E. coli</u> sp.), yeast (such as <u>Saccharomyces</u> sp.) and other fungi, insects, plants, mammalian (including human) cells in culture, or other hosts known in the art.

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Next, the transformed host is cultured and purified. Host cells may be cultured under conventional fermentation conditions so that the desired compounds are expressed. Such fermentation conditions are well known in the art. Finally, the peptides are purified from culture by methods well known in the art.

The compounds may also be made by synthetic methods. For example, solid phase synthesis techniques may be used. Suitable techniques are well known in the art, and include those described in Merrifield (1973), Chem. Polypeptides, pp. 335-61 (Katsoyannis and Panayotis eds.); Merrifield (1963), J. Am. Chem. Soc. 85: 2149; Davis et al. (1985), Biochem. Intl. 10: 394-414; Stewart and Young (1969), Solid Phase Peptide Synthesis; U.S. Pat. No. 3,941,763; Finn et al. (1976), The Proteins (3rd ed.) 2: 105-253; and Erickson et al. (1976), The Proteins (3rd ed.) 2: 257-527. Solid phase synthesis is the preferred technique of making individual peptides since it is the most cost-effective method of making small peptides.

Compounds that contain derivatized peptides or which contain non-peptide groups may be synthesized by well-known organic chemistry techniques.

Uses of the Compounds

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In general. The compounds of this invention have pharmacologic activity resulting from their ability to bind to proteins of interest as agonists, mimetics or antagonists of the native ligands of such proteins of interest. The utility of specific compounds is shown in Table 2. The activity of these compounds can be measured by assays known in the art. For the TPO-mimetic and EPO-mimetic compounds, <u>in vivo</u> assays are further described in the Examples section herein.

In addition to therapeutic uses, the compounds of the present invention are useful in diagnosing diseases characterized by dysfunction of their associated protein of interest. In one embodiment, a method of detecting in a biological sample a protein of interest (e.g., a receptor) that is capable of being activated comprising the steps of: (a) contacting the sample with a compound of this invention; and (b) detecting activation of the protein of interest by the compound. The biological samples include tissue specimens, intact cells, or extracts thereof. The compounds of this invention may be used as part of a diagnostic kit to detect the presence of their associated proteins of interest in a biological sample. Such kits employ the compounds of the invention having an attached label to allow for detection. The compounds are useful for identifying normal or abnormal proteins of interest. For the EPO-mimetic compounds, for example, presence of abnormal protein of interest in a biological sample may be indicative of such disorders as Diamond Blackfan anemia, where it is believed that the EPO receptor is dysfunctional.

Therapeutic uses of EPO-mimetic compounds. The EPO-mimetic compounds of the invention are useful for treating disorders characterized by low red blood cell levels. Included in the invention are methods of modulating the endogenous activity of an EPO receptor in a mammal, preferably methods of increasing the activity of an EPO receptor. In

general, any condition treatable by erythropoietin, such as anemia, may also be treated by the EPO-mimetic compounds of the invention. These compounds are administered by an amount and route of delivery that is appropriate for the nature and severity of the condition being treated and may be ascertained by one skilled in the art. Preferably, administration is by injection, either subcutaneous, intramuscular, or intravenous.

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Therapeutic uses of TPO-mimetic compounds. For the TPO-mimetic compounds, one can utilize such standard assays as those described in WO95/26746 entitled "Compositions and Methods for Stimulating Megakaryocyte Growth and Differentiation". In vivo assays also appear in the Examples hereinafter.

The conditions to be treated are generally those that involve an existing megakaryocyte/platelet deficiency or an expected megakaryocyte/platelet deficiency (e.g., because of planned surgery or platelet donation). Such conditions will usually be the result of a deficiency (temporary or permanent) of active Mpl ligand in vivo. The generic term for platelet deficiency is thrombocytopenia, and hence the methods and compositions of the present invention are generally available for treating thrombocytopenia in patients in need thereof.

Thrombocytopenia (platelet deficiencies) may be present for various reasons, including chemotherapy and other therapy with a variety of drugs, radiation therapy, surgery, accidental blood loss, and other specific disease conditions. Exemplary specific disease conditions that involve thrombocytopenia and may be treated in accordance with this invention are: aplastic anemia, idiopathic thrombocytopenia, metastatic tumors which result in thrombocytopenia, systemic lupus erythematosus, splenomegaly, Fanconi's syndrome, vitamin B12 deficiency, folic acid deficiency, May-Hegglin anomaly, Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome, and paroxysmal nocturnal hemoglobinuria. Also, certain treatments for AIDS

result in thrombocytopenia (e.g., AZT). Certain wound healing disorders might also benefit from an increase in platelet numbers.

With regard to anticipated platelet deficiencies, e.g., due to future surgery, a compound of the present invention could be administered several days to several hours prior to the need for platelets. With regard to acute situations, e.g., accidental and massive blood loss, a compound of this invention could be administered along with blood or purified platelets.

The TPO-mimetic compounds of this invention may also be useful in stimulating certain cell types other than megakaryocytes if such cells are found to express Mpl receptor. Conditions associated with such cells that express the Mpl receptor, which are responsive to stimulation by the Mpl ligand, are also within the scope of this invention.

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The TPO-mimetic compounds of this invention may be used in any situation in which production of platelets or platelet precursor cells is desired, or in which stimulation of the c-Mpl receptor is desired. Thus, for example, the compounds of this invention may be used to treat any condition in a mammal wherein there is a need of platelets, megakaryocytes, and the like. Such conditions are described in detail in the following exemplary sources: WO95/26746; WO95/21919; WO95/18858; WO95/21920 and are incorporated herein.

The TPO-mimetic compounds of this invention may also be useful in maintaining the viability or storage life of platelets and/or megakaryocytes and related cells. Accordingly, it could be useful to include an effective amount of one or more such compounds in a composition containing such cells.

The therapeutic methods, compositions and compounds of the present invention may also be employed, alone or in combination with other cytokines, soluble Mpl receptor, hematopoietic factors, interleukins, growth factors or antibodies in the treatment of disease states

characterized by other symptoms as well as platelet deficiencies. It is anticipated that the inventive compound will prove useful in treating some forms of thrombocytopenia in combination with general stimulators of hematopoiesis, such as IL-3 or GM-CSF. Other megakaryocytic stimulatory factors, i.e., meg-CSF, stem cell factor (SCF), leukemia 5 inhibitory factor (LIF), oncostatin M (OSM), or other molecules with megakaryocyte stimulating activity may also be employed with Mpl ligand. Additional exemplary cytokines or hematopoietic factors for such co-administration include IL-1 alpha, IL-1 beta, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-11, colony stimulating factor-1 (CSF-1), SCF, GM-CSF, granulocyte 10 colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), EPO, interferon-alpha (IFN-alpha), consensus interferon, IFN-beta, or IFN-gamma. It may further be useful to administer, either simultaneously or sequentially, an effective amount of a soluble mammalian Mpl receptor, which appears to have an effect of causing megakaryocytes to fragment into platelets once the 15 megakaryocytes have reached mature form. Thus, administration of an inventive compound (to enhance the number of mature megakaryocytes) followed by administration of the soluble Mpl receptor (to inactivate the ligand and allow the mature megakaryocytes to produce platelets) is expected to be a particularly effective means of stimulating platelet 20 production. The dosage recited above would be adjusted to compensate for such additional components in the therapeutic composition. Progress of the treated patient can be monitored by conventional methods.

In cases where the inventive compounds are added to compositions of platelets and/or megakaryocytes and related cells, the amount to be included will generally be ascertained experimentally by techniques and assays known in the art. An exemplary range of amounts is 0.1 µg—1 mg inventive compound per 106 cells.

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Pharmaceutical Compositions

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In General. The present invention also provides methods of using pharmaceutical compositions of the inventive compounds. Such pharmaceutical compositions may be for administration for injection, or for oral, pulmonary, nasal, transdermal or other forms of administration. In general, the invention encompasses pharmaceutical compositions comprising effective amounts of a compound of the invention together with pharmaceutically acceptable diluents, preservatives, solubilizers, emulsifiers, adjuvants and/or carriers. Such compositions include diluents of various buffer content (e.g., Tris-HCl, acetate, phosphate), pH and ionic strength; additives such as detergents and solubilizing agents (e.g., Tween 80, Polysorbate 80), anti-oxidants (e.g., ascorbic acid, sodium metabisulfite), preservatives (e.g., Thimersol, benzyl alcohol) and bulking substances (e.g., lactose, mannitol); incorporation of the material into particulate preparations of polymeric compounds such as polylactic acid, polyglycolic acid, etc. or into liposomes. Hyaluronic acid may also be used, and this may have the effect of promoting sustained duration in the circulation. Such compositions may influence the physical state, stability, rate of in vivo release, and rate of in vivo clearance of the present proteins and derivatives. See, e.g., Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences, 18th Ed. (1990, Mack Publishing Co., Easton, PA 18042) pages 1435-1712 which are herein incorporated by reference. The compositions may be prepared in liquid form, or may be in dried powder, such as lyophilized form. Implantable sustained release formulations are also contemplated, as are transdermal formulations.

Oral dosage forms. Contemplated for use herein are oral solid dosage forms, which are described generally in Chapter 89 of Remington's Pharmaceutical Sciences (1990), 18th Ed., Mack Publishing Co. Easton PA 18042, which is herein incorporated by reference. Solid dosage forms include tablets, capsules, pills, troches or lozenges, cachets or pellets. Also,

liposomal or proteinoid encapsulation may be used to formulate the present compositions (as, for example, proteinoid microspheres reported in U.S. Patent No. 4,925,673). Liposomal encapsulation may be used and the liposomes may be derivatized with various polymers (e.g., U.S. Patent No. 5,013,556). A description of possible solid dosage forms for the therapeutic is given in Chapter 10 of Marshall, K., Modern Pharmaceutics (1979), edited by G. S. Banker and C. T. Rhodes, herein incorporated by reference. In general, the formulation will include the inventive compound, and inert ingredients which allow for protection against the stomach environment, and release of the biologically active material in the intestine.

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Also specifically contemplated are oral dosage forms of the above inventive compounds. If necessary, the compounds may be chemically modified so that oral delivery is efficacious. Generally, the chemical modification contemplated is the attachment of at least one moiety to the compound molecule itself, where said moiety permits (a) inhibition of proteolysis; and (b) uptake into the blood stream from the stomach or intestine. Also desired is the increase in overall stability of the compound and increase in circulation time in the body. Moieties useful as covalently attached vehicles in this invention may also be used for this purpose. Examples of such moieties include: PEG, copolymers of ethylene glycol and propylene glycol, carboxymethyl cellulose, dextran, polyvinyl alcohol, polyvinyl pyrrolidone and polyproline. See, for example, Abuchowski and Davis, Soluble Polymer-Enzyme Adducts, Enzymes as Drugs (1981), Hocenberg and Roberts, eds., Wiley-Interscience, New York, NY,, pp 367-83; Newmark, et al. (1982), J. Appl. Biochem. 4:185-9. Other polymers that could be used are poly-1,3-dioxolane and poly-1,3,6-tioxocane. Preferred for pharmaceutical usage, as indicated above, are PEG moieties.

For oral delivery dosage forms, it is also possible to use a salt of a modified aliphatic amino acid, such as sodium N-(8-[2-hydroxybenzoyl] amino) caprylate (SNAC), as a carrier to enhance absorption of the therapeutic compounds of this invention. The clinical efficacy of a heparin formulation using SNAC has been demonstrated in a Phase II trial conducted by Emisphere Technologies. See US Patent No. 5,792,451, "Oral drug delivery composition and methods".

The compounds of this invention can be included in the formulation as fine multiparticulates in the form of granules or pellets of particle size about 1 mm. The formulation of the material for capsule administration could also be as a powder, lightly compressed plugs or even as tablets. The therapeutic could be prepared by compression.

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Colorants and flavoring agents may all be included. For example, the protein (or derivative) may be formulated (such as by liposome or microsphere encapsulation) and then further contained within an edible product, such as a refrigerated beverage containing colorants and flavoring agents.

One may dilute or increase the volume of the compound of the invention with an inert material. These diluents could include carbohydrates, especially mannitol, α -lactose, anhydrous lactose, cellulose, sucrose, modified dextrans and starch. Certain inorganic salts may also be used as fillers including calcium triphosphate, magnesium carbonate and sodium chloride. Some commercially available diluents are Fast-Flo, Emdex, STA-Rx 1500, Emcompress and Avicell.

Disintegrants may be included in the formulation of the therapeutic into a solid dosage form. Materials used as disintegrants include but are not limited to starch including the commercial disintegrant based on starch, Explotab. Sodium starch glycolate, Amberlite, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, ultramylopectin, sodium alginate, gelatin, orange

peel, acid carboxymethyl cellulose, natural sponge and bentonite may all be used. Another form of the disintegrants are the insoluble cationic exchange resins. Powdered gums may be used as disintegrants and as binders and these can include powdered gums such as agar, Karaya or tragacanth. Alginic acid and its sodium salt are also useful as disintegrants.

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Binders may be used to hold the therapeutic agent together to form a hard tablet and include materials from natural products such as acacia, tragacanth, starch and gelatin. Others include methyl cellulose (MC), ethyl cellulose (EC) and carboxymethyl cellulose (CMC). Polyvinyl pyrrolidone (PVP) and hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose (HPMC) could both be used in alcoholic solutions to granulate the therapeutic.

An antifrictional agent may be included in the formulation of the therapeutic to prevent sticking during the formulation process. Lubricants may be used as a layer between the therapeutic and the die wall, and these can include but are not limited to; stearic acid including its magnesium and calcium salts, polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE), liquid paraffin, vegetable oils and waxes. Soluble lubricants may also be used such as sodium lauryl sulfate, magnesium lauryl sulfate, polyethylene glycol of various molecular weights, Carbowax 4000 and 6000.

Glidants that might improve the flow properties of the drug during formulation and to aid rearrangement during compression might be added. The glidants may include starch, talc, pyrogenic silica and hydrated silicoaluminate.

To aid dissolution of the compound of this invention into the aqueous environment a surfactant might be added as a wetting agent. Surfactants may include anionic detergents such as sodium fauryl sulfate, dioctyl sodium sulfosuccinate and dioctyl sodium sulfonate. Cationic detergents might be used and could include benzalkonium chloride or

benzethonium chloride. The list of potential nonionic detergents that could be included in the formulation as surfactants are lauromacrogol 400, polyoxyl 40 stearate, polyoxyethylene hydrogenated castor oil 10, 50 and 60, glycerol monostearate, polysorbate 40, 60, 65 and 80, sucrose fatty acid ester, methyl cellulose and carboxymethyl cellulose. These surfactants could be present in the formulation of the protein or derivative either alone or as a mixture in different ratios.

Additives may also be included in the formulation to enhance uptake of the compound. Additives potentially having this property are for instance the fatty acids oleic acid, linoleic acid and linolenic acid.

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Controlled release formulation may be desirable. The compound of this invention could be incorporated into an inert matrix which permits release by either diffusion or leaching mechanisms e.g., gums. Slowly degenerating matrices may also be incorporated into the formulation, e.g., alginates, polysaccharides. Another form of a controlled release of the compounds of this invention is by a method based on the Oros therapeutic system (Alza Corp.), i.e., the drug is enclosed in a semipermeable membrane which allows water to enter and push drug out through a single small opening due to osmotic effects. Some enteric coatings also have a delayed release effect.

Other coatings may be used for the formulation. These include a variety of sugars which could be applied in a coating pan. The therapeutic agent could also be given in a film coated tablet and the materials used in this instance are divided into 2 groups. The first are the nonenteric materials and include methyl cellulose, ethyl cellulose, hydroxyethyl cellulose, methylhydroxy-ethyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose, hydroxypropyl-methyl cellulose, sodium carboxy-methyl cellulose, providone and the polyethylene glycols. The second group consists of the enteric materials that are commonly esters of phthalic acid.

A mix of materials might be used to provide the optimum film coating. Film coating may be carried out in a pan coater or in a fluidized bed or by compression coating.

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Pulmonary delivery forms. Also contemplated herein is pulmonary delivery of the present protein (or derivatives thereof). The protein (or derivative) is delivered to the lungs of a mammal while inhaling and traverses across the lung epithelial lining to the blood stream. (Other reports of this include Adjei et al., Pharma. Res. (1990) 7: 565-9; Adjei et al. (1990), Internatl. J. Pharmaceutics 63: 135-44 (leuprolide acetate); Braquet et al. (1989), J. Cardiovasc. Pharmacol. 13 (suppl.5): s.143-146 (endothelin-1); Hubbard et al. (1989), Annals Int. Med. 3: 206-12 (α1-antitrypsin); Smith et al. (1989), J. Clin. Invest. 84: 1145-6 (α1-proteinase); Oswein et al. (March 1990), "Aerosolization of Proteins", Proc. Symp. Resp. Drug Delivery II, Keystone, Colorado (recombinant human growth hormone); Debs et al. (1988), J. Immunol. 140: 3482-8 (interferon-γ and tumor necrosis factor α) and Platz et al., U.S. Patent No. 5,284,656 (granulocyte colony stimulating factor).

Contemplated for use in the practice of this invention are a wide range of mechanical devices designed for pulmonary delivery of therapeutic products, including but not limited to nebulizers, metered dose inhalers, and powder inhalers, all of which are familiar to those skilled in the art. Some specific examples of commercially available devices suitable for the practice of this invention are the Ultravent nebulizer, manufactured by Mallinckrodt, Inc., St. Louis, Missouri; the Acorn II nebulizer, manufactured by Marquest Medical Products, Englewood, Colorado; the Ventolin metered dose inhaler, manufactured by Glaxo Inc., Research Triangle Park, North Carolina; and the Spinhaler powder inhaler, manufactured by Fisons Corp., Bedford, Massachusetts.

All such devices require the use of formulations suitable for the dispensing of the inventive compound. Typically, each formulation is specific to the type of device employed and may involve the use of an appropriate propellant material, in addition to diluents, adjuvants and/or carriers useful in therapy.

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The inventive compound should most advantageously be prepared in particulate form with an average particle size of less than 10 μm (or microns), most preferably 0.5 to 5 μm , for most effective delivery to the distal lung.

Pharmaceutically acceptable carriers include carbohydrates such as trehalose, mannitol, xylitol, sucrose, lactose, and sorbitol. Other ingredients for use in formulations may include DPPC, DOPE, DSPC and DOPC. Natural or synthetic surfactants may be used. PEG may be used (even apart from its use in derivatizing the protein or analog). Dextrans, such as cyclodextran, may be used. Bile salts and other related enhancers may be used. Cellulose and cellulose derivatives may be used. Amino acids may be used, such as use in a buffer formulation.

Also, the use of liposomes, microcapsules or microspheres, inclusion complexes, or other types of carriers is contemplated.

Formulations suitable for use with a nebulizer, either jet or ultrasonic, will typically comprise the inventive compound dissolved in water at a concentration of about 0.1 to 25 mg of biologically active protein per mL of solution. The formulation may also include a buffer and a simple sugar (e.g., for protein stabilization and regulation of osmotic pressure). The nebulizer formulation may also contain a surfactant, to reduce or prevent surface induced aggregation of the protein caused by atomization of the solution in forming the aerosol.

Formulations for use with a metered-dose inhaler device will generally comprise a finely divided powder containing the inventive

compound suspended in a propellant with the aid of a surfactant. The propellant may be any conventional material employed for this purpose, such as a chlorofluorocarbon, a hydrochlorofluorocarbon, a hydrofluorocarbon, or a hydrocarbon, including trichlorofluoromethane, dichlorodifluoromethane, dichlorotetrafluoroethanol, and 1,1,1,2-tetrafluoroethane, or combinations thereof. Suitable surfactants include sorbitan trioleate and soya lecithin. Oleic acid may also be useful as a surfactant.

Formulations for dispensing from a powder inhaler device will comprise a finely divided dry powder containing the inventive compound and may also include a bulking agent, such as lactose, sorbitol, sucrose, mannitol, trehalose, or xylitol in amounts which facilitate dispersal of the powder from the device, e.g., 50 to 90% by weight of the formulation.

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Nasal delivery forms. Nasal delivery of the inventive compound is also contemplated. Nasal delivery allows the passage of the protein to the blood stream directly after administering the therapeutic product to the nose, without the necessity for deposition of the product in the lung. Formulations for nasal delivery include those with dextran or cyclodextran. Delivery via transport across other mucous membranes is also contemplated.

<u>Dosages</u>. The dosage regimen involved in a method for treating the above-described conditions will be determined by the attending physician, considering various factors which modify the action of drugs, e.g. the age, condition, body weight, sex and diet of the patient, the severity of any infection, time of administration and other clinical factors. Generally, the daily regimen should be in the range of 0.1-1000 micrograms of the inventive compound per kilogram of body weight, preferably 0.1-150 micrograms per kilogram.

Specific preferred embodiments

The inventors have determined preferred peptide sequences for molecules having many different kinds of activity. The inventors have further determined preferred structures of these preferred peptides combined with preferred linkers and vehicles. Preferred structures for these preferred peptides listed in Table 21 below.

Table 21—Preferred embodiments

Sequence/structure	SEQ	Activity
<u>-</u>	ID	-
	NO:	
F1-(G),-IEGPTLRQWLAARA-(G),-IEGPTLRQWLAARA	337	TPO-mimetic
IEGPTLRQWLAARA-(G),-IEGPTLRQWLAARA-(G),- F1	338	TPO-mimetic
F'-(G),-IEGPTLRQWLAARA		TPO-mimetic
	1032	
IEGPTLRQWLAARA -(G) ₅ - F ¹	1033	TPO-mimetic
F¹-(G),-GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG-(G),- GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG	339	EPO-mimetic
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG-(G),- GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG-(G),-F'	340	EPO-mimetic
GGTYSCHFGPLTWVCKPQGG-(G),-F'	1034	EPO-mimetic
F'-(G) _s -DFLPHYKNTSLGHRP	1045	TNF-α inhibitor
DFLPHYKNTSLGHRP-(G),-F1	1046	TNF-α inhibitor
F¹-(G)₅- FEWTPGYWQPYALPL	1047	IL-1 R antagonist
FEWTPGYWQPYALPL-(G) ₅ -F ¹	1048	IL-1 R antagonist
F'-(G) ₅ -VEPNCDIHVMWEWECFERL	1049	VEGF-antagonist
VEPNCDIHVMWEWECFERL-(G)₅-F¹	1050	VEGF-antagonist
F'-(G) _s -CTTHWGFTLC	1051	MMP inhibitor
CTTHWGFTLC-(G)₅-F¹	1052	MMP inhibitor

[&]quot;F¹" is an Fc domain as defined previously herein.

Working examples

The compounds described above may be prepared as described below. These examples comprise preferred embodiments of the invention and are illustrative rather than limiting.

Example 1

TPO-Mimetics

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The following example uses peptides identified by the numbers appearing in Table A hereinafter.

Preparation of peptide 19. Peptide 17b (12 mg) and MeO-PEG-SH 5000 (30 mg, 2 equiv.) were dissolved in 1 ml aqueous buffer (pH 8). The mixture was incubated at RT for about 30 minutes and the reaction was checked by analytical HPLC, which showed a > 80% completion of the reaction. The pegylated material was isolated by preparative HPLC.

Preparation of peptide 20. Peptide 18 (14 mg) and MeO-PEG-maleimide (25 mg) were dissolved in about 1.5 ml aqueous buffer (pH 8). The mixture was incubated at RT for about 30 minutes, at which time about 70% transformation was complete as monitored with analytical HPLC by applying an aliquot of sample to the HPLC column. The pegylated material was purified by preparative HPLC.

Bioactivity assay. The TPO in vitro bioassay is a mitogenic assay utilizing an IL-3 dependent clone of murine 32D cells that have been transfected with human mpl receptor. This assay is described in greater detail in WO 95/26746. Cells are maintained in MEM medium containing 10% Fetal Clone II and 1 ng/ml mIL-3. Prior to sample addition, cells are prepared by rinsing twice with growth medium lacking mIL-3. An extended twelve point TPO standard curve is prepared, ranging from 33 to 39 pg/ml. Four dilutions, estimated to fall within the linear portion of the standard curve, (100 to 125 pg/ml), are prepared for each sample and run in triplicate. A volume of 100 µl of each dilution of sample or standard is added to appropriate wells of a 96 well microtiter plate

containing 10,000 cells/well. After forty-four hours at 37 °C and 10% CO₂, MTS (a tetrazolium compound which is bioreduced by cells to a formazan) is added to each well. Approximately six hours later, the optical density is read on a plate reader at 490 nm. A dose response curve (log TPO concentration vs. O.D.- Background) is generated and linear regression analysis of points which fall in the linear portion of the standard curve is performed. Concentrations of unknown test samples are determined using the resulting linear equation and a correction for the dilution factor.

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TMP tandem repeats with polyglycine linkers. Our design of sequentially linked TMP repeats was based on the assumption that a dimeric form of TMP was required for its effective interaction with c-Mpl (the TPO receptor) and that depending on how they were wound up against each other in the receptor context, the two TMP molecules could be tethered together in the C- to N-terminus configuration in a way that would not perturb the global dimeric conformation. Clearly, the success of the design of tandem linked repeats depends on proper selection of the length and composition of the linker that joins the C- and N-termini of the two sequentially aligned TMP monomers. Since no structural information of the TMP bound to c-Mpl was available, a series of repeated peptides with linkers composed of 0 to 10 and 14 glycine residues (Table A) were synthesized. Glycine was chosen because of its simplicity and flexibility, based on the rationale that a flexible polyglycine peptide chain might allow for the free folding of the two tethered TMP repeats into the required conformation, while other amino acid sequences may adopt undesired secondary structures whose rigidity might disrupt the correct packing of the repeated peptide in the receptor context.

The resulting peptides are readily accessible by conventional solid phase peptide synthesis methods (Merrifield (1963), <u>J. Amer. Chem. Soc.</u> 85: 2149) with either Fmoc or t-Boc chemistry. Unlike the synthesis of the

C-terminally linked parallel dimer which required the use of an orthogonally protected lysine residue as the initial branch point to build the two peptide chains in a pseudosymmetrical way (Cwirla et al. (1997), Science 276: 1696-9), the synthesis of these tandem repeats was a straightforward, stepwise assembly of the continuous peptide chains from the C- to N-terminus. Since dimerization of TMP had a more dramatic effect on the proliferative activity than binding affinity as shown for the Cterminal dimer (Cwirla et al. (1997)), the synthetic peptides were tested directly for biological activity in a TPO-dependent cell-proliferation assay using an IL-3 dependent clone of murine 32D cells transfected with the full-length c-Mpl (Palacios et al.,. Cell 41:727 (1985)). As the test results showed, all the polyglycine linked tandem repeats demonstrated >1000 fold increases in potency as compared to the monomer, and were even more potent than the C-terminal dimer in this cell proliferation assay. The absolute activity of the C-terminal dimer in our assay was lower than that of the native TPO protein, which is different from the previously reported findings in which the C-terminal dimer was found to be as active as the natural ligand (Cwirla et al. (1997)). This might be due to differences in the conditions used in the two assays. Nevertheless, the difference in activity between tandem (C terminal of first monomer linked to N terminal of second monomer) and C-terminal (C terminal of first monomer linked to C terminal of second monomer; also referred to as parallel) dimers in the same assay clearly demonstrated the superiority of tandem repeat strategy over parallel peptide dimerization. It is interesting to note that a wide range of length is tolerated by the linker. The optimal linker between tandem peptides with the selected TMP monomers apparently is composed of 8 glycines.

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Other tandem repeats. Subsequent to this first series of TMP tandem repeats, several other molecules were designed either with

different linkers or containing modifications within the monomer itself. The first of these molecules, peptide 13, has a linker composed of GPNG, a sequence known to have a high propensity to form a β -turn-type secondary structure. Although still about 100-fold more potent than the monomer, this peptide was found to be >10-fold less active than the equivalent GGGG-linked analog. Thus, introduction of a relatively rigid β -turn at the linker region seemed to have caused a slight distortion of the optimal agonist conformation in this short linker form.

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The Trp9 in the TMP sequence is a highly conserved residue among the active peptides isolated from random peptide libraries. There is also a highly conserved Trp in the consensus sequences of EPO mimetic peptides and this Trp residue was found to be involved in the formation of a hydrophobic core between the two EMPs and contributed to hydrophobic interactions with the EPO receptor. Livnah et al. (1996), Science 273: 464-71). By analogy, the Trp9 residue in TMP might have a similar function in dimerization of the peptide ligand, and as an attempt to modulate and estimate the effects of noncovalent hydrophobic forces exerted by the two indole rings, several analogs were made resulting from mutations at the Trp. So in peptide 14, the Trp residue was replaced in each of the two TMP monomers with a Cys, and an intramolecular disulfide bond was formed between the two cysteines by oxidation which was envisioned to mimic the hydrophobic interactions between the two Trp residues in peptide dimerization. Peptide 15 is the reduced form of peptide 14. In peptide 16, the two Trp residues were replaced by Ala. As the assay data show, all three analogs were inactive. These data further demonstrated that Trp is critical for the activity of the TPO mimetic peptide, not just for dimer formation.

The next two peptides (peptide 17a, and 18) each contain in their 8amino acid linker a Lys or Cys residue. These two compounds are

precursors to the two PEGylated peptides (peptide 19 and 20) in which the side chain of the Lys or Cys is modified by a PEG moiety. A PEG moiety was introduced at the middle of a relatively long linker, so that the large PEG component (5 kDa) is far enough away from the critical binding sites in the peptide molecule. PEG is a known biocompatible polymer which is increasingly used as a covalent modifier to improve the pharmacokinetic profiles of peptide- and protein-based therapeutics.

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A modular, solution-based method was devised for convenient PEGylation of synthetic or recombinant peptides. The method is based on the now well established chemoselective ligation strategy which utilizes the specific reaction between a pair of mutually reactive functionalities. So, for pegylated peptide 19, the lysine side chain was preactivated with a bromoacetyl group to give peptide 17b to accommodate reaction with a thiol-derivatized PEG. To do that, an orthogonal protecting group, Dde, was employed for the protection of the lysine ε-amine. Once the whole peptide chain was assembled, the N-terminal amine was reprotected with t-Boc. Dde was then removed to allow for the bromoacetylation. This strategy gave a high quality crude peptide which was easily purified using conventional reverse phase HPLC. Ligation of the peptide with the thiolmodified PEG took place in aqueous buffer at pH 8 and the reaction completed within 30 minutes. MALDI-MS analysis of the purified, pegylated material revealed a characteristic, bell-shaped spectrum with an increment of 44 Da between the adjacent peaks. For PEG-peptide 20, a cysteine residue was placed in the linker region and its side chain thiol group would serve as an attachment site for a maleimide-containing PEG. Similar conditions were used for the pegylation of this peptide. As the assay data revealed, these two pegylated peptides had even higher in vitro bioactivity as compared to their unpegylated counterparts.

Peptide 21 has in its 8-amino acid linker a potential glycosylation motif, NGS. Since our exemplary tandem repeats are made up of natural amino acids linked by peptide bonds, expression of such a molecule in an appropriate eukaryotic cell system should produce a glycopeptide with the carbohydrate moiety added on the side chain carboxyamide of Asn. Glycosylation is a common post-translational modification process which can have many positive impacts on the biological activity of a given protein by increasing its aqueous solubility and in vivo stability. As the assay data show, incorporation of this glycosylation motif into the linker maintained high bioactivity. The synthetic precursor of the potential glycopeptide had in effect an activity comparable to that of the -(G)₈-linked analog. Once glycosylated, this peptide is expected to have the same order of activity as the pegylated peptides, because of the similar chemophysical properties exhibited by a PEG and a carbohydrate moiety.

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The last peptide is a dimer of a tandem repeat. It was prepared by oxidizing peptide 18, which formed an intermolecular disulfide bond between the two cysteine residues located at the linker. This peptide was designed to address the possibility that TMP was active as a tetramer. The assay data showed that this peptide was not more active than an average tandem repeat on an adjusted molar basis, which indirectly supports the idea that the active form of TMP is indeed a dimer, otherwise dimerization of a tandem repeat would have a further impact on the bioactivity.

In order to confirm the in vitro data in animals, one pegylated TMP tandem repeat (compound 20 in Table A) was delivered subcutaneously to normal mice via osmotic pumps. Time and dose-dependent increases were seen in platelet numbers for the duration of treatment. Peak platelet levels over 4-fold baseline were seen on day 8. A dose of 10 µg/kg/day of the pegylated TMP repeat produced a similar response to rHuMGDF (non-pegylated) at 100 µg/kg/day delivered by the same route.

Table A—TPO-mimetic Peptides

Peptide	Compound	SEQ ID	Relative	
No.		NO:	Potency	
	TPO		++++	
	TMP monomer	13	. +	
	TMP C-C dimer		+++-	
TMP-(G),-	TMP:			
1	n = 0	341	++++-	
2	n = 1	342	++++	
3	n = 2	343	++++	
4	n = 3	344	++++	
5	n = 4	345	++++	
6	n = 5	346	++++	
7	n = 6	347	++++	
8	n = 7	348	++++	
9	n = 8	349	++++-	
10	n = 9	350	++++	
11	n = 10	351	++++	
12	n = 14	352	++++	
13	TMP-GPNG-TMP	353	+++	
14	IEGPTLRQCLAARA-GGGGGGGG-IEGPTLRQCLAARA	354	-	
15	(cyclic) IEGPTLRQ <u>C</u> LAARA-GGGGGGGG-	355	-	
	IEGPTLRQCLAARA (linear)			
16	IEGPTLRQALAARA-GGGGGGGG-	356	-	
	IEGPTLRQALAARA			
17a	TMP-GGGKGGGG-TMP	357	++++	
17b	TMP-GGGK(BrAc)GGGG-TMP	358	ND	
18	TMP-GGGCGGGG-TMP	359	++++	
19	TMP-GGGK(PEG)GGGG-TMP	360	+++++	
20	TMP-GGGC(PEG)GGGG-TMP	361	+++++	
21	TMP-GGGN*GSGG-TMP	362	++++	
22 "	TMP-GGGCGGG-TMP	363-	~ ++++	
	TMP-GGGCGGGG-TMP	363		

<u>Discussion</u>. It is well accepted that MGDF acts in a way similar to hGH, i.e., one molecule of the protein ligand binds two molecules of the receptor for its activation. Wells <u>et al.</u>(1996), <u>Ann. Rev. Biochem.</u> 65: 609-34. Now, this interaction is mimicked by the action of a much smaller peptide, TMP. However, the present studies suggest that this mimicry requires the concerted action of two TMP molecules, as covalent dimerization of TMP in either a C-C parallel or C-N sequential fashion increased the <u>in vitro</u> biological potency of the original monomer by a factor of greater than 10³. The relatively low biopotency of the monomer is probably due to inefficient formation of the noncovalent dimer. A preformed covalent repeat has the ability to eliminate the entropy barrier for the formation of a noncovalent dimer which is exclusively driven by weak, noncovalent interactions between two molecules of the small, 14-residue peptide.

It is intriguing that this tandem repeat approach had a similar effect on enhancing bioactivity as the reported C-C dimerization is intriguing. These two strategies brought about two very different molecular configurations. The C-C dimer is a quasi-symmetrical molecule, while the tandem repeats have no such symmetry in their linear structures. Despite this difference in their primary structures, these two types of molecules appeared able to fold effectively into a similar biologically active conformation and cause the dimerization and activation of c-Mpl. These experimental observations provide a number of insights into how the two TMP molecules may interact with one another in binding to c-Mpl. First, the two C-termini of the two bound TMP molecules must be in relatively close proximity with each other, as suggested by data on the C-terminal dimer. Second, the respective N- and C-termini of the two TMP molecules in the receptor complex must also be very closely aligned with each other, such that they can be directly tethered together with a single peptide bond

to realize the near maximum activity-enhancing effect brought about by the tandem repeat strategy. Insertion of one or more (up to 14) glycine residues at the junction did not increase (or decrease) significantly the activity any further. This may be due to the fact that a flexible polyglycine peptide chain is able to loop out easily from the junction without causing any significant changes in the overall conformation. This flexibility seems to provide the freedom of orientation for the TMP peptide chains to fold into the required conformation in interacting with the receptor and validate it as a site of modification. Indirect evidence supporting this came from the study on peptide 13, in which a much more rigid b-turnforming sequence as the linker apparently forced a deviation of the backbone alignment around the linker which might have resulted in a slight distortion of the optimal conformation, thus resulting in a moderate (10-fold) decrease in activity as compared with the analogous compound with a 4-Gly linker. Third, Trp9 in TMP plays a similar role as Trp13 in EMP, which is involved not only in peptide:peptide interaction for the formation of dimers but also is important for contributing hydrophobic forces in peptide:receptor interaction. Results obtained with the W to C mutant analog, peptide 14, suggest that a covalent disulfide linkage is not sufficient to approximate the hydrophobic interactions provided by the Trp pair and that, being a short linkage, it might bring the two TMP monomers too close, therefore perturbing the overall conformation of the optimal dimeric structure.

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An analysis of the possible secondary structure of the TMP peptide can provide further understanding on the interaction between TMP and c-Mpl. This can be facilitated by making reference to the reported structure of the EPO mimetic peptide. Livnah <u>et al.</u> (1996), <u>Science</u> 273:464-75 The receptor-bound EMP has a b-hairpin structure with a b-turn formed by the highly consensus Gly-Pro-Leu-Thr at the center of its sequence. Instead of

GPLT, TMP has a highly selected GPTL sequence which is likely to form a similar turn. However, this turn-like motif is located near the N-terminal part in TMP. Secondary structure prediction using Chau-Fasman method suggests that the C-terminal half of the peptide has a tendency to adopt a helical conformation. Together with the highly conserved Trp at position 9, this C-terminal helix may contribute to the stabilization of the dimeric structure. It is interesting to note that most of our tandem repeats are more potent than the C-terminal parallel dimer. Tandem repeats seem to give the molecule a better fit conformation than does the C-C parallel dimerization. The seemingly asymmetric feature of a tandem repeat might have brought it closer to the natural ligand which, as an asymmetric molecule, uses two different sites to bind two identical receptor molecules.

Introduction of a PEG moiety was envisaged to enhance the <u>in vivo</u> activity of the modified peptide by providing it a protection against proteolytic degradation and by slowing down its clearance through renal filtration. It was unexpected that pegylation could further increase the <u>in vitro</u> bioactivity of a tandem repeated TMP peptide in the cell-based proliferation assay.

Example 2

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Fc-TMP fusions

TMPs (and EMPs as described in Example 3) were expressed in either monomeric or dimeric form as either N-terminal or C-terminal fusions to the Fc region of human IgG1. In all cases, the expression construct utilized the luxPR promoter promoter in the plasmid expression vector pAMG21.

Fc-TMP. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a monomer of the TPO-mimetic peptide was constructed using standard PCR technology. Templates for PCR reactions were the pFc-A3 vector and a synthetic TMP gene. The synthetic gene was

constructed from the 3 overlapping oligonucleotides (SEQ ID NOS: 364, 365, and 366, respectively) shown below:

```
1842-97 AAA AAA GGA TCC TCG AGA TTA AGC ACG AGC AGC CAG CCA
CTG ACG CAG AGT CGG ACC

1842-98 AAA GGT GGA GGT GGT GGT ATC GAA GGT CCG ACT CTG CGT
CAG TGG CTG GCT GCT CGT GCT TAA TCT CGA GGA TCC TTT
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These oligonucleotides were annealed to form the duplex encoding an amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NOS: 367 and 368, respectively) shown below:

This duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using 1842-98 and 1842-97 as the sense and antisense primers.

The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with pFc-A3 using the primers shown below (SEQ ID NOS: 369 and 370):

30 1216-52 AAC ATA AGT ACC TGT AGG ATC G
1830-51 TTCGATACCA CCACCTCCAC CTTTACCCGG AGACAGGGAG AGGCTCTTCTGC
The oligonucleotides 1830-51 and 1842-98 contain an overlap of 24
35 nucleotides, allowing the two genes to be fused together in the correct reading frame by combining the above PCR products in a third reaction using the outside primers, 1216-52 and 1842-97.

The final PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>XbaI</u> and <u>BamHI</u>, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the

gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #3728.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 5 and 6) of the fusion protein are shown in Figure 7.

Fc-TMP-TMP. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a dimer of the TPO-mimetic peptide was constructed using standard PCR technology. Templates for PCR reactions were the pFc-A3 vector and a synthetic TMP-TMP gene. The synthetic gene was constructed from the 4 overlapping oligonucleotides (SEQ ID

NOS: 371 to 374, respectively) shown below:

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1830-52 AAA GGT GGA GGT GGT GGT ATC GAA GGT CCG
ACT CTG CGT CAG TGG CTG GCT GCT CGT GCT

15 1830-53 ACC TCC ACC ACC AGC AGC AGC AGC CAG
CCA CTG ACG CAG AGT CGG ACC

1830-54 GGT GGT GGA GGT GGC GGC GGA GGT ATT GAG GGC CCA ACC
CTT CGC CAA TGG CTT GCA GCA CGC GCA

20 1830-55 AAA AAA AGG ATC CTC GAG ATT ATG CGC GTG CTG CAA GCC
ATT GGC GAA GGG TTG GGC CCT CAA TAC CTC CGC CGC C
```

The 4 oligonucleotides were annealed to form the duplex encoding an amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NOS: 375 and 376, respectively) shown below:

This duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using 1830-52 and 1830-55 as the sense and antisense primers.

The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with pFc-A3 using the primers 1216-52 and 1830-51 as described above for

Fc-TMP. The full length fusion gene was obtained from a third PCR reaction using the outside primers 1216-52 and 1830-55.

The final PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases XbaI and BamHI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent E. coli strain 2596 cells as described in example 1. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #3727.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 7 and 8) of the fusion protein are shown in Figure 8.

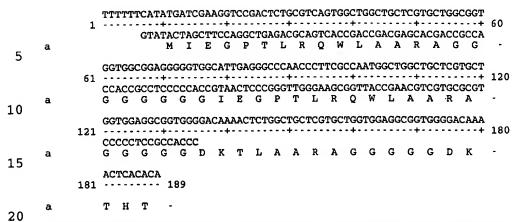
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TMP-TMP-Fc. A DNA sequence coding for a tandem repeat of the TPO-mimetic peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was constructed using standard PCR technology. Templates for PCR reactions were the EMP-Fc plasmid from strain #3688 (see Example 3) and a synthetic gene encoding the TMP dimer. The synthetic gene for the tandem repeat was constructed from the 7 overlapping oligonucleotides shown below (SEQ ID NOS: 377 to 383, respectively):

20	1885-52	TTT	TTT	CAT	ATG	ATC	GAA	GGT	CCG	ACT	CTG	CGT	CAG	TGG
	1885-53		ACG CAT		AGC	CAG	CCA	CTG	ACG	CAG	AGT	CGG	ACC	TTC
25	1885-54	CTG CAC		GCT	CGT	GCT	GGT	GGA	GGC	GGT	GGG	GAC	AAA	ACT
30	1885-55			GCT GGC		GCT	GGC	GGT	GGT	GGC	GGA	GGG	GGT	GGC
30	1885-56		-	TTG ACC			GGT	TGG	GCC	CTC	ААТ	GCC	ACC	ccc
35	1885-57			CGC GAC			CTT	GCA	GCA	CGC	GCA	GGG	GGA	GGC
	1885-58	ccc	ACC	GCC	TCC	ccc	TGC	GCG	TGC	TGC				

These oligonucleotides were annealed to form the duplex shown encoding an amino acid sequence shown below (SEQ ID NOS 384 and 385):



This duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using 1885-52 and 1885-58 as the sense and antisense primers.

The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with DNA from the EMP-Fc fusion strain #3688 (see Example 3) using the primers 1885-54 and 1200-54. The full length fusion gene was obtained from a third PCR reaction using the outside primers 1885-52 and 1200-54.

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The final PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases XbaI and BamHI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent E. coli strain 2596 cells as described for Fc-EMP herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #3798.

The nucelotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 9 and 10)

of the fusion protein are shown in Figure 9.

TMP-Fc. A DNA sequence coding for a monomer of the TPO-mimetic peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was obtained fortuitously in the ligation in TMP-TMP-Fc, presumably due to the ability of primer 1885-54 to anneal to 1885-53 as well as to 1885-58. A single clone having the correct nucleotide sequence for the TMP-Fc construct was selected and designated Amgen strain #3788.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 11 and 12) of the fusion protein are shown in Figure 10.

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Expression in E. coli. Cultures of each of the pAMG21-Fc-fusion constructs in E. coli GM221 were grown at 37 °C in Luria Broth medium containing 50 mg/ml kanamycin. Induction of gene product expression from the luxPR promoter was achieved following the addition of the synthetic autoinducer N-(3-oxohexanoyl)-DL-homoserine lactone to the culture media to a final concentration of 20 ng/ml. Cultures were incubated at 37 °C for a further 3 hours. After 3 hours, the bacterial cultures were examined by microscopy for the presence of inclusion bodies and were then collected by centrifugation. Refractile inclusion bodies were observed in induced cultures indicating that the Fc-fusions were most likely produced in the insoluble fraction in E. coli. Cell pellets were lysed directly by resuspension in Laemmli sample buffer containing 10% b-mercaptoethanol and were analyzed by SDS-PAGE. In each case, an intense coomassie-stained band of the appropriate molecular weight was observed on an SDS-PAGE gel.

pAMG21. The expression plasmid pAMG21 can be derived from the Amgen expression vector pCFM1656 (ATCC #69576) which in turn be derived from the Amgen expression vector system described in US Patent No. 4,710,473. The pCFM1656 plasmid can be derived from the described pCFM836 plasmid (Patent No. 4,710,473) by:

- (a) destroying the two endogenous <u>NdeI</u> restriction sites by end filling with T4 polymerase enzyme followed by blunt end ligation;
- (b) replacing the DNA sequence between the unique <u>AatII</u> and <u>ClaI</u> restriction sites containing the synthetic P_L promoter with a similar fragment obtained from pCFM636 (patent No. 4,710,473) containing the PL promoter (see SEQ ID NO: 386 below); and

(c) substituting the small DNA sequence between the unique <u>ClaI</u> and <u>KpnI</u> restriction sites with the oligonucleotide having the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 388.

SEO ID NO: 386:

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- - 5' CGATTTGATTCTAGAAGGAGGAGTAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGGTAC 3'
 3' TAAACTAAGATCTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGC 5'
 ClaI KpnI
- The expression plasmid pAMG21 can then be derived from pCFM1656 by making a series of site-directed base changes by PCR overlapping oligo mutagenesis and DNA sequence substitutions. Starting with the <u>BgIII</u> site (plasmid bp # 180) immediately 5' to the plasmid replication promoter

 PcopB and proceeding toward the plasmid replication genes, the base pair changes are as shown in Table B below.

Table B—Base pair changes resulting in pAMG21

pAMG21 bp #	bp in pCFM1656	bp changed to in pAMG21
# 204	T/A	C/G
# 428		G/C
# 50 9	G/C	A/T
	• •	insert two G/C bp
# 679		T/A
# 980	T/A	C/G
# 994	G/C	A/T
# 1004	A/T	C/G
# 1007	C/G	T/A
# 1028	A/T	T/A
# 1047	C/G	T/A
# 1178	G/C	T/A
# 1466	G/C	T/A
# 2028	G/C	bp deletion
# 2187	C/G	T/A
# 2480	A/T	T/A
# 2499-2502	<u>AGTG</u>	GTCA
	TCAC	CAGT
# 2642	TCCGAGC AGGCTCG	7 bp deletion
# 3435	G/C	A/T
# 3446	G/C	A/T
# 3643	A/T	T/A
	# 204 # 428 # 509 # 617 # 679 # 980 # 994 # 1004 # 1007 # 1028 # 1047 # 1178 # 1466 # 2028 # 2187 # 2480 # 2499-2502 # 2642 # 3435 # 3446	# 428

The DNA sequence between the unique <u>Aat</u>II (position #4364 in pCFM1656) and <u>Sac</u>II (position #4585 in pCFM1656) restriction sites is substituted with the DNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 23) shown in Figures 17A and 17B. During the ligation of the sticky ends of this substitution DNA sequence, the outside <u>Aat</u>II and <u>Sac</u>II sites are destroyed. There are unique <u>Aat</u>II and <u>Sac</u>II sites in the substituted DNA.

<u>GM221 (Amgen #2596)</u>. The Amgen host strain #2596 is an <u>E.coli</u> K-12 strain derived from Amgen strain #393. It has been modified to contain both the temperature sensitive lambda repressor cI857s7 in the early <u>ebg</u> region and the lacl^Q repressor in the late <u>ebg</u> region (68 minutes). The presence of these two repressor genes allows the use of this host with a variety of expression systems, however both of these repressors are irrelevant to the expression from $luxP_R$. The untransformed host has no antibiotic resistances.

The ribosome binding site of the cI857s7 gene has been modified to include an enhanced RBS. It has been inserted into the <u>ebg</u> operon between nucleotide position 1170 and 1411 as numbered in Genbank accession number M64441Gb_Ba with deletion of the intervening <u>ebg</u> sequence. The sequence of the insert is shown below with lower case letters representing the <u>ebg</u> sequences flanking the insert shown below (SEQ ID NO: 388):

The construct was delivered to the chromosome using a recombinant phage called MMebg-cI857s7enhanced RBS #4 into F'tet/393. After recombination and resolution only the chromosomal insert described

above remains in the cell. It was renamed F'tet/GM101. F'tet/GM101 was then modified by the delivery of a lacI^Q construct into the <u>ebg</u> operon between nucleotide position 2493 and 2937 as numbered in the Genbank accession number M64441Gb_Ba with the deletion of the intervening <u>ebg</u> sequence. The sequence of the insert is shown below with the lower case letters representing the <u>ebg</u> sequences flanking the insert (SEQ ID NO: 389) shown below:

ggcggaaaccGACGTCCATCGAATGGTGCAAAACCTTTCGCGGTATGGCATGATAGCGCCCGGAAGAGAGTCA **ĂTTČĂGGGTGGTGAATGTGAAACCAGTAACGTTATACGATGTCGCAGAGTATGCCGGTGTCTCTTATCAGACC** 10 GTTTCCCGCGTGGTGAACCAGGCCAGCCACGTTTCTGCGAAAACGCGGGAAAAAGTCGAAGCGGCGATGGCGG AGCTGAATTACATTCCCAACCGCGTGGCACAACAACTGGCGGCAAACAGTCGCTCCTGATTGGCGTTGCCAC CTCCAGTCTGGCCCTGCACGCGCCGTCGCAAATTGTCGCGGCGATTAAATCTCGCGCCCGATCAACTGGGTGCC AGCGTGGTGGTGGTGGTAGAACGAAGCGGCGTCGAAGCCTGTAAAGCGGCGGTGCACAATCTTCTCGCGC 15 TAATGTTCCGGCGTTATTTCTTGATGTCTCTGACCAGACACCCATCAACAGTATTATTTTCTCCCATGAAGAC GGTACGCGACTGGGCGTGGAGCATCTGGTCGCATTGGGTCACCAGCAAATCGCGCTGTTAGCGGGCCCATTAA GTTCTGTCTCGGCGCGTCTGCGTCTGCCTGGCTGGCATAAATATCTCACTCGCAATCAAATTCAGCCGATAGC GGAACGGGAAGGCGACTGGAGTGCCATGTCCGGTTTTCAACAAACCATGCAAATGCTGAATGAGGGCATCGTT CCCACTGCGATGCTGGTTGCCAACGATCAGATGGCGCTGGGCGCAATGCGCGCCATTACCGAGTCCGGGCTGC 20 GCGTTGGTGCGGATATCTCGGTAGTGGGATACGACGATACCGAAGACAGCTCATGTTATATCCCGCCGTTAAC CACCATCAAACAGGATTTTCGCCTGCTGGGGCAAACCAGCGTGGACCGCTTGCTGCAACTCTCTCAGGGCCAG GCGGTGAAGGGCAATCAGCTGTTGCCCGTCTCACTGGTGAAAAGAAAAACCACCCTGGCGCCCAATACGCAAA CCGCCTCTCCCCGCGCTTGGCCGATTCATTAATGCAGCTGGCACGACAGGTTTCCCGACTGGAAAGCGGACA GTAAGGTACCATAGGATCCaggcacagga 25

The construct was delivered to the chromosome using a recombinant phage called AGebg-LacIQ#5 into F'tet/GM101. After recombination and resolution only the chromosomal insert described above remains in the cell. It was renamed F'tet/GM221. The F'tet episome was cured from the strain using acridine orange at a concentration of 25 µg/ml in LB. The cured strain was identified as tetracyline sensitive and was stored as GM221.

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Expression. Cultures of pAMG21-Fc-TMP-TMP in *E. coli* GM221 in

Luria Broth medium containing 50 μg/ml kanamycin were incubated at

37°C prior to induction. Induction of Fc-TMP-TMP gene product
expression from the luxPR promoter was achieved following the addition
of the synthetic autoinducer N-(3-oxohexanoyl)-DL-homoserine lactone to
the culture media to a final concentration of 20 ng/ml and cultures were

incubated at 37°C for a further 3 hours. After 3 hours, the bacterial

cultures were examined by microscopy for the presence of inclusion bodies and were then collected by centrifugation. Refractile inclusion bodies were observed in induced cultures indicating that the Fc-TMP-TMP was most likely produced in the insoluble fraction in *E. coli*. Cell pellets were lysed directly by resuspension in Laemmli sample buffer containing 10% •-mercaptoethanol and were analyzed by SDS-PAGE. An intense Coomassie stained band of approximately 30kDa was observed on an SDS-PAGE gel. The expected gene product would be 269 amino acids in length and have an expected molecular weight of about 29.5 kDa. Fermentation was also carried out under standard batch conditions at the

Fermentation was also carried out under standard batch conditions at the 10 L scale, resulting in similar expression levels of the Fc-TMP-TMP to those obtained at bench scale.

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Purification of Fc-TMP-TMP. Cells are broken in water (1/10) by high pressure homogenization (2 passes at 14,000 PSI) and inclusion bodies are harvested by centrifugation (4200 RPM in J-6B for 1 hour). Inclusion bodies are solubilized in 6M guanidine, 50mM Tris, 8mM DTT, pH 8.7 for 1 hour at a 1/10 ratio. The solubilized mixture is diluted 20 times into 2M urea, 50 mM tris, 160mM arginine, 3mM cysteine, pH 8.5. The mixture is stirred overnight in the cold and then concentrated about 10 fold by ultafiltration. It is then diluted 3 fold with 10mM Tris, 1.5M urea, pH 9. The pH of this mixture is then adjusted to pH 5 with acetic acid. The precipitate is removed by centrifugation and the supernatant is loaded onto a SP-Sepharose Fast Flow column equilibrated in 20mM NaAc, 100 mM NaCl, pH 5(10mg/ml protein load, room temperature). The protein is eluted off using a 20 column volume gradient in the same buffer ranging from 100mM NaCl to 500mM NaCl. The pool from the column is diluted 3 fold and loaded onto a SP-Sepharose HP column in 20 mM NaAc, 150 mM NaCl, pH 5(10 mg/ml protein load, room temperature). The protein is eluted off using a 20 column volume gradient

in the same buffer ranging from 150 mM NaCl to 400 mM NaCl. The peak is pooled and filtered.

<u>Characterization of Fc-TMP activity</u>. The following is a summary of in vivo data in mice with various compounds of this invention.

Mice: Normal female BDF1 approximately 10-12 weeks of age.

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Bleed schedule: Ten mice per group treated on day 0, two groups started 4 days apart for a total of 20 mice per group. Five mice bled at each time point, mice were bled a minimum of three times a week. Mice were anesthetized with isoflurane and a total volume of 140-160 µl of blood was obtained by puncture of the orbital sinus. Blood was counted on a Technicon H1E blood analyzer running software for murine blood. Parameters measured were white blood cells, red blood cells, hematocrit, hemoglobin, platelets, neutrophils.

Treatments: Mice were either injected subcutaneously for a bolus treatment or implanted with 7-day micro-osmotic pumps for continuous delivery. Subcutaneous injections were delivered in a volume of 0.2 ml. Osmotic pumps were inserted into a subcutaneous incision made in the skin between the scapulae of anesthetized mice. Compounds were diluted in PBS with 0.1% BSA. All experiments included one control group, labeled "carrier" that were treated with this diluent only. The concentration of the test articles in the pumps was adjusted so that the calibrated flow rate from the pumps gave the treatment levels indicated in the graphs.

Compounds: A dose titration of the compound was delivered to mice in 7 day micro-osmotic pumps. Mice were treated with various compounds at a single dose of 100 µg/kg in 7 day osmotic pumps. Some of the same compounds were then given to mice as a single bolus injection.

Activity test results: The results of the activity experiments are shown in Figures 11 and 12. In dose response assays using 7-day micro-

osmotic pumps, the maximum effect was seen with the compound of SEQ ID NO: 18 was at 100 $\mu g/kg/day$; the 10 $\mu g/kg/day$ dose was about 50% maximally active and 1 $\mu g/kg/day$ was the lowest dose at which activity could be seen in this assay system. The compound at 10 $\mu g/kg/day$ dose was about equally active as 100 $\mu g/kg/day$ unpegylated rHu-MGDF in the same experiment.

Example 3

Fc-EMP fusions

Fc-EMP. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a monomer of the EPO-mimetic peptide was constructed using standard PCR technology. Templates for PCR reactions were a vector containing the Fc sequence (pFc-A3, described in International application WO 97/23614, published July 3, 1997) and a synthetic gene encoding EPO monomer. The synthetic gene for the monomer was constructed from the 4 overlapping oligonucleotides (SEQ ID NOS: 390 to

10 393, respectively) shown below:

```
1798-2 TAT GAA AGG TGG AGG TGG TGG AGG TAC TTA CTC TTG
CCA CTT CGG CCC GCT GAC TTG G

1798-3 CGG TTT GCA AAC CCA AGT CAG CGG GCC GAA GTG GCA AGA
GTA AGT ACC TCC ACC ACC TCC ACC TTT CAT

1798-4 GTT TGC AAA CCG CAG GGT GGC GGC GGC GGC GGT GGT
ACC TAT TCC TGT CAT TTT

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1798-5 CCA GGT CAG CGG GCC AAA ATG ACA GGA ATA GGT ACC ACC
GCC GCC GCC GCC GCC CTG
```

The 4 oligonucleotides were annealed to form the duplex encoding an amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NOS: 394 and 395, respectively) shown below:

This duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using

40 1798-18 GCA GAA GAG CCT CTC CCT GTC TCC GGG TAA
AGG TGG AGG TGG TGG AGG TAC TTA
CTC T

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1798-19
CTA ATT GGA TCC ACG AGA TTA ACC ACC
CTG CGG TTT GCA A

and

as the sense and antisense primers (SEQ ID NOS: 396 and 397, respectively).

The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with pFc-A3 using the primers

5 1216-52 AAC ATA AGT ACC TGT AGG ATC G

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1798-17 AGA GTA AGT ACC TCC ACC ACC TCC ACC TTT ACC CGG AGA CAG GGA GAG GCT CTT CTG C

which are SEQ ID NOS: 398 and 399, respectively. The oligonucleotides 1798-17 and 1798-18 contain an overlap of 61 nucleotides, allowing the two genes to be fused together in the correct reading frame by combining the above PCR products in a third reaction using the outside primers, 1216-52 and 1798-19.

The final PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases XbaI and BamHI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 (described below), also digested with XbaI and BamHI. Ligated DNA was transformed into competent host cells of E. coli strain 2596 (GM221, described herein). Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #3718.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequence of the resulting fusion protein (SEQ ID NOS: 15 and 16) are shown in Figure 13.

EMP-Fc. A DNA sequence coding for a monomer of the EPOmimetic peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was constructed using standard PCR technology. Templates for PCR reactions were the pFC-A3a vector and a synthetic gene encoding EPO monomer.

The synthetic gene for the monomer was constructed from the 4 overlapping oligonucleotides 1798-4 and 1798-5 (above) and 1798-6 and 1798-7 (SEQ ID NOS: 400 and 401, respectively) shown below:

```
1798-6 GGC CCG CTG ACC TGG GTA TGT AAG CCA CAA GGG GGT GGG GGA GGC GGG GGG TAA TCT CGA G
     1798-7 GAT CCT CGA GAT TAC CCC CCG CCT CCC CCA CCC CCT TGT
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           GGC TTA CAT AC
     The 4 oligonucleotides were annealed to form the duplex encoding an
     amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NOS: 402 and 403, respectively) shown
     below:
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             {\tt GTTTGCAAACCGCAGGGTGGCGGCGGCGGCGGCGGTGGTACCTATTCCTGTCATTTTGGC}
           GTCCCACCGCCGCCGCCGCCACCATGGATAAGGACAGTAAAACCG
15
             V C K P Q G G G G G G T Y S C H F G
             GGCGACTGGACCCATACATTCGGTGTTCCCCCACCCCCTCCGCCCCCCATTAGAGCTCCTAG
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             PLTWVCKPQGGGGGG*
           This duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using
                  TTA TTT CAT ATG AAA GGT GGT AAC TAT TCC TGT CAT TTT
     1798-21
25
     and
                  TGG ACA TGT GTG AGT TTT GTC CCC CCC GCC TCC CCC ACC
     1798-22
                  CCC T
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     as the sense and antisense primers (SEQ ID NOS: 404 and 405,
     respectively).
           The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction
     with pFc-A3 using the primers
35
     1798-23
                  AGG GGG TGG GGG AGG CGG GGG GGA CAA AAC TCA CAC ATG
     and
40
     1200-54
                  GTT ATT GCT CAG CGG TGG CA
     which are SEQ ID NOS: 406 and 407, respectively. The oligonucleotides
     1798-22 and 1798-23 contain an overlap of 43 nucleotides, allowing the two
     genes to be fused together in the correct reading frame by combining the
```

The final PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases XbaI and BamHI, and then ligated

above PCR products in a third reaction using the outside primers, 1787-21

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and 1200-54.

into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described above. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #3688.

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The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 17 and 18) of the resulting fusion protein are shown in Figure 14.

EMP-EMP-Fc. A DNA sequence coding for a dimer of the EPO-mimetic peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was constructed using standard PCR technology. Templates for PCR reactions were the EMP-Fc plasmid from strain #3688 above and a synthetic gene encoding the EPO dimer. The synthetic gene for the dimer was constructed from the 8 overlapping oligonucleotides (SEQ ID NOS:408 to 415, respectively) shown below:

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13	1869-23		TTT AAG						GAT	TTG	AGT	TTT	AAC	TTT
20	1869-48	TAA AA	AAG	TTA	AAA	CTC	AAA	TCT	AGA	ATC	AAA	TCG	ATA	AAA
	1871-72		GGT TGC			TCT	TGC	CAC	TTC	GGC	CCG	CTG	ACT	TGG
25	1871-73		CAG TTA					GCA	AGA	GTA	AGT	ACC	TCC	CAT
20	1871-74		GGT TTT						GGT	GGT	ACC	TAT	TCC	TGT
30	1871-75		ATG CTG						ACC	GCC	GCC	GCC	GCC	GCC
35	1871-78		TGT ACT					GGT	GGG	GGA	GGC	GGG	GGG	GAC
	1871-79		TTT						ccc	ACC	ccc	TTG	TGG	CTT

The 8 oligonucleotides were annealed to form the duplex encoding an amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NOS: 416 and 417, respectively) shown below:

This duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using 1869-23 and 1871-79 (shown above) as the sense and antisense primers.

The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with strain 3688 DNA using the primers 1798-23 and 1200-54 (shown above).

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The oligonucleotides 1871-79 and 1798-23 contain an overlap of 31 nucleotides, allowing the two genes to be fused together in the correct reading frame by combining the above PCR products in a third reaction using the outside primers, 1869-23 and 1200-54.

The final PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases XbaI and BamHI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent E. coli strain 2596 cells as described for Fc-EMP. Clones were screened for ability to produce the recombinant protein product and possession of the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #3813.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 19 and 20, respectively) of the resulting fusion protein are shown in Figure 15. There is a silent mutation at position 145 (A to G, shown in boldface) such that the final construct has a different nucleotide sequence than the oligonucleotide 1871-72 from which it was derived.

<u>Fc-EMP-EMP</u>. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a dimer of the EPO-mimetic peptide was

constructed using standard PCR technology. Templates for PCR reactions were the plasmids from strains 3688 and 3813 above.

The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with strain 3688 DNA using the primers 1216-52 and 1798-17 (shown above). The EMP dimer portion of the molecule was the product of a second PCR reaction with strain 3813 DNA using the primers 1798-18 (also shown above) and SEQ ID NO: 418, shown below:

1798-20 CTA ATT GGA TCC TCG AGA TTA ACC CCC TTG TGG CTT ACAT

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The oligonucleotides 1798-17 and 1798-18 contain an overlap of 61 nucleotides, allowing the two genes to be fused together in the correct reading frame by combining the above PCR products in a third reaction using the outside primers, 1216-52 and 1798-20.

The final PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>XbaI</u> and <u>BamHI</u>, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for Fc-EMP. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #3822.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: __ and __, respectively) of the fusion protein are shown in Figure 16.

<u>Characterization of Fc-EMP activity</u>. Characterization was carried out <u>in vivo</u> as follows.

Mice: Normal female BDF1 approximately 10-12 weeks of age.

Bleed schedule: Ten mice per group treated on day 0, two groups started 4 days apart for a total of 20 mice per group. Five mice bled at each time point, mice were bled a maximum of three times a week. Mice were anesthetized with isoflurane and a total volume of 140-160 ml of blood was obtained by puncture of the orbital sinus. Blood was counted

on a Technicon H1E blood analyzer running software for murine blood. Parameters measured were WBC, RBC, HCT, HGB, PLT, NEUT, LYMPH.

Treatments: Mice were either injected subcutaneously for a bolus treatment or implanted with 7 day micro-osmotic pumps for continuous delivery. Subcutaneous injections were delivered in a volume of 0.2 ml. Osmotic pumps were inserted into a subcutaneous incision made in the skin between the scapulae of anesthetized mice. Compounds were diluted in PBS with 0.1% BSA. All experiments included one control group, labeled "carrier" that were treated with this diluent only. The concentration of the test articles in the pumps was adjusted so that the calibrated flow rate from the pumps gave the treatment levels indicated in the graphs.

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Experiments: Various Fc-conjugated EPO mimetic peptides (EMPs) were delivered to mice as a single bolus injection at a dose of $100 \,\mu\text{g/kg}$. Fc-EMPs were delivered to mice in 7-day micro-osmotic pumps. The pumps were not replaced at the end of 7 days. Mice were bled until day 51 when HGB and HCT returned to baseline levels.

Example 4

TNF-α inhibitors

Fc-TNF-α inhibitors. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a monomer of the TNF-α inhibitory peptide was constructed using standard PCR technology. The Fc and 5 glycine linker portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with DNA from the Fc-EMP fusion strain #3718 (see Example 3) using the sense primer 1216-52 and the antisense primer 2295-89 (SEQ ID NOS: 1112 and 1113, respectively). The nucleotides encoding the TNF-α inhibitory peptide were provided by the PCR primer 2295-89 shown below:

30 1216-52 AAC ATA AGT ACC TGT AGG ATC G
2295-89 CCG CGG ATC CAT TAC GGA CGG TGA CCC AGA GAG GTG TTT TTG TAG

TGC GGC AGG AAG TCA CCA CCT CCA CCT TTA CCC

The oligonucleotide 2295-89 overlaps the glycine linker and Fc portion of the template by 22 nucleotides, with the PCR resulting in the two genes being fused together in the correct reading frame.

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The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases Ndel and BamHI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent E. coli strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4544.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1055 and 1056) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 19A and 19B.

TNF- α inhibitor-Fc. A DNA sequence coding for a TNF- α inhibitory peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was constructed using standard PCR technology. The template for the PCR reaction was a plasmid containing an unrelated peptide fused via a five glycine linker to Fc. The nucleotides encoding the TNF- α inhibitory peptide were provided by the sense PCR primer 2295-88, with primer 1200-54 serving as the antisense primer (SEQ ID NOS: 1117 and 407, respectively). The primer sequences are shown below:

2295-88 GAA TAA CAT ATG GAC TTC CTG CCG CAC TAC AAA AAC ACC TCT CTG GGT CAC CGT CCG GGT GGA GGC GGT GGG GAC AAA ACT

1200-54 GTT ATT GCT CAG CGG TGG CA

The oligonucleotide 2295-88 overlaps the glycine linker and Fc portion of the template by 24 nucleotides, with the PCR resulting in the two genes being fused together in the correct reading frame.

The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>Nde</u>I and <u>Bam</u>HI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4543.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1057 and 1058) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 20A and 20B.

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Expression in E. coli. Cultures of each of the pAMG21-Fc-fusion constructs in E. coli GM221 were grown at 37 °C in Luria Broth medium containing 50 mg/ml kanamycin. Induction of gene product expression from the luxPR promoter was achieved following the addition of the synthetic autoinducer N-(3-oxohexanoyl)-DL-homoserine lactone to the culture media to a final concentration of 20 ng/ml. Cultures were incubated at 37 °C for a further 3 hours. After 3 hours, the bacterial cultures were examined by microscopy for the presence of inclusion bodies and were then collected by centrifugation. Refractile inclusion bodies were observed in induced cultures indicating that the Fc-fusions were most likely produced in the insoluble fraction in E. coli. Cell pellets were lysed directly by resuspension in Laemmli sample buffer containing 10% β -mercaptoethanol and were analyzed by SDS-PAGE. In each case, an intense coomassie-stained band of the appropriate molecular weight was observed on an SDS-PAGE gel.

Purification of Fc-peptide fusion proteins. Cells are broken in water (1/10) by high pressure homogenization (2 passes at 14,000 PSI) and inclusion bodies are harvested by centrifugation (4200 RPM in J-6B for 1 hour). Inclusion bodies are solubilized in 6M guanidine, 50mM Tris, 8mM DTT, pH 8.7 for 1 hour at a 1/10 ratio. The solubilized mixture is diluted

20 times into 2M urea, 50 mM tris, 160mM arginine, 3mM cysteine, pH 8.5. The mixture is stirred overnight in the cold and then concentrated about 10 fold by ultafiltration. It is then diluted 3 fold with 10mM Tris, 1.5M urea, pH 9. The pH of this mixture is then adjusted to pH 5 with acetic acid. The precipitate is removed by centrifugation and the supernatant is loaded onto a SP-Sepharose Fast Flow column equilibrated in 20mM NaAc, 100 mM NaCl, pH 5 (10mg/ml protein load, room temperature). The protein is eluted from the column using a 20 column volume gradient in the same buffer ranging from 100mM NaCl to 500mM NaCl. The pool from the column is diluted 3 fold and loaded onto a SP-Sepharose HP column in 20mM NaAc, 150mM NaCl, pH 5(10mg/ml protein load, room temperature). The protein is eluted using a 20 column volume gradient in the same buffer ranging from 150mM NaCl to 400mM NaCl. The peak is pooled and filtered.

<u>Characterization of activity of Fc-TNF- α inhibitor and TNF- α inhibitor -Fc. Binding of these peptide fusion proteins to TNF- α can be characterized by BIAcore by methods available to one of ordinary skill in the art who is armed with the teachings of the present specification.</u>

Example 5

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IL-1 Antagonists

Fc-IL-1 antagonist. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a monomer of an IL-1 antagonist peptide was constructed using standard PCR technology. The Fc and 5 glycine linker portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with DNA from the Fc-EMP fusion strain #3718 (see Example 3) using the sense primer 1216-52 and the antisense primer 2269-70 (SEQ ID NOS: 1112 and 1118, respectively). The nucleotides encoding the IL-1 antagonist peptide were provided by the PCR primer 2269-70 shown below:

```
1216-52 AAC ATA AGT ACC TGT AGG ATC G

CCG CGG ATC CAT TAC AGC GGC AGA GCG TAC GGC TGC CAG TAA CCC
GGG GTC CAT TCG AAA CCA CCA CCT CCA CCT TTA CCC
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The oligonucleotide 2269-70 overlaps the glycine linker and Fc portion of the template by 22 nucleotides, with the PCR resulting in the two genes being fused together in the correct reading frame.

The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>Nde</u>I and <u>Bam</u>HI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4506.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1059 and 1060) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 21A and 21B.

<u>IL-1 antagonist-Fc.</u> A DNA sequence coding for an IL-1 antagonist peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was constructed using standard PCR technology. The template for the PCR reaction was a plasmid containing an unrelated peptide fused via a five glycine linker to Fc. The nucleotides encoding the IL-1 antagonist peptide were provided by the sense PCR primer 2269-69, with primer 1200-54 serving as the antisense primer (SEQ ID NOS: 1119 and 407, respectively). The primer sequences are shown below:

30		GAA CTG									CAG	CCG	TAC	GCT
	1200-54	GTT	ልጥጥ	GCT	CAG	CGG	TGG	CA						
	1200 34	011	*** *											

The oligonucleotide 2269-69 overlaps the glycine linker and Fc portion of the template by 24 nucleotides, with the PCR resulting in the two genes being fused together in the correct reading frame.

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The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>NdeI</u> and <u>BamHI</u>, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4505.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1061 and 1062) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 22A and 22B. Expression and purification were carried out as in previous examples.

Characterization of Fc-IL-1 antagonist peptide and IL-1 antagonist peptide-Fc activity. IL-1 Receptor Binding competition between IL-1β, IL-1RA and Fc-conjugated IL-1 peptide sequences was carried out using the IGEN system. Reactions contained 0.4 nM biotin-IL-1R + 15 nM IL-1-TAG + 3 uM competitor + 20 ug/ml streptavidin-conjugate beads, where competitors were IL-1RA, Fc-IL-1 antagonist, IL-1 antagonist-Fc). Competition was assayed over a range of competitor concentrations from 3 uM to 1.5 pM. The results are shown in Table C below:

Table C—Results from IL-1 Receptor Binding Competition Assay

		IL-1pep-Fc	Fc-IL-1pep	IL-1ra
5	KI EC50	281.5 530.0	59.58 112.2	1.405 2.645
	95% Confidence	e Intervals		
10	EC50	280.2 to 1002	54.75 to 229.8	1.149 to 6.086
15	KI	148.9 to 532.5	29.08 to 122.1	0.6106 to 3.233
13	Goodness of Fi	t		
	R²	0.9790	0.9687	0.9602

Example 6

VEGF-Antagonists

Fc-VEGF Antagonist. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a monomer of the VEGF mimetic peptide was constructed using standard PCR technology. The templates for the PCR reaction were the pFc-A3 plasmid and a synthetic VEGF mimetic peptide gene. The synthetic gene was assembled by annealing the following two oligonucleotides primer (SEQ ID NOS: 1120 and 1121, respectively):

2293-11 GTT GAA CCG AAC TGT GAC ATC CAT GTT ATG TGG GAA TGG GAA TGT TTT GAA CGT CTG

2293-12 CAG ACG TTC AAA ACA TTC CCA TTC CCA CAT AAC ATG GAT GTC 15 ACA GTT CGG TTC AAC

The two oligonucleotides anneal to form the following duplex encoding an amino acid sequence shown below (SEQ ID NOS 1122):

This duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using 2293-05 and 2293-06 as the sense and antisense primers (SEQ ID NOS. 1125 and 1126).

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The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with the pFc-A3 plasmid using the primers 2293-03 and 2293-04 as the sense and antisense primers (SEQ ID NOS. 1123 and 1124, respectively). The full length fusion gene was obtained from a third PCR reaction using the outside primers 2293-03 and 2293-06. These primers are shown below:

	2293-03	ATT ACA	TGA TGT	TTC	TAG	AAG	GAG	GAA	TAA	CAT	ATG	GAC	AAA	ACT	CAC
5	2293-04		ACA CAG		CGG	TTC	AAC	ACC	ACC	ACC	ACC	ACC	TTT	ACC	CGG
	2293-05		CTG TGT			GGT	AAA	GGT	GGT	GGT	GGT	GGT	GTT	GAA	CCG
10	2293-06	CCG	CGG	АТС	СТС	GAG	тта	CAG	ACG	TTC	AAA	ACA	TTC	CCA	

The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>NdeI</u> and <u>BamHI</u>, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4523.

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The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1063 and 1064) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 23A and 23B.

<u>VEGF antagonist -Fc</u>. A DNA sequence coding for a VEGF mimetic peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was constructed using standard PCR technology. The templates for the PCR reaction were the pFc-A3 plasmid and the synthetic VEGF mimetic peptide gene described above. The synthetic duplex was amplified in a PCR reaction using 2293-07 and 2293-08 as the sense and antisense primers (SEQ ID NOS. 1127 and 1128, respectively).

The Fc portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with the pFc-A3 plasmid using the primers 2293-09 and 2293-10 as the sense and antisense primers (SEQ ID NOS. 1129 and 1130, respectively).

The full length fusion gene was obtained from a third PCR reaction using the outside primers 2293-07 and 2293-10. These primers are shown below:

	2293-07	ATT	TGA	TTC	TAG	AAG	GAG	GAA	TAA	CAT	ATG	GTT	GAA	CCG	AAC
5		TGT	GAC												
	2293-08	ACA	TGT	GTG	AGT	ттт	GTC	ACC	ACC	ACC	ACC	ACC	CAG	ACG	TTC
		AAA	ACA	TTC											
10	2293-09	GAA	TGT	ттт	GAA	CGT	СТG	GGT	GGT	GGT	GGT	GGT	GAC	AAA	ACT
		CAC	ACA	TGT											

The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases Ndel and BamHI, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent E. coli strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4524.

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The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1065 and 1066) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 24A and 24B. Expression and purification were carried out as in previous examples.

Example 7

MMP Inhibitors

Fc-MMP inhibitor. A DNA sequence coding for the Fc region of human IgG1 fused in-frame to a monomer of an MMP inhibitory peptide was constructed using standard PCR technology. The Fc and 5 glycine linker portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with DNA from the Fc-TNF-α inhibitor fusion strain #4544 (see Example 4) using the sense primer 1216-52 and the antisense primer 2308-67 (SEQ ID NOS: 1112)

and 1131, respectively). The nucleotides encoding the MMP inhibitor peptide were provided by the PCR primer 2308-67 shown below:

```
5 2308-67 ACC ATA AGT ACC TGT AGG ATC G

CCG CGG ATC CAT TAG CAC AGG GTG AAA CCC CAG TGG GTG GTG CAA CCA CCA CCT CCA CCT TTA CCC
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The oligonucleotide 2308-67 overlaps the glycine linker and Fc portion of the template by 22 nucleotides, with the PCR resulting in the two genes being fused together in the correct reading frame.

The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>NdeI</u> and <u>BamHI</u>, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4597.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1067 and 1068) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 25A and 25B. Expression and purification were carried out as in previous examples.

MMP Inhibitor-Fc. A DNA sequence coding for an MMP inhibitory peptide fused in-frame to the Fc region of human IgG1 was constructed using standard PCR technology. The Fc and 5 glycine linker portion of the molecule was generated in a PCR reaction with DNA from the Fc-TNF- α inhibitor fusion strain #4543 (see Example 4). The nucleotides encoding the MMP inhibitory peptide were provided by the sense PCR primer 2308-66, with primer 1200-54 serving as the antisense primer (SEQ ID NOS: 1132 and 407, respectively). The primer sequences are shown below:

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2308-66 GAA TAA CAT ATG TGC ACC ACC CAC TGG GGT TTC ACC CTG TGC GGT GGA GGC GGT GGG GAC AAA

35 1200-54 GTT ATT GCT CAG CGG TGG CA

The oligonucleotide 2269-69 overlaps the glycine linker and Fc portion of the template by 24 nucleotides, with the PCR resulting in the two genes being fused together in the correct reading frame.

The PCR gene product (the full length fusion gene) was digested with restriction endonucleases <u>NdeI</u> and <u>BamHI</u>, and then ligated into the vector pAMG21 and transformed into competent <u>E. coli</u> strain 2596 cells as described for EMP-Fc herein. Clones were screened for the ability to produce the recombinant protein product and to possess the gene fusion having the correct nucleotide sequence. A single such clone was selected and designated Amgen strain #4598.

The nucleotide and amino acid sequences (SEQ ID NOS: 1069 and 1070) of the fusion protein are shown in Figures 26A and 26B.

* * *

The invention now being fully described, it will be apparent to one of ordinary skill in the art that many changes and modifications can be made thereto, without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth herein.

20 Abbreviations

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Abbreviations used throughout this specification are as defined below, unless otherwise defined in specific circumstances.

Ac acetyl (used to refer to acetylated residues)

AcBpa acetylated p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine

antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity

Aib aminoisobutyric acid

bA beta-alanine

Bpa p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine

BrAc bromoacetyl (BrCH₂C(O)

BSA Bovine serum albumin Bzl Benzyl Caproic acid Cap CTL Cytotoxic T lymphocytes CTLA4 Cytotoxic T lymphocyte antigen 4 5 DARC Duffy blood group antigen receptor DCC Dicylcohexylcarbodiimide 1-(4,4-dimethyl-2,6-dioxo-cyclohexylidene)ethyl Dde **EMP** Erythropoietin-mimetic peptide **ESI-MS** Electron spray ionization mass spectrometry 10 **EPO** Erythropoietin Fmoc fluorenylmethoxycarbonyl Granulocyte colony stimulating factor G-CSF Growth hormone GH **HCT** hematocrit 15 **HGB** hemoglobin Human growth hormone hGH 1-Hydroxybenzotriazole **HOBt** high performance liquid chromatography **HPLC** 20 ILinterleukin IL-R interleukin receptor IL-1R interleukin-1 receptor IL-1ra interleukin-1 receptor antagonist Lauric acid Lau 25 **LPS** lipopolysaccharide LYMPH lymphocytes MALDI-MS Matrix-assisted laser desorption ionization mass spectrometry Me methyl

MeO methoxy major histocompatibility complex MHC **MMP** matrix metalloproteinase **MMPI** matrix metalloproteinase inhibitor 5 1-napthylalanine 1-Nap **NEUT** neutrophils NGF nerve growth factor Nle norleucine **NMP** N-methyl-2-pyrrolidinone **PAGE** polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis 10 **PBS** Phosphate-buffered saline Pbf 2,2,4,6,7-pendamethyldihydrobenzofuran-5-sulfonyl PCR polymerase chain reaction Pec pipecolic acid 15 PEG Poly(ethylene glycol) pGlu pyroglutamic acid Pic picolinic acid PLT platelets pΥ phosphotyrosine 20 **RBC** red blood cells **RBS** ribosome binding site RT room temperature (25 °C) Sar sarcosine SDS sodium dodecyl sulfate 25 STK serine-threonine kinases t-Boc tert-Butoxycarbonyl · tBu tert-Butyl **TGF** tissue growth factor **THF** thymic humoral factor

TK tyrosine kinase Thrombopoietin-mimetic peptide TMP TNF Tissue necrosis factor TPO Thrombopoietin 5 TRAIL TNF-related apoptosis-inducing ligand trityl Trt UK urokinase UKR urokinase receptor VEGF vascular endothelial cell growth factor VIP 10 vasoactive intestinal peptide WBC

white blood cells

What is claimed is:

1. A composition of matter of the formula

$$(X^1)_a - F^1 - (X^2)_b$$

and multimers thereof, wherein:

5 F¹ is an Fc domain;

 X^{1} and X^{2} are each independently selected from $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}$, $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{e}-P^{3}$, and $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{e}-P^{3}-(L^{4})_{c}-P^{4}$

P¹, P², P³, and P⁴ are each independently sequences of pharmacologically active peptides;

 L^1 , L^2 , L^3 , and L^4 are each independently linkers; and a, b, c, d, e, and f are each independently 0 or 1, provided that at least one of a and b is 1.

2. The composition of matter of Claim 1 of the formulae

15 X¹-F¹

or

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 F^1-X^2

3. The composition of matter of Claim 1 of the formula

20 4. The composition of matter of Claim 1 of the formula

$$F^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}$$
.

- 5. The composition of matter of Claim 1 wherein F¹ is an IgG Fc domain.
- 6. The composition of matter of Claim 1 wherein F¹ is an IgG1 Fc
 25 domain.
 - 7. The composition of matter of Claim 1 wherein F¹ comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
 - 8. The composition of matter of Claim 1 wherein X¹ and X² comprise an IL-1 antagonist peptide sequence.

9. The composition of matter of Claim 8 wherein the IL-1 antagonist peptide sequence is selected from SEQ ID NOS: 212, 907, 908, 909, 910, 917, and 979.

10. The composition of matter of Claim 8 wherein the IL-1 antagonist peptide sequence is selected from SEQ ID NOS: 213 to 271, 671 to 906, 911 to 916, and 918 to 1023.

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- 11. The composition of matter of Claim 8 wherein F¹ comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- The composition of matter of Claim 1 wherein X¹ and X² comprise
 an EPO-mimetic peptide sequence.
 - 13. The composition of matter of Claim 12 wherein the EPO-mimetic peptide sequence is selected from Table 5.
 - 14. The composition of matter of Claim 12 wherein F¹ comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
- 15 15. The composition of matter of Claim 12 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 83, 84, 85, 124, 419, 420, 421, and 461.
 - 16. The composition of matter of claim 12 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 339 and 340.
- 17. The composition of matter of Claim 12 comprising a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 20 and 22.
 - 18. The composition of matter of Claim 3 wherein P¹ is a TPO-mimetic peptide sequence.
 - 19. The composition of matter of Claim 18 wherein P¹ is a TPO-mimetic peptide sequence selected from Table 6.
- 25 20. The composition of matter of Claim 18 wherein F¹ comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
 - 21. The composition of matter of Claim 18 having a sequence selected from SEQ ID NOS: 6 and 12.
 - 22. A DNA encoding a composition of matter of any of Claims 1 to 21.

- 23. An expression vector comprising the DNA of Claim 22.
- 24. A host cell comprising the expression vector of Claim 23.
- 25. The cell of Claim 24, wherein the cell is an E. coli cell.

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- 26. A process for preparing a pharmacologically active compound, which comprises
 - selecting at least one randomized peptide that modulates the activity of a protein of interest; and
 - b) preparing a pharmacologic agent comprising at least one Fc domain covalently linked to at least one amino acid sequence of the selected peptide or peptides.
- 27. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is selected in a process comprising screening of a phage display library, an <u>E. coli</u> display library, a ribosomal library, or a chemical peptide library.
- 28. The process of Claim 26, wherein the preparation of the pharmacologic agent is carried out by:
 - a) preparing a gene construct comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding the selected peptide and a nucleic acid sequence encoding an Fc domain; and
 - b) expressing the gene construct.
- 20 29. The process of Claim 26, wherein the gene construct is expressed in an E. coli cell.
 - 30. The process of Claim 26, wherein the protein of interest is a cell surface receptor.
 - 31. The process of Claim 26, wherein the protein of interest has a linear epitope.
 - 32. The process of Claim 26, wherein the protein of interest is a cytokine receptor.
 - 33. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is an EPO-mimetic peptide.

34. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is a TPO-mimetic peptide.

- 35. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is an IL-1 antagonist peptide.
- 5 36. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is an MMP inhibitor peptide or a VEGF antagonist peptide.
 - 37. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is a TNF-antagonist peptide.
- 38. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is a CTLA4-mimetic peptide.
 - 39. The process of Claim 26, wherein the peptide is selected from Tables 4 to 20.
 - 40. The process of Claim 26, wherein the selection of the peptide is carried out by a process comprising:

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- a) preparing a gene construct comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding a first selected peptide and a nucleic acid sequence encoding an Fc domain;
 - conducting a polymerase chain reaction using the gene construct and mutagenic primers, wherein
 - i) a first mutagenic primer comprises a nucleic acid sequence complementary to a sequence at or near the
 5' end of a coding strand of the gene construct, and
 - ii) a second mutagenic primer comprises a nucleic acid sequence complementary to the 3' end of the noncoding strand of the gene construct.
- 41. The process of Claim 26, wherein the compound is derivatized.
- 42. The process of Claim 26, wherein the derivatized compound comprises a cyclic portion, a cross-linking site, a non-peptidyl

linkage, an N-terminal replacement, a C-terminal replacement, or a modified amino acid moiety.

- 43. The process of Claim 26 wherein the Fc domain is an IgG Fc domain.
- 5 44. The process of Claim 26, wherein the vehicle is an IgG1 Fc domain.
 - 45. The process of Claim 26, wherein the vehicle comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.
 - 46. The process of Claim 26, wherein the compound prepared is of the formula

10 $(X^1)_a - F^1 - (X^2)_b$

and multimers thereof, wherein:

F¹ is an Fc domain;

 X^{1} and X^{2} are each independently selected from $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}$, $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{e}-P^{3}$, and $-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}-(L^{3})_{e}-P^{3}-(L^{4})_{c}-P^{4}$

P¹, P², P³, and P⁴ are each independently sequences of pharmacologically active peptides;

L¹, L², L³, and L⁴ are each independently linkers; and a, b, c, d, e, and f are each independently 0 or 1, provided that at least one of a and b is 1.

47. The process of Claim 46, wherein the compound prepared is of the formulae

X'-F'

or

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F¹-X².

48. The process of Claim 46, wherein the compound prepared is of the formulae

$$F^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}$$

or

$$F^{1}-(L^{1})_{c}-P^{1}-(L^{2})_{d}-P^{2}.$$

- 49. The process of Claim 46, wherein F¹ is an IgG Fc domain.
- 50. The process of Claim 46, wherein F¹ is an IgG1 Fc domain.
- 5 51. The process of Claim 46, wherein F¹ comprises the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 2.

FIG. 1

peptide selection

peptide optimization

formation of Fc-peptide DNA construct

insertion of construct into expression vector

transfection of host cell with vector

expression of vector in host cell

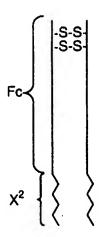
Fc multimer formation in host cell

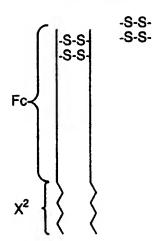
isolation of Fc multimer from host cell

FIG. 2A

FIG. 2B

FIG. 2C





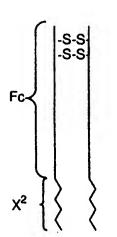
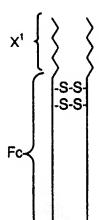
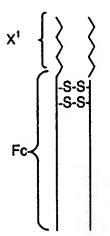


FIG. 2D FIG. 2E

FIG. 2F





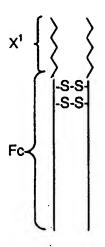


FIG. 3A

FIG. 3B

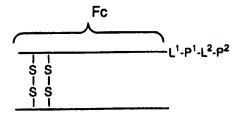


FIG. 3C

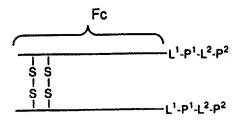


FIG. 4

		ATGGACAAAACTCACACATGTCCACCTTGTCCAGCTCCGGAACTCCTGGGGGGGACCGTCA																				
	1		CT	GTT'	TTG	AGT	GTG:	rac.	AGG1							'GAG	GAC	ccc	CCT	GGC	AGT	60
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		CAC	GAA	GGA(GAA(GG(GGG'	rrri	rgg(TTC	CTC	TGC	GAC	TAC	TAG	AGG	GCC	TGG	GGA	CTC	CAG	
a		V	F	L	F	P	P	K	P	K	D	T	L	M	I	S	R	T	P	E	V	•
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	421	TT	CTT	GGT	CCA	GTC	TCGGACTGGACGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCAC															
a		K	N	Q	v	s	L	T	С	L	v	K	G	F	Y	P	S	D	I	A	V	-
	481	GA	GTG	GGA	GAG	CAA	TGG	GCA				CAAC		CAAC	CACC	CACC	CCI	cc	GT	CT	GAC	540
	401	CT	CAC	CCT	CTC	GTT	ACC	CGT						3TTC	TGC	STGC	:GG#	.GG(GCA(CGAC	CTG	340
a		E	W	E	S	N	G	Q	P	E	N	N	Y	K	T	T	P	P	V	L	D	•
	541	TC	CGA	CGG	CTC	CTT	CTT	CCT	CTA	CAG	CAA	GCT(CAC	CGT	GGA(CAAC	AGC	AG	GTG(GCA(CAG	600
	341	AG	GCT	GCC	GAG	GAA	GAA	GGA	GAT	GTC	GTT(CGA	GTG	GCA	CTC	3TTC	CTC	HC(CAC	CGT	CGTC	٠.٠
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a											H	E	A	L	Н	N	H	Y	T	Q	K	-
	661	AG	CCI	CTC	CCT	GTC	TCC	:GGG	TAA	-	684											
		TC	GGA	GAG	GGA	CAG	AGG	CCC	ATT	T												

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FIG. 6

FIG. 7 XbaI TCTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGACAAAACTCACACATGTC AGATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCTGTTTTGAGTGTGTACAG c M D K T H T C P -CACCTTGTCCAGCTCCGGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCCAAAAC 61 -----+ 120 GTGGAACAGGTCGAGGCCTTGAGGACCCCCCTGGCAGTCAGAAGGAGAAGGGGGGTTTTG PCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKP-C CCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGA 121 ------ 180 GGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTCCAGTGTACGCACCACCACCTGCACT C K D T L M I S R T P E V T C V V D V g -GCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG 181 ------ 240 CGGTGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGTTCAAGTTGACCATGCACCTGCCGCACCTCCACGTATTAC C HEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNA-CCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAACAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCA 241 ------ +----- 300 GGTTCTGTTTCGGCGCCCTCCTCGTCATGTTGTCGTGCATGGCACACCAGTCGCAGGAGT c KTKPREEQYNSTYRVVSVLT. CCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGCCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAG 301 -----+ 360 GGCAGGACGTGGTCCTGACCGACTTACCGTTCCTCATGTTCACGTTCCAGAGGTTGTTTC C V L H Q D W L N G K E Y K C K V S N K A -CCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCAC 361 -----+ 420 GGGAGGGTCGGGGGTAGCTCTTTTGGTAGAGGTTTCCGGTTCCCGTCGGGGCTCTTGGTG c L P A P I E K T I S K A K G Q P R E P Q -AGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGATGAGCTGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCT 421 -----+ 480 TCCACATGTGGGACGGGGTAGGGCCCTACTCGACTGGTTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGA V Y T L P P S R D E L T K N Q V S L T C c GCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGC CGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCACCTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCG C L V K G F Y P S D I A V E W E S N G Q P -CGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCT 541 -----+ 600 GCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTGAGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGGAGA c ENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLY-ACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCG 601 -----+ 660 TGTCGTTCGAGTGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTCCCCTTGCAGAAGAGTACGAGGC C S K L T V D K S R W Q Q G N V F S C S V -TGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTA 661 -----+ 720 ACTACGTACTCCGAGACGTGTTGGTGATGTGCGTCTTCTCGGAGAGGGCAGAGGCCCAT c M H E A L H N H Y T Q K S L S P G K - ${\tt AAGGTGGAGGTGGTATCGAAGGTCCGACTCTGCGTCAGTGGCTGCTTGTTCTT}$ -+---- 780 c G G G G I E G P T L R Q W L A A R A * -BamHI AATCTCGAGGATCC 781 ----- 794 TTAGAGCTCCTAGG

FIG. 8

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c	61		AAC	AGG	rcg		CTI	GAC	GAC	ccc	ccc	rgg	CAG	TCA	GAA	GGA	GAA	+	GGG1	VAAAC TTTTG K P	
c	121	GGTI	CCT	··+ GTG	GGA	TAC	TAC	λGC	GCC	TGC	GGI	ACT	 CCA	 GTG	TAC	GCA	CCA	+	CCT	CACT V S	
c	181	CGGT	GCT	··+ TCT(GGG	ACTO	CAC	TTC	AAC	TTC	.+- GAC	CAT	GCA	 CCT	GCC	 GCA	CCT	+	CGT	TAATG VTTAC N A	
c	241	GGTT	CTG	··+ TTT(CGG	GCC	CTC	CTC	GTO	ATO	. + - 3TT(GTC	GTG	CAT	GGC	 ACA	CCA	+·· GTC	GCA	GAGT L T	
c	301	GGCA	GGA	··+ CGT	GGT	CTC	SACC	GAC	TT	ACC	- + - 377(CCT	CAT	+ GTT	CAC	GTT	CCA	+ GAG	GTT	GTTTC K A	
c	361	• • • •	GGG	TCG	GGG	. .	CTC	TT	TGC	TAC	٠+٠	GTT		GTT	TCC	CGT	CGG	+	TCT	ACCAC F Q	
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с	481	CGG/	CCA V	GTT K	rcc G	GAAC F	ATA Y	AGG(STC(CTC D	TAC	GCG A	GCA V	CCT E	CAC	CCT	CTC S	GTT. N	ACC(-	
с	541	GCCT	CTT	GTT N	GAT Y	GTTC K	TGC	T	EGG/ P	AGG(GCA(V	CGA L	CCT D	GAG S	GCT D	GCC G	GAG S	GAA P	GAA(
c	601	TGTC	GTT	CGA L	GTG0 T	GCAC V	CTC	K K	STCC S	TCC R	W	CGT Q	CGT Q	CCC G	CTT	GCA V	GAA F	GAG S	TAC	GAGGC S V	660
С	661	ACTA M	ACGT H	ACT E	CCG	AGA(GT(STT(N	GGT(GAT(Y	-+- GTG T	CGT	CTI K	CTC S	GGA L	GAG S	GGA L	CAG S	AGG(GGTA CCCAT G K	
С	721	TTCC	CACC G	TCC G	ACC.	ACC/ G	ATA(E	rcc G	AGG(CTG.	AGA L	CGC R	AGT Q	CAC W	CGA L	CCĞ A	ACG A	AGC: R	rgctg ACGAC A G	
c	781	CAC	CACC	TCC	ACC G	GCC(GCC	rcci	ATA	ACT	. + - CCC	GGG	TTC	GGA	AGC	GGT	TAC	+	ACG	AGCAC FCGTG A R	
	841		CATA CTAT	+	TCG AGC	TCC	ATC(+- 1 GC	С				A	•							
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FIG. 9

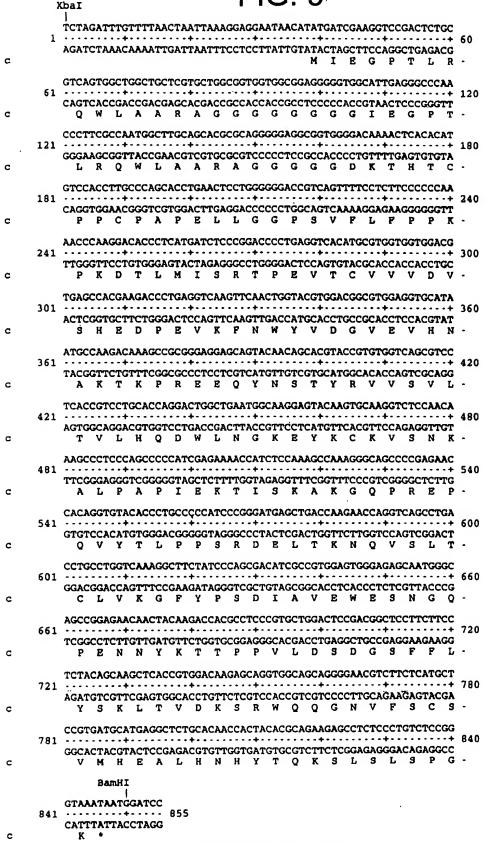


FIG. 10 XbaI TCTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGATCGAAGGTCCGACTCTGC 1 60 AGATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACTAGCTTCCAGGCTGAGACG MIEGPTLR-C GTCAGTGGCTGCTGCTGGTGGAGGCGGTGGGGACAAAACTCACACATGTCCAC 61 -----+ 120 CAGTCACCGACCGACGACCACCACCTCCGCCACCCCTGTTTTGAGTGTGTACAGGTG Q W L A A R A G G G G D K T H T C P P -С CTTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCAGTTTTCCTCTTCCCCCCAAAACCCA 121 -----+ 180 GAACGGGTCGTGGACTTGAGGACCCCCCTGGCAGTCAAAAGGAGAAGGGGGGTTTTGGGT C C P A P E L L G G P S V F L F P P K P K -AGGACACCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCC TCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTCCAGTGTACGCACCACCACCACCTGCACTCGG D T L M I S R T P E V T C V V D V S H c ACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCA 241 + 300 TGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGTTCAAGTTGACCATGCACCTGCCGCACCTCCACGTATTACGGT EDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNAKc AGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAACAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCACCG TCTGTTTCGGCGCCCTCCTCGTCATGTTGTCGTGCATGGCACACCAGTCGCAGGAGTGGC T K P R E E Q Y N S T Y R V V S V L T V c TCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCC AGGACGTGGTCCTGACCGACTTACCGTTCCTCATGTTCACGTTCCAGAGGTTGTTTCGGG L H Q D W L N G K E Y K C K V S N K A L · c TCCCAGCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGG AGGGTCGGGGGTAGCTCTTTTGGTAGAGGTTTCGGTTTCCCGTCGGGGCTCTTGGTGTCC PAPIEKTISKAKG Q PREPQ Vc TGTACACCCTGCCCCATCCGGGATGAGCTGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCC ACATGTGGGACGGGGTAGGGCCCTACTCGACTGGTTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGG ¢ YTLPPSRDELTKNQVSLTCL-TGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGG 541 -----+ 600 ACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCACCTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCC V K G F Y P S D I A V E W E S N G Q P E -C AGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCTACA 601 -----+ 660 TCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTGAGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGGAGATGT N N Y K T T P P V L D S D G S F F L Y S c GCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGA 661 -----+ 720 - CGTTCGAGTGGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTCCCCTTGCAGAAGAGTACGAGGCACT K L T V D K S R W Q Q G N V P S C S V M c TGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAAT 721 -----+ 780 ACGTACTCCGAGACGTGTTGGTGATGTGCGTCTTCTCGGAGAGGGGACAGAGGCCCATTTA HEALHNHYTQKSLSLSPGK*c BamHI AATGGATCC 781 ----- 789 TTACCTAGG



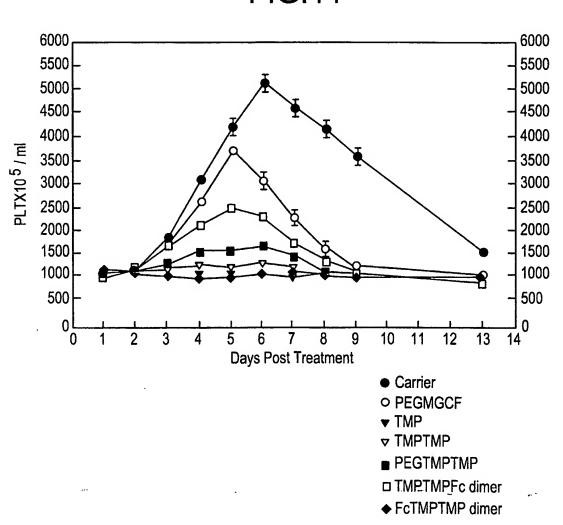
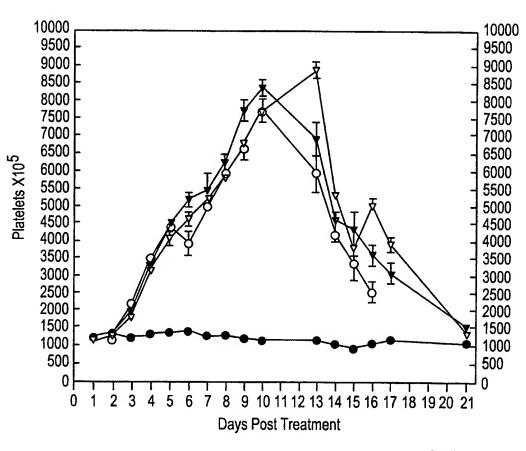


FIG.12



- Carrier
- O PEG MGDF
- ▼ TMPTMPFc dimer
- .▼._FcTMPTMP dimer_

FIG. 13 XbaI TCTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGACAAAACTCACACATGTC AGATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCTGTTTTGAGTGTGTACAG C M D K T H T C P -CACCTTGTCCAGCTCCGGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCAGTCTTCCTCTTCCCCCAAAAC GTGGAACAGGTCGAGGCCTTGAGGACCCCCCTGGCAGTCAGAAGGAGAAGGGGGGTTTTG PCPAPELLGGPSVFLFPPKP-C CCAAGGACACCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGA GGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTCCAGTGTACGCACCACCACCACCTGCACT c K D T L M I S R T P E V T C V V V D V S -GCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG CGGTGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGTTCAAGTTGACCATGCACCTGCCGCACCTCCACGTATTAC c HEDPEVKFNWYVDGVEVHNA-CCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAACAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCA GGTTCTGTTTCGGCGCCCTCCTCGTCATGTTGTCGTGCATGGCACACCAGTCGCAGGAGT K T K P R E E Q Y N S T Y R V V S V L T -C CCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAG GGCAGGACGTGGTCCTGACCGACTTACCGTTCCTCATGTTCACGTTCCAGAGGTTGTTTC V L H Q D W L N G K E Y K C K V S N K A c CCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCAC 361 -----+ 420 GGGAGGGTCGGGGGTAGCTCTTTTGGTAGAGGTTTCGGTTTCCCGTCGGGGCTCTTGGTG c L P A P I E K T I S K A K G Q P R E P O -AGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGATGAGCTGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCT TCCACATGTGGGACGGGGTAGGGCCCTACTCGACTGGTTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGA YTLPPSRDELTKNQVSL C GCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGC 481 ------ +----- +540 CGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCACCTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCG LVKGFYPSDIAVEWESNGQP C CGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCT GCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTGAGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGGAGA ENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSPFLY-C ACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCG 601 -----+---TGTCGTTCGAGTGGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTCCCCTTGCAGAAGAGTACGAGGC SKLTVDKSRWQQGNVFSCSVc TGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTA 661 ------ACTACGTACTCCGAGACGTGTTGGTGATGTCGCGTCTTCTCGGAGAGGGACAGAGGCCCAT M H E A L H N H Y T Q K S L S L S P G K -C

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|
GCAAACCGCAGGGTGGTTAATCTCGTGGATCC

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CGTTTGGCGTCCCACCAATTAGAGCACCTAGG
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С

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TTCCACCTCCACCACCACCACCATGAATGAGAACGGTGAAGCCGGGCGACTGAACCCAAA
G G G G G G T Y S C H F G P L T W V C -

FIG. 14 XbaI M G G T Y S C H c **ACTTCGGCCGGTGACTTGGGTATGTAAGCCACAAGGGGGTGGGGGGAGGCGGGGGGACA** TGAAGCCGGGCGACTGAACCCATACATTCGGTGTTCCCCCACCCCCTCCGCCCCCCCTGT c F G P L T W V C K P Q G G G G G G D K -AAACTCACACATGTCCACCTTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCAGTTTTCC 121 -----+ 180 TTTGAGTGTGTACAGGTGGAACGGGTCGTGGACTTGAGGACCCCCCTGGCAGTCAAAAGG THTCPPCPAPELLGGPSVPL. C TCTTCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCG AGAAGGGGGGTTTTGGGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTCCAGTGTACGC c F P P K P K D T L M I S R T P E V T C V -TGGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGGCG ACCACCACCTGCACTCGGTGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGTTCAAGTTGACCATGCACCTGCCGC V V D V S H E D P E V K F N W Y V D G C TGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAACAGCACGTACCGTG ACCTCCACGTATTACGGTTCTGTTTCGGCGCCCTCCTCGTCATGTTGTCGTGCATGGCAC EVHNAKTKPREEQYNSTYRV-C TGGTCAGCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCA ACCAGTCGCAGGAGTGGCAGGACGTGGTCCTGACCGACTTACCGTTCCTCATGTTCACGT V S V L T V L H Q D W L N G K E Y K C Kc AGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGC TCCAGAGGTTGTTTCGGGAGGGTCGGGGGTAGCTCTTTTGGTAGAGGTTTCGGTTTCCCG V S N K A L P A P I E K T I S K A K G Q -¢ AGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGATGAGCTGACCAAGAACC TCGGGGCTCTTGGTGTCCACATGTGGGACGGGGGTAGGGCCCTACTCGACTGGTTCTTGG PREPQVYTLPPSRDELTKNQ. C AGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGG 541 ------ 600 TCCAGTCGGACTGGACGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCACCTCACCC V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I A V E W E -C AGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACG 660 TCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCACGACCTGAGGCTGC S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V L D S D G -C GCTCCTTCTTCCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCAGGGGAACG 661 -----+ 720 CGAGGAAGAAGGAGATGTCGTTCGAGTGGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTCCCCTTGC SFFLYSKLTVDKSRWQQG-NV-C TCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCT 721 -----+ 780 AGAAGAGTACGAGGCACTACGTACTCCGAGACGTGTTGGTGATGTGCGTCTTCTCGGAGA F S C S V M H E A L H N H Y T Q K S L S -C BamHI CCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAATAATGGATCC 781 ----- 807 GGGACAGAGGCCCATTTATTACCTAGG

LSPGK

FIG. 15

	Хb	ar MG. 13
	1	TCTAGATTTGAGTTTTAACTTTTAGAAGGAGGAATAAAATATGGGAGGTACTTACT
ь		AGATCTAAACTCAAAATTGAAAATCTTCCTCCTTATTTTATACCCTCCATGAATGA
Ъ	61	CCACTTCGGCCCACTGACTTGGGTTTGCAAACCGCAGGGTGGCGGCGGCGGCGGCGGCGGCGCGCGC
ь	121	TACCTATTCCTGTCATTTTGGCCCGCTGACCTGGGTATGTAAGCCACAAGGGGGTGGGGG ATGGATAAGGACAGTAAAACCGGGCGACTGGACCCATACATTCGGTGTTCCCCCACCCCC T Y S C H F G P L T W V C K P Q G G G G
ъ	181	AGGCGGGGGGGACAAAACTCACACATGTCCACCTTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGG TCCGCCCCCCTGTTTTGAGTGTGTACAGGTGGAACGGGTCGTGGACTTGAGGACCCCCC G G G D K T H T C P P C P A P E L L G G -
b	241	ACCGTCAGTTTTCCTCTTCCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCC TGGCAGTCAAAAGGAGAGGGGGGTTTTGGGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGG PSVFLPPPKPKDTLMISRTP
b	301	TGAGGTCACATGCGTGGTGGACGTGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTG ACTCCAGTGTACGCACCACCACCTGCACTCGGTGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGTTCAAGTTGAC B V T C V V V D V S H B D P B V K F N W -
b	361	GTACGTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAA CATGCACCTGCCGCACCTCCACGTATTACGGTTCTGTTTCGGCGCCCCTCCTCGTCATGTT Y V D G V E V H N A K T K P R E E Q Y N
b	421	CAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAA GTCGTGCATGGCACCACCAGTCGCAGGAGTGGCAGGACGTGGTCCTGACCGACTTACCGTT S T Y R V V S V L T V L H Q D W L N G K -
ь	481	GGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTC
ь	541	CAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACAGGTGTACACCCTGCCCCCATCCCGGGATGA GTTTCGGTTTCCCGTCGGGGCTCTTGGTGTCCACATGTGGGACGGGGGTAGGGCCCTACT K A K G Q P R E P Q V Y T L P P S R D E -
b	601	GCTGACCAAGAACCAGGTCAGCCTGACCTGCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACAT CGACTGGTTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGACGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTA L T K N Q V S L T C L V K G F Y P S D I -
b	661	CGCCGTGGAGTGGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGCCGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGT + 720 GCGGCACCTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCGGCCTCTTGTTGATGTTCTGGTGCGGAGGGCA A V E W E S N G Q P E N N Y K T T P P V -
b	721	GCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCTACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTG 780 CGACCTGAGGCTGCCGAGGAAGAAGGAGGAGTGTCGTTCGAGTGGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCAC L D S D G S F F L Y S K L T V D K S R W
b	781	GCAGCAGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCGTGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACAC + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
b	841	GCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTAAATAATGGATCC CGTCTTCTCGGAGAGGGACAGAGCCCCATTTATTACCTAGG Q K S L S L S P G K SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

		XbaI FIG. 16	
		TCTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGACAAAACTCACACATGTC	
c	•	AGATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCTGTTTTGAGTGTGTACAG M D K T H T C P ·	
	61	CACCTTGCCCAGCACCTGAACTCCTGGGGGGACCGTCAGTTTTCCTCTTCCCCCCAAAAC	_
c	61	GTGGAACGGGTCGTGGACTTGAGGACCCCCCTGGCAGTCAAAAGGAGAGGGGGGGTTTTG P C P A P E L L G G P S V F L P P P K P	U
	121	CCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAGGTCACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACGTGA	^
c	***	GGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTCCAGTGTACGCACCACCACCACCTGCACT K D T L M I S R T P E V T C V V V D V S ·	U
	181	GCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTACGTGGACGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATG	o
c		CGGTGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGTTCAAGTTGACCATGCACCTGCCGCACCTCCACGTATTAC H E D P E V R F N W Y V D G V E V H N A ·	•
	241	CCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGCAGTACAACAGCACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCA	0
c		GGTTCTGTTTCGGCGCCCTCCTCGTCATGTTGTCGTGCATGGCACACCAGTCGCAGGAGT K T K P R E E Q Y N S T Y R V V S V L T ·	
	301	CCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAGTACAAGTGCAAGGTCTCCAACAAAG GGCAGGACGTGGTCCTGACCGACTTACCGTTCCTCATGTTCACGTTCCAGAGGTTGTTTC	0
c		V L H Q D W L N G K E Y K C K V S N K A -	
	361	CCCTCCCAGCCCCCATCGAGAAAACCATCTCCAAAGCCAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCAC	0
c		GGGAGGGTCGGGGGTAGCTCTTTTGGTAGAGGTTTCGGTTTCCCGTCGGGGCTCTTGGTG L P A P I E K T I S K A K G Q P R E P Q -	
	421		0
c		TCCACATGTGGGACGGAGGTAGGGCCCTACTCGACTGGTTCTTGGTCCAGTCGGACTGGA V Y T L P P S R D E L T K N Q V S L T C -	
	481	GCCTGGTCAAAGGCTTCTATCCCAGCGACATCGCCGTGGAGTGGAGAGCAATGGGCAGC	0
С		CGGACCAGTTTCCGAAGATAGGGTCGCTGTAGCGGCACCTCACCCTCTCGTTACCCGTCG L V K G P Y P S D I A V E W E S N G Q P ·	
	541	CGGAGAACAACTACAAGACCACGCCTCCCGTGCTGGACTCCGACGGCTCCTTCTTCCTCT++++++++	0
c		ENNYKTTPPVLDSDGSFFLY-	
	601	ACAGCAAGCTCACCGTGGACAAGAGCAGGTGGCAGCGGGGAACGTCTTCTCATGCTCCG	0
С		TGTCGTTCGAGTGGCACCTGTTCTCGTCCACCGTCGTCCCCTTGCAGAAGAGTACGAGGC S K L T V D K S R W Q Q G N V F S C S V -	
	661	TGATGCATGAGGCTCTGCACAACCACTACACGCAGAAGAGCCTCTCCCTGTCTCCGGGTA	0
c		M H E A L H N H Y T Q K S L S L S P G K -	
	721	AAGGTGGAGGTGGCGGAGGTACTTACTCTTGCCACTTCGGCCCACTGACTTGGGTTT	0
С	•	TTCCACCTCCACCACCGCCTCCATGAATGAGAACGGTGAAGCCGGGTGACTGAACCCAAA G G G G G T Y S C H F G P L T W V C -	
	781	GCAAACCGCAGGGTGGCGGCGGCGGCGGCGGTGGTACCTATTCCTGTCATTTTTGGCCCGC CGTTTTGGCGTCCCACCGCCGCCGCCGCCGCCACCATGGATAAGGACAGTAAAACCGGGCG	0
c		K P Q G G G G G G T Y S C H F G P L -	
		BamHI TGACCTGGGTATGTAAGCCACAAGGGGGTTAATCTCGAGGATCC	
~	841	ACTGGACCCATACATTCGGTGTTCCCCCAATTAGAGCTCCTAGG	

FIG. 17A

[AatII sticky end] (position #4358 in pAMG21)

- 5' GCGTAACGTATGCATGGTCTCC-3' TGCACGCATTGCATACGTACCAGAGG-
- -CCATGCGAGAGTAGGGAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATAAAACGAAAGGCTCAGTCGAAAGACT -GGTACGCTCTCATCCCTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTATTTTGCTTTCCGAGTCAGCTTTCTGA -
- GGGCCTTTCGTTTATCTGTTGTTGTCGGTGAACGCTCTCCTGAGTAGGACAAATCCGC CCCGGAAAGCAAAATAGACAACAAACAGCCACTTGCGAGAGGACTCATCCTGTTTAGGCG -
- CGGGAGCGGATTTGAACGTTGCGAAGCAACGGCCCGGAGGGTGGCGGGCAGGACGCCCGC GCCCTCGCCTAAACTTGCAACGCTTCGTTGCCGGGCCTCCCACCGCCCGTCCTGCGGGCG-
- -CATAAACTGCCAGGCATCAAATTAAGCAGAAGGCCATCCTGACGGATGGCCTTTTTGCGT--GTATTTGACGGTCCGTAGTTTAATTCGTCTTCCGGTAGGACTGCCTACCGGAAAAACGCA-
- TTCTACAAACTCTTTTGTTTATTTTCTAAATACATTCAAATATGGACGTCGTACTTAAC AAGATGTTTGAGAAAACAAATAAAAAGATTTATGTAAGTTTATACCTGCAGCATGAATTG -
- TTTTAAAGTATGGGCAATCAATTGCTCCTGTTAAAATTGCTTTAGAAATACTTTGGCAGC AAAATTTCATACCCGTTAGTTAACGAGGACAATTTTAACGAAATCTTTATGAAACCGTCG -
- -GGTTTGTTGTATTGAGTTTCATTTGCGCATTGGTTAAATGGAAAGTGACCGTGCGCTTAC -CCAAACAACATAACTCAAAGTAAACGCGTAACCAATTTACCTTTCACTGGCACGCGAATG -
- TACAGCCTAATATTTTTGAAATATCCCAAGAGCTTTTTCCTTCGCATGCCCACGCTAAAC ATGTCGGATTATAAAAACTTTATAGGGTTCTCGAAAAAGGAAGCGTACGGGTGCGATTTG -
- -GATAATTATCAACTAGAGAAGGAACAATTAATGGTATGTTCATACACGCATGTAAAAATA -CTATTAATAGTTGATCTCTTCCTTGTTAATTACCATACAAGTATGTGCGTACATTTTTAT -
- AACTATCTATATAGTTGTCTTTCTCTGAATGTGCAAAACTAAGCATTCCGAAGCCATTAT TTGATAGATATATCAACAGAAAGAGACTTACACGTTTTGATTCGTAAGGCTTCGGTAATA -
- TAGCAGTATGAATAGGGAAACTAAACCCAGTGATAAGACCTGATGATTTCGCTTCTTTAA ATCGTCATACTTATCCCTTTGATTTGGGTCACTATTCTGGACTACTAAAGCGAAGAAATT-
- -TTACATTTGGAGATTTTTTATTTACAGCATTGTTTTCAAATATATTCCAATTAATCGGTG-AATGTAAACCTCTAAAAAAATAAATGTCGTAACAAAAGTTTATATAAGGTTAATTAGCCAC-
- AATGATTGGAGTTAGAATAATCTACTATAGGATCATATTTTATTAAATTAGCGTCATCAT TTACTAACCTCAATCTTATTAGATGATGATATCCTAGTATAAAATAATTTAATCGCAGTAGTA -
- AATATTGCCTCCATTTTTTAGGGTAATTATCCAGAATTGAAATATCAGATTTAACCATAG TTATAACGGAGGTAAAAAATCCCATTAATAGGTCTTAACTTTATAGTCTAAATTGGTATC -
- AATGAGGATAAATGATCGCGAGTAAATAATATTCACAATGTACCATTTTAGTCATATCAG-- TTACTCCTATTTACTAGCGCTCATTTATTATAAGTGTTACATGGTAAAATCAGTATAGTC -

- GCAAGTTTTGCGTGTTATATATCATTAAAACGGTAATAGATTGACATTTGATTCTAATAA CGTTCAAAACGCACAATATATAGTAATTTTGCCATTATCTAACTGTAAACTAAGATTATT -

FIG. 17B

- ATTGGATTTTTGTCACACTATTATATCGCTTGAAATACAATTGTTTAACATAAGTACCTG
- -TAACCTAAAAACAGTGTGATAATATAGCGAACTTTATGTTAACAAATTGTATTCATGGAC-
- -TAGGATCGTACAGGTTTACGCAAGAAAATGGTTTGTTATAGTCGATTAATCGATTTGATT-
- ATCCTAGCATGTCCAAATGCGTTCTTTTACCAAACAATATCAGCTAATTAGCTAAACTAA -
- -CTAGATTTGTTTTAACTAATTAAAGGAGGAATAACATATGGTTAACGCGTTGGAATTCGA-
- -GATCTAAACAAAATTGATTAATTTCCTCCTTATTGTATACCAATTGCGCAACCTTAAGCT-

SacII

- -GCTCACTAGTGTCGACCTGCAGGGTACCATGGAAGCTTACTCGAGGATCCGCGGAAAGAA-
- -CGAGTGATCACAGCTGGACGTCCCATGGTACCTTCGAATGAGCTCCTAGGCGCCTTTCTT-
- -GAAGAAGAAGAAGCCCGAAAGGAAGCTGAGTTGGCTGCCACCGCTGAGCAATA -
- -CTTCTTCTTCTTCTTCGGGCTTTCCTTCGACTCAACCGACGACGGTGGCGACTCGTTAT-
- ACTAGCATAACCCCTTGGGGCCTCTAAACGGGTCTTGAGGGGGTTTTTTGCTGAAAGGAGG-
- -TGATCGTATTGGGGAACCCCGGAGATTTGCCCAGAACTCCCCAAAAAACGACTTTCCTCC-
- -AACCGCTCTTCACGCTCTTCACGC 3'

[SacII sticky end]

-TTGGCGAGAAGTGCGAGAAGTG 5' (position #5904 in pAMG21)

FIG.18A - 1

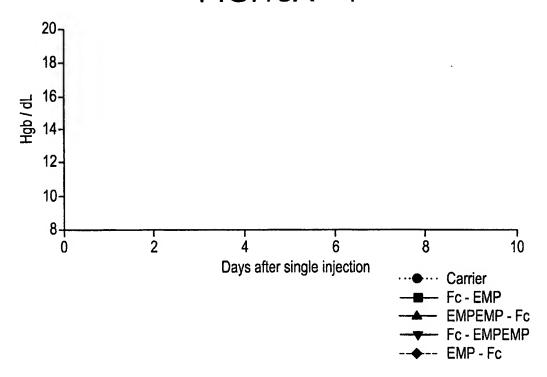
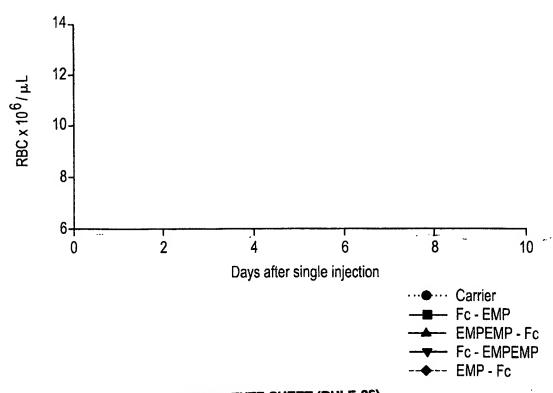


FIG.18A - 2



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FIG.18A - 3

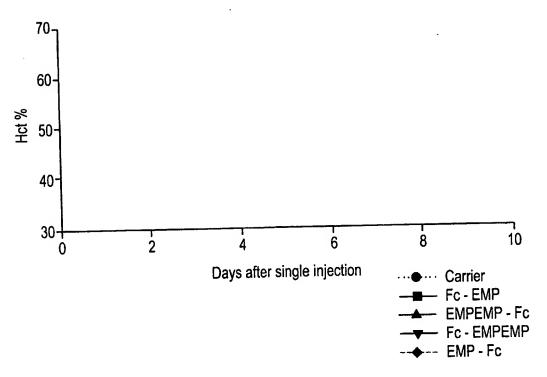
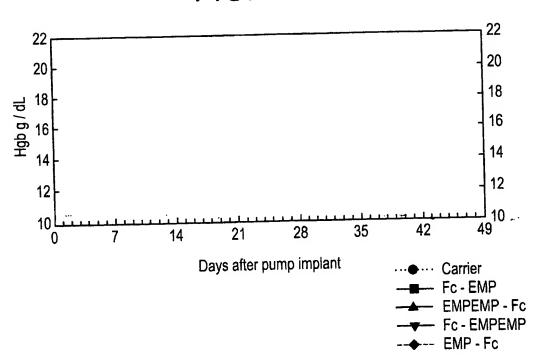


FIG.18B - 1



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

FIG.18B - 2

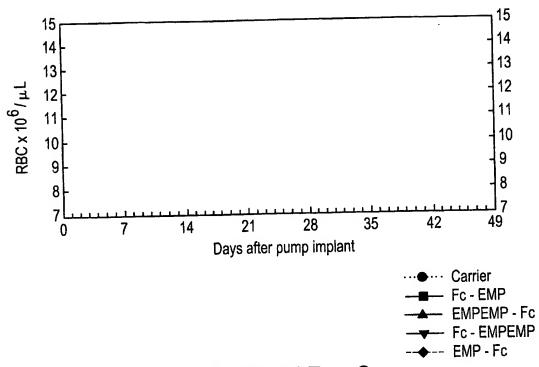
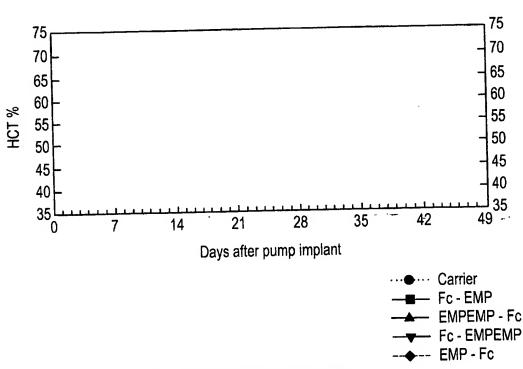


FIG.18B - 3



SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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	1	 CATA GTAT		-+-			+ -		- -	4				+			-+-			+	60
a		GIAI M	_	K						P			A				L .			P	-
•	61	TCAG		+ -			+				+			• +			-+-		• • •	+	120
a		s v	F	L	F	P	P	ĸ		к	D			M	_	s	R	T		E	•
	121	GTCA CAGI					+				+			-+	• • •	· • • ·	+ .			+	180
a			r c		-	V								E			-	N.	•	Y	•
	181	GTGC	SACG CTGC				+				+		• • •	-+-			+ :	• • • •	• • • •	+	240
a		v I	o G	v	E	V	Н	N	A	K	T	K	P	R	E	E	Q	Y	N	3	•
	241						+				+			-+-			+			GGAG + CCTC	300
a		T	Y R	v	V	s	v	L	T	v	L	Н	Q	D	W	L	N	G	ĸ	E	•
	301						4				+			-+-						CAAA + GTTT	360
a			K C													K	T	I	S	K	•
	361							L			. +			+ .						GCTG + CGAC	420
a			••	3 Q			-	P	_	V	-	T	L	P	P	S	R	ם	E	L	•
	421							.			-+-			+ -						CGCC + GCGG	400
a		T	K 1	N Q) V	s	L	Т	С	L	v	K	G	F	Y	P	S	D	I	A	-
	481	CAC	CTC	ACCC	TCT	CGT	TAC	CCG	TCG	GCC	rct'	TGT	TGA'	rgt	CTC	GT	CGC	GAGO	GC?	GCTG + ACGAC	340
a																				L	
	54:										- + -							•		GCAC	000
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FIG. 19B

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	AA	GAG	CCT	СТС	ССТ	GTC	TCC	GGG	TAA	AGG	TGG	AGG	TGG	TGG	TGA	CTT	CCT	GCC	GCA	CTAC
661		•••					•••				+			-+-			+			+
001	тт	רתכ	GGA	GAG	GGA	CAG	AGG	CCC	TTA	TCC	ACC	TCC	ACC	ACC	ACT	GAA	GGA	CGG	CGT	GATG
			00.																	
	ĸ	S	L	s	L	S	P	G	K	G	G	G	G	G	D	F	L	P	Н	Y
										Ва	mHI									
	2 2		CAC	CTC	TC1	GGC	TCA	CCC	TCC	:GT#	LAT (GA I	CC							

FIG. 20A

		,	leI																				
															• • •						AGGC	~ ~	
	_	GT																			rccg		
																					G		
																					ACCG	~ ~	0
	01	CC	ACC	CCTC	STT	rtg/	AGT	GTG'	LAC	AGG.	I GG	MAC	ىيى	100	100	AC I	LON	.		CCC	TGGC	•	
			G																	G	P	•	
																					TGAC		30
	121	AG	TCA	AAA	GGA	GAA	GGG	GGG'	TTT'	TGG	GTT	CCT	GTG	GGA	GTA	CTA	GAG	GGC	CTG	GGG	ACTO	2	
		s	v	F	L	F	P	P.	K	P	K	D	T	L	M	I	S	R	Т	P	E	-	
		GT	CAC	ATG	CGT	GGT	GGT	GGA	CGT	GAG	CCA	CGA	AGA	ccc	TGA	GGT	CAA	GTI	CA	CTC	GTA	C + 24	40
	181																				CAT		• •
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				~~~	000	100	CCT	יכרא	ጥልል	ጥርር	CAA	GAC	!AA!	AGC	cgć	GGZ	AGG	AGC	AGT	ACA	ACAG	C + 3	00
	241																				TGTC		00
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	301	- m	CGT	nccc	· • + ·	ACC!	A GT(	CGC	AGG	AGT	GC	- + - AGG	ACG	 TGG	+ TCC	TGA	CCG	act	+ TAC	CGT	TCCI	+ 3	60
																					E		
a										N N C	ححرا	ጥሮር	CAG	ccc	CCA	TCG	AGA	AAA	CCA	TCT	CCA	<b>LA</b>	
	361	T.	ACA	AGT	3CA +	 			+	 	GGG	- + - AGG	GTC	GGG	+ GGT	AGC	TCT	 TTT	+·· GGT	'AGA	GGT	-+ 4 rT	120
			TGT K																	_	к		•
a																				ATC	BAGC'	rg	
	42	G 1 -	CCA	AAG	GGC +	AGC	ccc	GAG	4	CAC		-+-			4	ccc	ርጥን		+	TAC	TCG.	-+ 4 AC	480
		C																	RI		CTCG. E L		
a		A		G												? <u>]</u>					_		
	40																				ATCG		540
	48	1	rggi	TCT	TGC	TCC	CAG	rcge	AC'I	'GGP	ICGC	MC	.AG		ÇÇÜ.	410				-		GG	
a																					I A		•
		(	GTG	GAGT	rGG	GAG	AGC/	AATO	GGG	CAGO	CCG	GAG	AAC.	AAC	TAC	AAG +	ACC	ACG	CCT -+-	ccc	GTGC	TG +	600
	54	(	CAC	CTC	ACC	CTC	rcg'	TTA(	CCC	ان ۱۳۰	الالارا	-10	110	110	710								
a			۷ 1	E 1	wi 1	E :	s i	N (	G (	<b>2</b> :	P	E	N	N	Y	K	T	T	P	P	V I		•

#### FIG. 20B

	CT	GAG	GCT	GCC	GAG	GAA	GAA	GGA	GAT	GIC	GTT	CGA	GIG	GCA	CCI	GII	CIC	GIC	CAC	CGTC
	D	S	D	G	S	F	F	L	Y	S	K	L	T	V	D	K	S	R	W	Q
661				-+-			+				+	• • •		-+-		• • •	+			GCAG + CGTC
	Q	G	N	V	F	S	С	S	V	M	Н	E	A	L	Н	N	н	Y	T	Q
721				-+-			+		TAA TTA:	ATA	+	GAT		GCGG	76	1				

## FIG. 21A

	No	leI																				
	•		CATO	GGAC	AAA	ACT	CAC	ACA	TGT	CCA	CCT	TGT	CCA	GCT	CCG	GAA	CTC	CTG	GGG	GGA	CCG	60
	1	GT	ATAC	CTC	STTI	TGA	GTG	TGT	ACA	GGT	GGA	ACA	GGT	CGA	GGC	CTT	GAG	GAC	:CCC	CCT	GGC	
			M	D	K	T	H	T	С	P	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	L	G	G	P	•
	٠,		AGT	CTTC	CTC	TTC	ccc	CCA	AAA	ccc	AAG	GAC	ACC	CTC	ATC	ATC	TCC	CGC	ACC	CCT	GAG	120
	61	AG'	TCA	GAA	GGAC	SAAC	GGG	GGT	TTT	'GGG	TTC	CTC	TGG	GAG	TAC	TAG	AGG	GCC	TGG	GGA	CTC	
		s	v	F	L	F	P	P	K	P	K	D	T	L	M	I	S	R	T	P	Е	•
	121							+ .			4			· • • •	• + - •			+ .	· • • •		TAC	180
	121	CA	GTG'	TAC	GCAC	CAC	CAC	CTC	GCAC	TCC	GTC	3CTT	CTC	GG#	ACTO	CAC	TTC	CAAC	STTC	BACC	ATG	
		v	T	С	V	V	V	D	V	S	Н	E	D	P	Е	V	K	F	N	W	Y	•
				CGG	CGT	GGA(	GT(	GCA!	ראאיז	rgco	CAAC	JAC	\AA(	CCC	GCG(	GGA	GAC	GCA(	GTA(	CAAC	CAGC	240
	181	CA	CCT	GCC	GCA	CCT	CCA	CGT	ATT!	ACG(	3TTC	CTG'	rtt(	CGG	CGC	CCT	CTC	CGT	CATO	3TT(	STCG	
ı		v	D	G	v	E	V	Н	N	A	K	T	K	P	R	E	E	Q	Y	N	S	-
	244		GTA	CCG	TGT	GGT	CAG	CGT	CCT	CAC	CGT	CCT	GCA	CCA	GGA	CTG	GCT(	GAA'	TGG	CAA	GGAG	300
	241	ΤG	CAT	GGC	ACA	CCA	GTC	GCA	GGA	GTG	GCA	GGA	CGT	GGT	CCT	GAC	CGA(	CTT.	ACC	GTT(	CCTC	
3					V									-		W				K		-
	201			<b>-</b>				+				+			• + •						CAAA	360
	301	ΑΊ		CAC	GTT	CCA	GAG	GTT	GTT'	TCG	GGA	GGG	TCG	GGG	GTA	GCT	CTT	TTG	GTA	GAG	GTTT	
a																					K	
	261							+				+			-+-						GCTG	320
	301	C	GGT?	rtcc	CGI	CGG	GGC	TCT	TGG	TGT	CCA	CAI	GTG	GGA	CGG	GGG	TAG	GGC	CCT	ACT	CGAC	
a					Q														D		L	•
	421							4				+									CGCC	400
	76.	T	GGT	rct'	rggi	CCA	AGTO	GGA	ACTG	GAC	:GGA	\CC}	GTI	TÇC	GAA	GAI	'AGG	GTC	.GC1	GTA	GCGG	
a		T		-	Q					С		V			F				· D	I	A	•
	40.	4						4	<b>.</b>			. +		· • • ·	+ -		• • • •		F		GCTG	, D 4 V
	40.	C	ACC'	TCA	CCC	rcro	CGT?	raco	CCGI	rcgo	3CC1	rct?	rgt7	ľGA.	rgr'	rcre	iG I (	افاتاد	JAG	ろいしょ	CGAC	
a																					L	
	E 4	_							<b>.</b>			-+-			+				<del>-</del>		GCAC	000
	54	C	TGA	.GGC	TGC	CGA	GGA.	AGA.	AGG/	AGA'	rgto	CGT'	rcg	AGT	GGÇ	ACC.	I'GI'	101	CGT	CCA		•
a		D	S	ם	G	s	F	F	L	Y	S	K	L	T	V	D	K	3	R	W	Q	•

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### FIG. 21B

	0	G	N	v	F	s	С	s	v	M	Н	Ε	A	L	H	N	Н	Y	Т	Q
661	- AA						4				+									GGGT GCCA
	TT K										G				F		W		Ъ	
			200		7.CM	v c c c	ייווירי	rcco	ጉርር፣		amHI      AATO		rcco	CTC	GAG					

### FIG. 22A

		Nd	еI																			
	1	CAT	ATC	TTC			ACC														.GGC	60
		GTA	TAC	CAAC	CTI	ACC	TGG	GGC	CCA	ATG	ACC	GTC	GGC	ATC	CGA	GAC	GGC	GAC	CCA	CCT	'CCG	
L			M	F	E	W	T	P	G	Y	W	Q	P	Y	A	L	P	L	G	G	G	•
	٠.																				CCG	120
	91	CCA	ccc	CTC	STTI	TG	GTC	TGT	ACA	GGI	GGA	ACC	GGI	CGT	rGG#	CTI	'GAC	GAC	ccc	CCT	GGC	120
ı		G	G	D	ĸ	T	н	T	С	P	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	L	G	G	P	-
		TCA	GTT																			
	121		CA		•			-														180
ı		s	v	F	L	F	P	P	K	p	ĸ	D	T	L	M	I	S	R	T	P	E	-
		GTC	CAC	ATG	CGTO	GT(	GTC	GAC	CGTC	SAGO	CAC	CGA	AGAC	CC	rgac	GTC	AAC	TTC	CAAC	TGC	STAC	
	181	CAC																				240
3				С																		
-		GT(	icia i	raa	CGTO	GGA	GGTG	GCA'	raa?	rgco	CAAC	GAC!	AAA	GCC	GCG(	GGA(	GGA	GCAG	GTA(	CAAC	CAGC	
	TCAGTTTTCCTCTCCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAG  AGTCAAAAGGAGAAGGGGGGTTTTGGGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTC  S V F L F P P K P K D T L M I S R T P E  GTCACATGCGTGGTGGTGGACCTCGACCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAGTTCAACTGGTAC  V T C V V V D V S H E D P E V K F N W Y  CAGTGACGCGCGTGGAGGTGAATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGGGGAGGAGGAGGAGAACAACAGC  V D G V E V H N A K T K P R E E Q Y N S  ACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCTCCACGTCCTCACCGTCCTCACGTCCTGACCAGACTCCAGACTACAACAGC  TGCATGGCACACCACCACCACCTCCACGTCCTCACCGTCCTCGCACCAGGACTACAACAGC  V D G V E V H N A K T K P R E E Q Y N S  ACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAG  TGCATGGCACACCACCACCACGAGGAGTGCCAGGACGTGCCTGACCGACTTACCGTTCCTC  T Y R V V S V L T V L H Q D W L N G K E -																					
3			-															-	_	-	_	
	301				-+-			+				+	• • •	• • •	-+-			+		• • •	+	360
		TG	CAT	GGC.	ACA									_					_			
a		-	_		•	_	_		_	_		_		-	-				_		_	•
	TCAGTTTTCCTCTTCCCCCCAAAACCCAAGGACACCCTCATGATCTCCCGGACCCCTGAG  AGTCAAAAGGAGAAGGGGGGTTTTGGGTTCCTGTGGGAGTACTAGAGGGCCTGGGGACTC  S V F L F P P K P K D T L M I S R T P E  GTCACATGCGTGGTGGAGCCACGAAGACCCTGAGGTCAAAGTTCAACTGGTAC  CAGTGTACGCACCACCACCTGCACTCGGTGCTTCTGGGACTCCAGGTCAAAGTTCAACTGGTAC  V T C V V V D V S H E D P E V K F N W Y  GTGGACGGCGTGGAGGTGCATAATGCCAAGACAAAGCCGCGGGAGGAGAGACAACACAC  CACCTGCCGCACCTCCACGTATTACGGTTCTGTTTCGGCGCCCTCCTCGTCATGTTGTCG  V D G V E V H N A K T K P R E E Q Y N S  ACGTACCGTGTGGTCAGCGTCCTCACCGTCCTGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAG  301  TGCATGGCACACCACCACGTCCTCACCGTCCTCGCACCAGGACTGGCTGAATGGCAAGGAG  TT Y R V V S V L T V L H Q D W L N G K E  TACAAGTGCAAAGGTCTCCAACAAAGCCCTCCCAGGCCCCCCATCGAGAAAAACCATCTCCAAA  ATGTTCACGTTCCAGAGGTTGTTTCGGGAGGGTCGGGGGTAGCTCTTTTGGTAGAGGTTT  Y K C K V S N K A L P A P I E K T I S K  GCCAAAAGGGCAGCCCCGAGAACCACACAGGTTTACACCTTCCCCCCCC																					
		ATO																			GTTT	
a		-																			•	•
	121	GC	CAA	AGG	GCA	GCC	CCG.	AGA	ACC.	ACA	GGT	GTA:	CAC	CCT	GCC	CCC	ATC	CCG -·+	GGA	TGA	GCTG	480
	361	CG	GTT	TCC	CGT	CGG	GGC	TCT	TGG	TGT	CCA	CAT	GTG	GGA	CGG	GGG	TAG	GGC	CCT	ACT	CGAC	
a		A	ĸ	G	Q	P	R	E	P	Q	V	Y	T	L	P	P	S	R	D	E	L	•
		AC	CAA	.GAA	CCA	GGT	CAG	CCT	GAC	CTG	CCT	GGT	CAA	AGG	CTT	CTA	TCC	CAG	CGA	CAT	CGCC	540
	481	TĞ	GTT	CTT	GGT	CCA	GTC	GGA	CTG	GAC	GGA	CCA	GTT	TCC	GAA	GAT	AGG	GTC	GCT	GTA	GCGG	·.
a		T	ĸ	N	Q	v	S	L	T	С	L	V	ĸ	G	F	Y	P	s	D	I	A	•
				GTG	GGA	GAG	CAA	TGG	GCA	GCC	GGA	GAA	CAA	CTA	CĀA	GAC	CAC	GCC	TCC	CGT	GCTG	600
	541	CA	CCI	CAC	CCT	CTC	GTT	'ACC	CGT	CGG	CCT	CTT	GTT	GAT	GTT	CTG	GTG	CGG	AGG	GCA	CGAC	900
											_					_	_	_	_			

# FIG. 22B

	601				-+-			+				+			-+-			+			GCAG + CGTC	660
a		D	s	D	G	S	F	F	L	Y	S	K	L	T	V	D	К	S	R	W	Q	-
	661	• •		• • •	-+-		•	+			• • •	+		• • •	-+-		• • •	+			GCAG GCTC	720
a		Q	G	N	V	F	s	С	s	V	М	Н	E	A	L	Н	N	Н	Y	Ť	Q	-
	721				CTC -+- GAG			+			ATA	+	GAT		757	,						
				_	_	_	_	_	_													

### FIG. 23A

	No	leĮ																				
	1				-+-		<b></b> -	+	<b></b> .		4	<b></b> -			+••			-+-			CCG	60
a			M	D	K	T	н	T	С	P	P	С	p	A	P	E	L	L	G	G	P	
	61				-+-			+		• • • •	• • • •	٠	· ·	• • • •	+••			-+-			GAG + CTC	120
a		S	V	F	L	F	P	P	ĸ	P	K	D	T	L	M	I	S	R	T	P	E.	•
	121-				-+-			+		·		+			+	·		-+-			TAC ATG	180
a		V	T	С	V	V	v	D	V	s	Н	E	D	P	E	v	K	F	N	W	Y	
	181	• •			-+-	• • •	• • •	+		<del>-</del> -		+		·	+			-+-	• • • •	• • •	AGC + STCG	240
a		V	D	G	V	E	v	H	N	A	K	T	K	P.	R	E	E	Q	Y	N	S	•
	241				-+-			+			+	+	• • •		+	• • • •	· ·	-+-	• • • •		GAG + CTC	300
a		T	Y	R	V	V	S	v	L	T	V	L	Н	Q	D	W	L	N·	G	K	E	•
	301				-+-			+			+	+			-+-	CTC	TT	-+-			AAA TTT	360
a		Y	K	С	K	V	S	N	K	A	L	P	A	P	I	E	K	T	I	S	K	•
	361				-+-		• • •	+				+			•+•	· ·	· ·	- + -	• • • •		GAC	420
a		A	K	G	Q	P	R	E	P	Q	V	Y	T	L	P	Þ	S	R	D	E	L	•
	421				-+-			+				+			-+-	• • • ·		+ -			GCC GCGG	480
a		T	K	N	Q	V	S	L	T	С	L	V	K	G	F	Y	P	S	D	I	A	•
	481	CA	CCT	CAC	-+- CCT	CTC	GTT	ACC	CGT	CGG	CCT	+ CTT(	GTT	GAT	- + - GTT(	CTG	GTG	CGG	AGG	CAC	CGAC	540
a																					L	
	541	CT	GAG	GCT	GCC	GAG	GAA	GAA	 GGA	GAT	GTC	+ GTT	CGA	gtg	GCA	CCT	GTT	CTC	GTC	CAC	CGTC	600
a		D	s	D	G	S	F	F	L	Y	S	K	L	$\mathbf{T}$	V	D	K	S	R	W	Q	•

#### FIG. 23B

	601				-+-			+				+	•		-+-			+			CGTC	660
<b>a</b>		Q	G	N	v	F	s	С	s	v	М	Н	E	A	L	Н	N	Н	Y	T	Q	•
	661	• •	• • •		-+-	• • •	• • •	+	• • •		• • •	+	• • •	• • •	-+-			+			TGAC ACTG	720
a		K	S	L	S	L	s	P	G	K	G	G	G	G	G	V	Ε	P	N	С	D	
		ΑТ	CCA	ፐርጥ	тат	GTG	GGA	ATG	GGA	ATG	TTT	TGA	ACG	тст	GTA	-	amH	Ī	TCC			
	721				-+-			+				+			-+-			+		77	3	
<b>a</b>		т	н	v	м	w	E	W	E	C	F	E	R	L	*							

# FIG. 24A

							CCT( E														TGC T	
	541				-+-			+			4				+			-+-				600
a		R	D	E	L	T	K	N	Q	V	S	L	T	С	L	V	K	G	F	Y	P	•
																					.GGG	
	481				-+-			+			4				+			-+-				540
<b>a</b>		T	I	s	ĸ	A	K	G	Q	P	R	E	P	Q	v	Y	T	L	P	P	s	•
	421				-+-			+			1				+			-+-	• • •		TCC + 'AGG	480
3		N	G	K	E	Y	K	С	ĸ	V	s	N	K	A	L	P	A	P	I	E	K	-
	361				-+-	• • •	• <b>- •</b> ·	• • •		· ·	+				+			-+-			AAA + TTT	420
3		Q	Y	N	s	T	Y	R	v	V	s	v	L	T	V	L	H	Q	D	W	L	•
	301	••			-+-		•	-+-	• • • •	· • • •	+	- <b></b>		• • •	+		• • •	-+-			CTG + GAC	360
ì		F	N	W	Y	v	D	G	v	E	v	н	N	A	K	T	K	P	R	E	E	•
	241				-+-			-+-			+	- <b></b>			+			-+-			GAG + CTC	300
1		R	T	P	E	V		С	٧	V	V		V	_		_	_	_	E	V	K	-
	101																				TTC	240
	181						CAC														AAG	240
١		L	G	G	P	s	v	F	L	F	P	P	ĸ	P	к	D	T	L	M	I	s	
	121				- +			+ -	·	· ·	+				+			-+-				180
		L CTO					G AGT1												_	_	L TCC	-
																					GAG	
	61	• •	· · ·		- +			+ -		·	+	· • • •		• • •	+			-+-	• • •	• • •	+	120
1			M	v	E	P	N	С	D	I	н	V	M	W	E	W	E	С	F	E	R	•
	1						CTTC														GCA	60
		CA					GAA(															
	No	leĮ																				

#### FIG. 24B

	601			• • •	-+-			+			• • •	+		• • •	-+-			+	• • •		CAAG GTTC	660
a		P	P	v	L	D	s	D	G	s	F	F	L	Y	S	ĸ	·L	T	v	D	K	
	661			· · ·	•+•			+		· · ·	• • •	+	• • •		-+-			+			CAAC GTTG	
a		s	R	W	Q	Q	G	N	V	F	S	С	s	V	M	Н	E	A	L	н	N	-
																E	amH	I				
	721				- + -			+	CTC			+			-+-			+		77	3	
a		Н	Y	T	Q	K	s	L	S	L	S	P	G	K	*							

# FIG. 25A

	No	leI																				
	1	CAT	'ATC	GGA(	CAA	AAC'	TCA	CAC	ATG:	rcc <i>i</i>	ACC'	rtg:	rcci	AGC:	rcc	GA/	CTC	СТС	GGG	GGA	CCG	60
		GTA	TAC	CT	GTT'	TTG.	AGT	GTG'	TAC	AGG1	rggi	AAC	AGG'	rcg	AGGG	CTI	GAC	GAC	ccc	CCI	GGC	00
a			M	D	ĸ	T	H	T	С	P	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	L	G	G	P	-
	<b>6</b> 1																				GAG	
	01																				CTC	120
a		S	v	F	L	F	P	P	K	P	ĸ	D	T	L	M	I	s	R	T	P	E	-
	121				-+-		•	+			• • •	+			+-			-+-	·		TAC	180
_		"	m	, AC.																		
a		v 	T		v 	v 	v 	D	<b>V</b>		н	E	D	P	E	V	K	F	N	W	Y	•
	181				-+-		·	+			· ·	+			+-		·	• + -			AGC	240
		CAC	CTO	GCC	GCA	CCT	CCA	CGT	ATT	ACG	GTT(	CTG:	rtt	CGG	CGC	CTC	CTC	GTC	CATO	TTC	TCG	
a		V	D	G	V	E	V	Н	N	A	K	T	К	P	R	E	E	Q	Y	N	S	•
	241				-+-			+				+			<b>-</b> + ·			-+-	. <b></b> .		GAG CTC	300
a		т	Y	R	v	v	s	v	L	T	v	L	н	Q	D.	W	L	N	G	K	E	•
	301		AAC																		AAA +	360
			TT																		TTT	300
a		Y	K	С	ĸ	V	s	N	ĸ	A	L	P	A	P	I	E	K	T	I	S	K	-
	361																				CTG	420
	301																				GAC	120
a		Α	K	G	Q	P	R	E	P	Q	V	Y	T	L	P	P	S	R	ם	E	L	-
	421																				GCC	490
	441																				CGG	400
a		T	K	N	Q	V	s	L	T	С	L	v	K	G	F	Y	P	S	D	I	A	•
			-																		CTG	
	481																				GAC	540
a		v	E	W	E	S	N	G	Q	P	E	N	N	Y	K	T	T	p	P	v	L	
																					CAG	
	541																				GTC	600
_		_	_	_	~		_	-		17		v		m	17	<b>n</b>	v	0	ъ	tut	^	

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#### FIG. 25B

	601				-+-		• • •	+		• • •	• • •	+			-+-			+		• • •	GCAG CGTC	660
l		Q	G	N	V	F	S	С	s	V	М	Н	E	A	L	Н	N	Н	Y	T	Q	-
	661				-+-			+		• • •		+			-+-			+			GGGT CCCA	720
<b>A</b>		K	s	L	s	L	S	P	G	K.	G	G	G	G	G	С	T	T	Н	W	G	•
	721				-+-	СТА	MHI               	GAT	- <b></b>			748	3									

## FIG. 26A

	Nd	eI																				
	1				-+-			+				+			+			+ -		·		60
		GTA	TAC	CAC	GTG	GTG	GGT	GAC	CCC.	AAA	GTG(	GGA	CAC	GCC2	ACCI	rcco	3CC3	CCC	CTC	TTT	CCA	
a			M	С	T	T	Н	W	G	F	Т	L	С	G	G	G	G	G	D	K	G	•
	61				-+-		<i>-</i>	+				+			-+-			+ -	<b></b> .		GGG CCC	120
a		G	G	G	G	D	K	T	Н	T	С	P	P	С	P	A	P	E	L	L	G	-
		GG	ACCO														CATO	GAT	CTC	CCGC	FACC	
	121	CC	rggo										GTT				GTA	CTA(	GAG	3GC	CTGG	180
a		G	P	s	v	F	L	F	P	P	к	P	ĸ	D	T	L	M	ı	s	R	T	-
		cc	rgad	GT(	CAC	ATG	CGT	GGT	GGT	GGA	CGT	GAG	CCA	CGA	AGA	ccc	TGA	GGT	CAA	GTT	CAAC	
	181	GG	·	 2	• <b>ተ -</b>	 ጥልሮ															TTG	240
		p	E	v	т	С	v	v	v		v		н			p		v			N	-
а		-	_	•	-	•			•	_						-	~~		003	-	cm».c	
	241				-+-			+				+			-+-	• • •	• • •	+			GTAC	300
		AC	CAT	GCA	CCT	'GCC	GCA	CCI	CCA	CGT	ATT	ACG	GTT	CTG	TTT	CGG	CGC	CCT	CCT	CGT	CATG	
a		W	Y	V	D	G	V	E	V	Н	N	A	K	T	K	P	R	E	E	Q	Y	-
	201		CAG	CAC	GTA	CCG	TGI	GGT	CAG	CGT	CCT	CAC	CGT	CCT	GCA	CCA	GGA	CTG	GCT	GAA'	TGGC	360
	301	TT	GTC	GTG	CAT																ACCG	300
a		N	s	T	Y	R	v	v	S	v	L	T	V	L	Н	Q	D	W	L	N	G	•
		AA	GGA	GTA	CAA	GTG	CA	GGT	CTC	CAA	CAA	AGC	CCT	ccc	AGC	ccc	CAT	CGA	.GAA	AAC	CATC	
	361	 TrT	 ССТ	CAT	- + - GTT	CAC	GTT	CCA	GAG	GTI	GTI	+	GGA	GGG	TCG	GGG	GTA	GCT	CTT	TTG	GTAG	420
a		ĸ	E			С							L					E	K	т	ı	
		тC	CAA	AGC	CAP	AAGG	iGC.	AGCO	ccc	AG	ACC	ACA	GGI	GTA	CAC	CCT	GCC	ccc	ATC	CCG	GGAT	
	421				-+-			4				+			-+-			+			CCTA	480
a													٧					P	S	R	D	•
	4 R 1				-+-			4				. +	<b>-</b>		-+-			+			CGAC	540
	401	CT	CGA	CTG	GTT	rcT?	rgg?	rcci	AGT	CGG	CTC	<b>GA</b> (	CGGA	CCA	GTI	TCC	:GAA	GAT	'AGG	GTC	GCTG	-
a		E	L	T	K	N	Q	v	s	L	T	С	L	V	K	G	F	Y	P	S	D	•
		AT	CGC	CGI	rgg/	AGT	GGG	AGA	<b>GCA</b>	ATG	GC/	AGC	CGG#	\GA#	CA	CTA	CAA	GAC	CAC	GCC	TCCC	600
	541	TA	GCG	GCA	ACC'	TCA	 :CC'	rct(	+ CGT'	rac	CCG	rcg	GCC1	CT	GTI	GAT	GTI	CTC	GTC	CGG	AGGG	600
a		I	A	v	E	W	E	3	N	G	Q	Þ	E	N	N	Y	К	T	T	P	P	-

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#### FIG. 26B

	601			• • •	-+-			+		• • •		+			-+-			• • •		• • •	CAGG + GTCC	660
L.		v	L	D	3	D	G	s	F	F	L	Y	s	ĸ	L	T	v	D	к	s	R	•
	661			• • •	-+-		• • •	+	·		• • •	+			-+-		• • •	+			CTAC	720
ı		W	Q	Q	G	N	V	F	s	С	s	V	M	н	E	A	L	н	N	н	Y	-
													Ва	mHI i	•							
	721			GAA CTT	-+-			+				+			•+•	• •	763	l				
		m	^	v	c	τ.	c		•	р	C	v										

#### SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> LIU, CHUAN-FA
FEIGE, ULRICH
CHEETHAM, JANET
BOONE, THOMAS CHARLES

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<141> 1999-10-22

<150> 60/105,371

<151> 1998-10-23

<160> 1133

<170> PatentIn Ver. 2.1

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<211> 684

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ggg gga ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc 96
Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu
20 25 30

atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gtg gac gtg agc 144
Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser
35 40 45

cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag 192
His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu
50 ... 55 60

gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc acg 240

1

65	nis	ASN	Ala	гуя	70	гуз	Pro	Arg	GIU	75	GIN	Tyr	ASN	ser	80		
		gtg Val	-				_				_					288	
	-	gag Glu		_	-	_	_							-		336	
		aaa Lys 115	Thr									-			-	384 ·	
		acc Thr														432	
-	_	acc Thr	-	-	_						-					480	
		gag Glu														528	
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		aag Lys 195														624	
		gag Glu														672	
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2

<213> HUMAN

<400	)> 2														
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Met	Ile	Ser 35	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val 40	Thr	Суз	Val	Val	Val 45	Asp	Val	Ser
His	Glu 50	Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	Lys 55	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Val 60	Asp	Gly	Val	Glu
Val 65	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr 70	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	Glu 75	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr 80
Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	Ser 85	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	Leu 90	His	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu 95	Asn
Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr 100	Lys	Суз	Lys	Val	Ser 105	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	Pro 110	Ala	Pro
Ile	Glu	Lys 115	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala 120	Lya	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg 125	Glu	Pro	Gln
Val	Tyr 130		Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser 135	Arg	Asp	Glu	Leu	Thr 140	Lys	Asn	Gln	Val
Ser 145	Leu	Thr	Суз	Leu	Val 150	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro 155	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val 160
Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn 165	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn 170		Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr 175	Pro
Pro	Val	Leu	Asp 180	Ser	Asp	. Gly	Ser	Phe 185	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	Lys 190	Leu	Thr
Val	Asp	Lys 195	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln 200	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser 205		Ser	Val
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Ser 225		Gly	Lys 												-

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Arg Ala
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Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala
1 5
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Arg Ala
<210> 5
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<212> DNA
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<220>
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cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac 584 Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp

175 180 170 gge tee tte tte etc tac age aag etc ace gtg gae aag age agg tgg 632 Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp 190 cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His 205 210 aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct ccg ggt aaa ggt gga Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly 215 220 ggt ggt atc gaa ggt ccg act ctg cgt cag tgg ctg gct gct cgt Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg 235 794 gct taatctcgag gatcc Ala <210> 6 <211> 247 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP <400> 6 Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu 15 10 5 Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu 25 20 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser 40 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu 55 60 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr **75** . 65 70 Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn

Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro

... 85

90

100 105 110

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln
115 120 125

Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val 130 135 140

Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val-145 150 155 160

Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 165 170 175

Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr
180 185 190

Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val
195 200 205

Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu 210 215 220

Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg 225 230 235 240

Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 245

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<221> CDS

<222> (39)..(842)

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Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr

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				ccc Pro	_	-			_	_					152
	_		-	 gtg Val		_		-		-	-				200
_				gtg Val 60	_					_		_			248
-	-			 cag Gln			-	-		-		_	-	-	296
		-	_	çag Gln	_		_			_			_	_	344
				gcc Ala											392
				ecc Pro											440
				acc Thr 140							_		_		488
				agc Ser											536
				tac Tyr											584
			.Phe	tac Tyr											632

8

cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His 205 200 210 aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct ccg ggt aaa ggt gga Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly 215 220 ggt ggt atc gaa ggt ccg act ctg cgt cag tgg ctg gct gct cgt Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg gct ggt gga ggt ggc ggc gga ggt att gag ggc cca acc ctt cgc 824 Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg 255 250 caa tgg ctt gca gca cgc gcataatctc gaggatccg 861 Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg 265 <210> 8 <211> 268 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP-TMP <400> 8 Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu 20 25 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser 40 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu 55 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr 80 65 70 Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn 90 85

9

100

Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro-105

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln 115 120 Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val **135** . Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val 145 150 Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 170 165 Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr 185 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val 200 205 195 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu 215 220 210 Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg 230 235 Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile 250 Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg 260

<210> 9 <211> 855 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TMP-TMP-Fc

<220>
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<222> (39)..(845)

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					acc Thr											152
				-	aaa Lys							_		_		200
_		_			ccg Pro 60		_	_		_					_	248
•			-		tcc Ser					-		_				296
•		_			gac Asp			٠.	-						_	344
			- •		aat Asn	-	_					-				392
					gtg Val											440
					gag Glu 140											488
					aaa Lys											536
					acc Thr											584
aac	cag	gtc	agc	ctg	acc	tgc	ctg	gtc	aaa	ggc	ttc	tat	ccc	agc	gac	632

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp

185 190 195 atc gcc gtg gag tgg gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag 680 Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys 200 205 ace acg cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser 215 220 225 aag ctc acc gtg gac aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca 776 Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser 235 tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc 824 Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser 250 255 ctc tcc ctg tct ccg ggt aaa taatggatcc 855 Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 265 <210> 10 <211> 269 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TMP-TMP-Fc Met Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly 5 Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp 25 Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys 40 Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu 50 60

Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu

Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys

70

85

75

90

Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys
100 105 110

Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu 115 120 125

Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys 130 135 140

Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys 145 150 155 160

Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser 165 170 175

Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys 180 185 190

Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln 195 200 205

Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly 210 215 220

Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln 225 230 235 240

Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn 245 250 255

His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 260 265

<210> 11

<211> 789

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TMP-Fc

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (39)...(779)

<400> 11

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age aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg cct ccc gtg ctg Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu 185 190 gac tee gae gge tee tte tte etc tae age aag etc ace gtg gae aag 680 Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys 200 205 age agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag 728 Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu 220 get etg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag age etc tee etg tet eeg ggt 776 Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly 235 240 789 aaa taatggatcc Lys <210> 12 <211> 247 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TMP-Fc Met Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly 10 Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro 25 Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys 40 Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val 50 55 Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp 70 Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr 90 Asn Ser Thr. Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp 100 105

Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu 115 120 125

Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg 130 135 140

Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys
145 150 150 155 160

Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp 165 170 175

Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys
180 185 190

Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser 195 200 205

Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser 210 215 220

Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser 225 230 235 240

Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

<210> 13

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

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<400> 13

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<210> 14

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

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60

55

65

	Pro	Arg	Glu	G1u 75	Gln	Tyr	Asn	Ser	Thr 80	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	85	Val	296
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aag Lys	gtc Val	tcc Ser 105	Asn	aaa Lys	gcc Ala	ctc Leu	cca Pro 110	gcc Ala	ccc Pro	atc Ile	gag Glu	aaa Lys 115	acc Thr	atc Ile	tcc Ser	392
aaa Lys	gcc Ala 120	aaa Lys	ggg	cag Gln	ccc Pro	cga Arg 125	gaa Glu	cca Pro	cag Gln	gtg Val	tac Tyr 130	Thr	ctg Leu	ccc	cca Pro	440
tcc Ser 135	Arg	gat	gaq Glu	ctg Leu	acc Thr 140	Lys	aac Asn	cag Gln	gtc Val	agc Ser 145	Leu	acc Thr	tgc Cys	ctg Leu	gtc Val 150	488
aaa Lys	ggc Gly	tto Phe	tat Tyr	c ccc Pro	Ser	gac Asp	ato Ile	gcc Ala	gtg Val 160	Glu	tgg Trp	gag Glu	agc Ser	aat Asn 165	ggg Gly	536
caç Glr	g ccg	gae Gl	g aad u As: 17	n Ası	tac Tyr	aaq Lys	acc Thr	acq Thr	Pro	ccc Pro	gtq Val	g cto	g gac 1 Asr 180	) ser	gac Asp	584
gg(	tco y Sei	tt Ph 18	e Ph	c cto e Leo	c tac	c ago	aaq r Ly:	s Lei	e acc	gte Val	g gad l Asj	2 aaq 2 Ly: 19:	s sei	agçı Arç	g tgg g Trp	632
ca G1:	g cae n Gli 20	n Gl	g aa y As	c gt n Va	c tt	c tc e Se 20	r Cy	c tc s Se	c gto	g ate	g ca t Hi 21	S GT	g gc	t cto a Leo	g cac u His	680
aa As 21	n Hi	c ta s Ty	ic ac	g ca r Gl	g aa n Ly 22	s Se	c ct r Le	c tc	c ct r Le	g to u Se 22	r PI	g gg	t aa y Ly	a gg s Gl	t gga y Gly 230	728
gg G1	t gg y Gl	rt go	gt gq ly G	ga gg ly Gl 23	ly Th	t ta	c to	t tg er Cy	c ca s Hi 24	s Pr	c gg ne Gl	ge ec	g ct	g ac u Th 24	t tgg r Trp 5	776
gt Vá	et tç al Cy	jc a /s L	ys P	cg ca ro Gi	ag gç ln Gl	gt gg Ly Gi	gt ta Ly	aatct	cgtç	g gat	tcc			ay tagan	~	812

PCT/US99/25044 WO 00/24782

<210> 16

<211> 253

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP

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Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu

Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser 40 35

His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu 55

Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr 75

Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn

Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro 105 100

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln 120

Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val 135

Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val 150 145

Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 170

Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr 190 185

Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val 205 -200 195

Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu

220 215 210

Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His 235 230 225

Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly 245

<210> 17

<211> 807

<212> DNA

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<221> CDS

<222> (39)..(797)

<400> 17

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- tgc cac ttc ggc ccg ctg act tgg gta tgt aag cca caa ggg ggt ggg Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly 15 10
- gga ggc ggg ggg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca cct tgc cca gca cct 152 Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro 35 30 25
- gaa ctc ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtt ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag 200 Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys 45 40
- gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg 248 Asp Thr Leu Met' Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val 60 55
- gac gtg agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp ⊸ ..**8**5 80 75
- ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac

Gly '	Val	Glu	Val 90	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr 95	Lys	Prò	Arg	Glu	Glu 100	Gln	Tyr	
aac	agc	acg	tac	cgt	gtg	gtc	agc	gtc	ctc	acc	gtc	ctg	cac	cag	gac	392
Asn	Ser	Thr 105	Tyr	Arg	Val	Val	Ser 110	Val	Leu	Thr	Val	115	HIS	GIN	ASP	
									224	~+~	too	220	222	acc	ctc	440
tgg Trp	ctg	aat	ggc	aag Lvs	Glu	Tur	Lvs	Cvs	Lvs	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu	410
	120	VOII	GLY	2,5	024	125	-,-	-,-	-,-		130		•		•	
cca	acc	ccc	atc	αaα	aaa	acc	atc	tcc	aaa	acc	aaa	aga	cag	ccc	cga	488
Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	Pro	Arg	
135					140					145					150	
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Glu	Pro	Gln	Val	Tyr	Thr	Leu	Pro	Pro	Ser	Arg	Asp	Glu	Leu	Thr	Lys	
				155					160					165		
aac	cag	gtc	agc	ctg	acc	tgc	ctg	gtc	aaa	ggc	ttc	tat	ccc	agc	gac	584
Asn	Gln	Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Сув	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	
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atc	gcc	gtg	gag	tgg	gag	agc	aat	ggg	cag	ccg	gag	aac	aac	tac	aag	632
Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	Tyr	Lys	
		185					190					195	i			
acc	acq	cct	ccc	gtg	ctg	gac	tcc	gac	ggc	tcc	tto	tto	cto	tac	agc	680
Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tyr	Ser	
	200					205					210					
aag	ctc	acc	: gtg	gac	aag	ago	agg	tgg	cag	cag	ggg	aac	gto	: ttc	tca	728
Lys	Leu	Thr	. Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Glr	Gly	Ası	ı Val	. Phe	3 Ser 230	
215					220					225	•				230	
tgc	tcc	gte	atç	cat	gaç	, gct	ctq	cac	aac	cac	:-tac	acq	g cad	, aaq	gage	776
Cys	Ser	· Val	Met	: His	Glu	Ala	Lev	His	Asr	1 His	Ту	Th	r Gli	) Ly:	s Ser	
		•		235	•				240	)				24	•	
cto	tco	cto	g tct	ccq	g ggt	: aaa	ı taa	atgga	atcc							807
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			250	)												

<210> 18
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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-Fc

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- Met Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys

  1 5 10 15
- Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys 20 25 30
- Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu 35 40 45
- Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu 50 55 60
- Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys
  65 70 75 80
- Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys 85 90 95
- Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu 100 . 105 110
- Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys 115 120 125
- Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys 130 135 140
- Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser 145 150 155 160
- Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys 165 170 175
- Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln 180 185 190
- Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly 195 200 205
- Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln 210 215 220
- Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn 225 230 235 240

His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245

<210>	19															
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<220		_														
<221			071													
<222	> (4).	L) '	(0/1/													
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tcta	gatt	to a	attti	taact	: ttl	tagaa	agga	gga	ataaa	aat	atg 🤉	ga q	ggt	act	tac	55
	9400	-, -	<b>y</b>								Met (	Gly (	31y	Thr	- Y Z	
											1				5	
																103
tct	tgc	cac	ttc	ggc (	cca	ctg a	act	tgg	gtt	tgc	aaa	ccg	cag	ggt	ggc	103
Ser	Суз	His	Phe	Gly :	Pro	Leu '	Thr	Trp	Val	Суз	Lys	Pro '	GIN	20	GIĀ	
				10					15					20		
												<b>~~</b> C	cca	cta	acc	151
ggc	ggc	ggc	ggc	ggt	ggt	acc	tat	tcc	cgt	Cat	ttt	Glv	Pro	Leu	Thr	
Gly	Gly	Gly		Gly	Gly	Thr	'lYI	30	Cys	пто	Phe	0-,	35			
			25					30								
					<b>633</b>	aaa	aat	aaa	ада	aac	ggg	ggg	gac	aaa	act	199
tgg	gta	cyc	aag	Dro	Gin	Glv	Glv	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Asp	Lys	Thr	
Trp	vaı	40	пуa	110	<b></b>		45	-	_			50				
																245
cac	aca	tat	cca	cct	tgc	cca	gca	cct	gaa	ctc	ctg	ggg	gga	ccg	tca	247
His	Thr	Сув	Pro	Pro	Суя	Pro	Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu	nea	Gly	Gly	Pro	ser	
	55					60					65					
													250	tcc	caa	295
gtt	ttc	ctc	ttc	CCC	cca	aaa	ccc	aag	gac	acc	CEC	Mor	Tle	Ser	cgg	-
Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Asp	80	nea	Mec			Arg 85	
70	)				75					80	'					
								. ata	, dan	at.c	r agc	cac	gaa	gac	cct Pro	343
acc	cct	gag	gtc	aca	tgc	geg	y Ly	Val	Asc	· Val	Ser	His	Glu	ASE	Pro	
Thi	Pro	Glu 	val	nnr 90		val	V 61.1	. ,	95	5				100	)	
				-			•						•	•	-	
			. ++-	. aac	t tac	tac	: ata	g gad	ggo	gte	g gaç	gtg	ca	t aat	gcc n Ala	391
gae	g gto	daç Lar	, ccc	. aac	Tre	TVI	. Va	l Ası	Gly	y Va	l Glu	ı Val	Hi	s Ası	n Ala	
GI	u va.	r nA;	- E116	131												

			105					110					115			
aag Lys	aca Thr	aag Lys 120	ccg Pro	cgg Arg	gag Glu	Glu	cag Gln 125	tac Tyr	aac Asn	agc Ser	acg Thr	tac Tyr 130	cgt Arg	gtg Val	gtc Val	439
agc Ser	gtc Val 135	ctc Leu	acc Thr	gtc Val	ctg Leu	cac His 140	cag Gln	gac Asp	tgg Trp	ctg Leu	aat Asn 145	ggc Gly	aag Lys	gag Glu	tac Tyr	487
aag Lys 150	tgc Cys	aag Lys	gtc Val	tcc Ser	aac Asn 155	aaa Lys	gcc Ala	ctc Leu	cca Pro	gcc Ala 160	ccc Pro	atc Ile	gag Glu	aaa Lys	acc Thr 165	535
atc Ile	tcc Ser	aaa Lys	gcc Ala	aaa Lys 170	G1À ààà	cag Gln	ccc Pro	cga Arg	gaa Glu 175	cca Pro	cag Gln	gtg Val	tac Tyr	acc Thr 180	ctg Leu	583
ccc Pro	cca	tcc Ser	cgg Arg 185	gat Asp	gag Glu	ctg Leu	acc Thr	aag Lys 190	aac Asn	cag Gln	gtc Val	agc Ser	ctg Leu 195	acc Thr	tgc Cya	631
ctg Leu	gtc Val	aaa Lys 200	Gly	ttc Phe	tat Tyr	ccc Pro	agc Ser 205	gac	atc Ile	gcc Ala	gtg Val	gag Glu 210	tgg Trp	gag Glu	agc Ser	679
aat Asn	ggg Gly 215	Gln	ccg	gag Glu	aac	aac Asn 220	tac Tyr	aag Lys	acc Thr	acg Thr	Pro 225	Pro	gtg Val	ctg Leu	gac	727
Ser 230	Ası	Gly	tco Ser	ttc Phe	ttc Phe 235	Leu	tac	ago Ser	aag Lys	Leu 240	t Thr	gtg Val	gac Asp	aag Lys	agc Ser 245	775
agg	tgq Tr	g caq o Gli	g caq n Gli	g ggg n Gly 250	Asi	gtc Val	tto Phe	tca Ser	tgc Cys 255	Ser	gtç Val	g atg L Met	cat His	gaç Glu 260	gct Ala	823
cto Le	g cad	c aa s As	c cac n Hi: 26	в Ту	acç Thi	g caç	aaq Lys	g ago s Sei 27	r Le	tco Sei	c cto	g tct u Sei	27!	) GI	aaa Y Lys	871
ta	atgg	atcc														881

<210> 20 <211> 277 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP·EMP·Fc

<400> 20

Met Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys
1 5 10 15

Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His 20 25 30

Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 35 40 45

Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu
50 55 60

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr 65 70 75 80

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val 85 90 95

Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 100 105 110

Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser 115 120 125

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu
130 135 140

Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 145 150 150 155 160

Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro 165 170 175

Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln 180 185 190

Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala 195 200 205

Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr 210 215 220

Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu 225 230 235 240

Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser 250 255 245 Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser 260 265 Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 275 <210> 21 <211> 884 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP-EMP <220> <221> CDS <222> (39)..(869) <400> 21 tctagatttg ttttaactaa ttaaaggagg aataacat atg gac aaa act cac aca 56 Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr tgt cca cct tgc cca gca cct gaa ctc ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtt ttc Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe 15 10 ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct 152 Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro 30 25 gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc 200 Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val 45 40 aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr 65 60 aag eeg egg gag gag eag tae aac age aeg tae egt gtg gte age gte Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val

26

75

80

ctc Leu																344
												aaa Lys 115				392
												acc Thr				440
												acc Thr				488
												gag Glu				536
cag Gln	ccg Pro	gag Glu	aac Asn 170	aac Asn	tac Tyr	aag Lys	acc Thr	acg Thr 175	cct Pro	ccc Pro	gtg Val	ctg Leu	gac Asp 180	tcc Ser	gac Asp	584
ggc Gly	tcc Ser	ttc Phe 185	ttc Phe	ctc Leu	tac Tyr	agc Ser	aag Lys 190	ctc Leu	acc Thr	gtg Val	gac Asp	aag Lys 195	agc Ser	agg Arg	tgg Trp	632
cag Gln	cag Gln 200	Gly	aac Asn	gtc Val	ttc Phe	tca Ser 205	tgc Cys	tcc Ser	gtg Val	atg Met	cat His 210	g <u>a</u> g Glu	gct Ala	ctg Leu	cac His	680
aac Asn 215	His	tac Tyr	acg Thr	cag Gln	aag Lys 220	. Ser	ctc Leu	tcc Ser	ctg Leu	tct Ser 225	Pro	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	ggt Gly	gga Gly 230	728
ggt Gly	ggt	ggc Gly	gga Gly	ggt Gly 235	Thr	tac Tyr	ser	tgc Cys	His 240	Phe	ggc Gly	cca Pro	ctg Leu	act Thr 245	tgg Trp	776
gtt Val	tgo Cys	aaa Lys	Pro 250	Glr	ggt Gly	ggc Gly	ggc Gly	ggc Gly 255	Gly	ggc Gly	ggt Gly	ggt Gly	acc Thr 260	Туг	tcc Ser	824
tgt Cys	cat His	ttt Phe 265	3 Gl	e ecç	g cto Lev	aco Thi	tgq Trg 270	Val	tgt Cys	aaq Lys	g cca	a caa Glr 275	ı Glş	ggt Gly	- /	869

taatctcgag gatcc 884

<210> 22

<211> 277

<212> PRT

- <213> Artificial Sequence
- <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP-EMP

<400> 22

- Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu

  1 5 10 15
- Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu 20 25 30
- Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser 35 40 45
- His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu
  50 55 60
- Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr 65 70 75 80
- Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn 85 90 95
- Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro 100 105 110
- Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln 115 120 125
- Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val 130 135 140
- Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val 145 150 155 160
- Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 165 170 175
- Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr
  180 185 190 -
- Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val

195 200 205 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu 210 220 215 Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His 235 230 Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 250 245 Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys 260 265 270 Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly 275 <210> 23 <211> 1545

<212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:pAMG216

<400> 23

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attgtttaac ataagtacct gtaggatcgt acaggtttac gcaagaaaat ggtttgttat 1260
agtcgattaa tcgatttgat tctagatttg ttttaactaa ttaaaggagg aataacatat 1320
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<210> 24
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
.<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 24
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Lys Ala
  1
                 5
                                    10
<210> 25
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 25
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
                  5
<210> 26
<211> 29
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
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30

<220>

<223> At position 15, Xaa=a linker sequence of 1 to 20 amino acids
<400> 26

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Xaa Ile 1 . 5 10 15

Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
20 25

<210> 27

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 15, Xaa=a linker sequence of 1 to 20 amino acids

<400> 27

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Lys Ala Xaa Ile 1 5 10 15

Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Lys Ala 20 25

<210> 28

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 9 disulfide linkage with residue 24

<220>

<223> At position 24 disulfide linkage with residue 9

<400> 28

```
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Xaa Ile
                 5
                                    10
Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
                                25
            20
<210> 29
<211> 31
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 16 bromoacetyl group linked to
      sidechain
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Xaa Lys
                5
                                    10
Xaa Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
                                25
             20
<210> 30
<211> 31
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 16 polyethylene glycol linked to
      sidechain
<400> 30 ...
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Xaa Lys
                                    10
                  5
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Xaa Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
20 25 30

<210> 31

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 9 disulfide bond to residue 9 of a separate identical sequence

<400> 31

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Xaa Ile 1 5 10 15

Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
20 25

<210> 32

<211> 29

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 24 disulfide bond to residue 9 of a separate identical sequence

<400> 32

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Xaa Ile
1 5 10 15

Glu Gly Prö Thr Leu Arg Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
20 25

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<210> 33
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 33
Val Arg Asp Gln Ile Xaa Xaa Xaa Leu
<210> 34
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 34
Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu
 1 . 5
<210> 35
<211> 10
<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 35
 Gly Arg Val Arg Asp Gln Val Ala Gly Trp
                  5
  1
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<210> 36

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<211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 36
 Gly Arg Val Lys Asp Gln Ile Ala Gln Leu
                  5
 <210> 37
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Description of
       Artificial SequenceTPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE
 <400> 37
 Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Val Ser Trp Ala Leu
                 5
<210> 38
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 38
 Glu Ser Val Arg Glu Gln Val Met Lys Tyr
                   5
   1
 <210> 39
 <211> 10
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<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
<400> 39
Ser Val Arg Ser Gln Ile Ser Ala Ser Leu
<210> 40
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC .
     PEPTIDE
<400> 40
Gly Val Arg Glu Thr Val Tyr Arg His Met
                 5
<210> 41
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 41
Gly Val Arg Glu Val Ile Val Met His Met Leu
<210> 42
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
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PEPTIDE

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<400> 42
Gly Arg Val Arg Asp Gln Ile Trp Ala Ala Leu
1 5 10
<210> 43
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<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<210> 44 <211> 11 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 44
Gly Arg Val Arg Asp Gln Ile Met Leu Ser Leu
1 5 10

<210> 45
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 45

Gly Arg Val Arg Asp Gln Ile Xaa Xaa Xaa Leu 1 5 <210> 46 <211> 10 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 46 Cys Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Gln Gly Cys 5 <210> 47 <211> 10 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 47 Cys Thr Leu Gln Glu Phe Leu Glu Gly Cys <210> 48 <211> 10 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

Cys Thr Arg Thr Glu Trp Leu His Gly Cys
1 5 10

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<210> 49
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 49
Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu His Gly Gly Phe Cys
1 5
<210> 50
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP
<400> 50
Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Val Phe Ala Gly Leu Cys
                                   10
                5
<210> 51
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP
 <400> 51
Cys Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ile Leu Leu Gly Met Cys
                 5
 <210> 52 ....
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<211> 14 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 52 Cys Thr Leu Ala Glu Phe Leu Ala Ser Gly Val Glu Gln Cys 5 10 <210> 53 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP <400> 53 Cys Ser Leu Gln Glu Phe Leu Ser His Gly Gly Tyr Val Cys <210> 54 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP <400> 54 Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Phe Leu Asp Pro Thr Thr Ala Val Cys 5 10 <210> 55 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC

PEPTIDE

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<400> 55
Cys Thr Leu Lys Glu Trp Leu Val Ser His Glu Val Trp Cys
                5
<210> 56
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 56
Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Xaa Cys
                  5
 1
<210> 57
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 57
Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys
                  5
<210> 58
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 58
 Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys
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1 5 10

<210> 59

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 59

Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys 1 5 10

<210> 60

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 60

Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys
1 5 10

<210> 61

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 61

Arg Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Met

1 ... 5 10

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<210> 62
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
<400> 62
Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala
                 5
<210> 63
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 63
Glu Arg Gly Pro Phe Trp Ala Lys Ala Cys
       5
<210> 64
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
Arg Glu Gly Pro Arg Cys Val Met Trp Met
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<210> 65 <211> 14

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 65
Cys Gly Thr Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Ser Thr Trp Leu Asp Cys
<210> 66
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 66
Cys Glu Gln Asp Gly Pro Thr Leu Leu Glu Trp Leu Lys Cys
                5
<210> 67
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
Cys Glu Leu Val Gly Pro Ser Leu Met Ser Trp Leu Thr Cys
                5
<210> 68
<211> 14
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44

<212> PRT ...

<213> Artificial Sequence

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WO 00/24782 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 68 Cys Leu Thr Gly Pro Phe Val Thr Gln Trp Leu Tyr Glu Cys 1 5 <210> 69 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 69 Cys Arg Ala Gly Pro Thr Leu Leu Glu Trp Leu Thr Leu Cys 5 10 <210> 70 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 70 Cys Ala Asp Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Ile Ser Phe Cys 5

<210> 71 <211> 13 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

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<400> 71
Cys Xaa Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Cys
       5
<210> 72
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 72
Cys Xaa Xaa Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Cys
                 5
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<210> 73
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 73
Cys Xaa Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Xaa Cys
                                    10
                  5
<210> 74
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 74
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Cys Xaa Xaa Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Xaa Xaa Cys

1 5 10 15

<210> 75

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 75

Gly Gly Cys Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu His Gly Gly Phe Cys Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

<210> 76

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<400> 76

Gly Gly Cys Ala Asp Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Ile Ser Phe Cys

1 5 10 15

Gly Gly

<210> 77

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 77

Gly Asn Ala Asp Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Glu Gly Arg Arg

1 5 10 15

Pro Lys Asn

<210> 78

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 78

Leu Ala Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu His Gly Asn Gly

1 5 10 15

Arg Asp Thr

<210> 79

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 79

His Gly Arg Val Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Lys Thr Gln Val Ala 1 5 10 15

Thr Lys Lys

<210> 80

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 80

Thr Ile Lys Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Lys Ser Arg Glu His 1 5 10 15

Thr Ser

<210> 81

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<400> 81

Ile Ser Asp Gly Pro Thr Leu Lys Glu Trp Leu Ser Val Thr Arg Gly
1 5 10 15

Ala Ser

<210> 82

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 82

Ser Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Glu Trp Leu Thr Ser Arg Thr Pro 1 5 10 15

His Ser

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<210> 83
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 83
Tyr Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Pro
                  5
                                     10
<210> 84
<211> 28
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
Tyr Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Pro Tyr Xaa
                                                        15
                                     10
                  5
Cys Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Pro
                                25
             20
<210> 85
<211> 29
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 15, Xaa=a linker sequence of 1 to 20
      amino acids
<400> 85
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50

Tyr Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Pro Xaa Tyr 1 5 10 15

Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Pro 20 25

<210> 86

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:EPO-MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 15 linked through epsilon amine to lysyl, which is linked to a separate identical sequence through that sequence's alpha amine

<400> 86

Tyr Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Cys Xaa Pro 1 5 10

<210> 87

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 87

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly

20

<210> 88

<211> 20

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
<400> 88
Gly Gly Asp Tyr His Cys Arg Met Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
                                  10
Pro Leu Gly Gly
<210> 89
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 89
Gly Gly Val Tyr Ala Cys Arg Met Gly Pro Ile Thr Trp Val Cys Ser
                                                     15
                5
Pro Leu Gly Gly
<210> 90
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 90
Val Gly Asn Tyr Met Cys His Phe Gly Pro Ile Thr Trp Val Cys Arg
                      . 10
 1 .. 5
```

52

Pro Gly Gly Gly

20

```
<210> 91
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 91
Gly Gly Leu Tyr Leu Cys Arg Phe Gly Pro Val Thr Trp Asp Cys Gly
                                   10
               5
Tyr Lys Gly Gly
             20
<210> 92
<211> 40
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
                                     10
                 5
Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr
                                25
             20
Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly
         35
<210> 93
<211> 41
<212> PRT ...
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53

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:EPO-MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 21, Xaa=a linker sequence of 1 to 20 amino acids

<400> 93

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys

1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly Xaa Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu 20 25 30

Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly 35 40

<210> 94

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 94

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Lys 20

<210> 95

<211> 46

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<400> 95

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys

1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Lys Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly 20 25 30

Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Lys
35 40 45

<210> 96

<211> 47

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 24, Xaa=a linker sequence of 1 to 20 amino acids

<400> 96

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys

1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Lys Xaa Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe 20 25 30

Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Lys 35 40 45

<210> 97

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 22 linked through epsilon amine to lysyl, which is linked to a separate identical

sequence through that sequence's alpha amine

<400> 97

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys

1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser

20

<210> 98

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 23 biotin linked to the sidechain through a linker

<400> 98

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly Ser Ser Lys 20

<210> 99

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:G-CSF MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 4 disulfide bond to residue 4 of a separate identical sequence

<400> 99

Glu Glu Asp Cys Lys

1 5

<210> 100

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:G-CSF MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 4, Xaa is an isoteric ethylene spacer linked to a separate identical sequence

<400> 100

Glu Glu Asp Xaa Lys

1

<210> 101

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 1, Xaa is a pyroglutamic acid residue

<220>

<223> At position 4, Xaa is an isoteric ethylene spacer linked to a separate identical sequence

<400> 101

Xaa Glu Asp Xaa Lys

1

<210> 102 ...

<211> 5

<212> PRT

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is a picolinic acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 4, Xaa is an isoteric ethylene spacer
      linked to a separate identical sequence
<400> 102
Xaa Ser Asp Xaa Lys
 1
<210> 103
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 6, Xaa=a linker sequence of 1 to 20
      amino acids
<400> 103
Glu Glu Asp Cys Lys Xaa Glu Glu Asp Cys Lys
                  5
  1
<210> 104
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
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<220>

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<223> At position 6, Xaa=a linker sequence of 1 to 20
     amino acids
<400> 104
Glu Glu Asp Xaa Lys Xaa Glu Glu Asp Xaa Lys
                5
<210> 105
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: ANTIVIRAL (HBV)
      PEPTIDE
<400> 105
Leu Leu Gly Arg Met Lys
. 1
<210> 106
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 106
Tyr Cys Phe Thr Ala Ser Glu Asn His Cys Tyr
                 5
                                    10
 1
<210> 107
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
```

```
<400> 107
Tyr Cys Phe Thr Asn Ser Glu Asn His Cys Tyr
                 5
                                    10
<210> 108
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 108
Tyr Cys Phe Thr Arg Ser Glu Asn His Cys Tyr
                 5
<210> 109
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 109
Phe Cys Ala Ser Glu Asn His Cys Tyr
  1
<210> 110
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONSIT
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 110 ...
 Tyr Cys Ala Ser Glu Asn His Cys Tyr
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5

1

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<210> 111
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 111
Phe Cys Asn Ser Glu Asn His Cys Tyr
                 5
<210> 112
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 112
Phe Cys Asn Ser Glu Asn Arg Cys Tyr
<210> 113
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 113
Phe Cys Asn Ser Val Glu Asn Arg Cys Tyr
                 5
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```
<210> 114
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 114
Tyr Cys Ser Gln Ser Val Ser Asn Asp Cys Phe
1
                  5
                                     10
<210> 115
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 115
Phe Cys Val Ser Asn Asp Arg Cys Tyr
                  5
<210> 116
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 116
Tyr Cys Arg Lys Glu Leu Gly Gln Val Cys Tyr
                  5
<210> 117 ...
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62

<211> 9 <212> PRT

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
<400> 117
Tyr Cys Lys Glu Pro Gly Gln Cys Tyr
                  5
<210> 118
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
<400> 118
Tyr Cys Arg Lys Glu Met Gly Cys Tyr
                  5
<210> 119
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
<400> 119
Phe Cys Arg Lys Glu Met Gly Cys Tyr
                  5
<210> 120
<211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
 <400> 120
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Tyr Cys Trp Ser Gln Asn Leu Cys Tyr
   1
  <210> 121
<211> 10
  <212> PRT
   <213> Artificial Sequence
   <220>
   <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
   <400> 121
   Tyr Cys Glu Leu Ser Gln Tyr Leu Cys Tyr
   <210> 122
   <211> 9
   <212> PRT
   <213> Artificial Sequence
   <220>
   <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
   <400> 122
   Tyr Cys Trp Ser Gln Asn Tyr Cys Tyr
   <210> 123
   <211> 9
    <212> PRT
   <213> Artificial Sequence
   <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
    <400> 123
    Tyr Cys Trp Ser Gln Tyr Leu Cys Tyr
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<210> 124

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<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 124

25

Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 35

<210> 125

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CTLA4-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 125

Gly Phe Val Cys Ser Gly Ile Phe Ala Val Gly Val Gly Arg Cys 10 5

<210> 126

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CTLA4-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 126

Ala Pro Gly Val Arg Leu Gly Cys Ala Val Leu Gly Arg Tyr Cys 10 5

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<210> 127
<211> 27
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: C3B ANTAGONIST
Ile Cys Val Val Gln Asp Trp Gly His His Arg Cys Thr Ala Gly His
                                    10
Met Ala Asn Leu Thr Ser His Ala Ser Ala Ile
             20
<210> 128
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: C3B ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 128
 Ile Cys Val Val Gln Asp Trp Gly His His Arg Cys Thr
                  5
 <210> 129
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: C3B ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 Cys Val Val Gln Asp Trp Gly His His Ala Cys
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<210> 130
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 130
Thr Phe Ser Asp Leu Trp
<210> 131
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
       ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
 <400> 131
 Gln Glu Thr Phe Ser Asp Leu Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
             5
 <210> 132
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
       ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
 <400> 132
 Gln Pro Thr Phe Ser Asp Leu Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
                   5
  1
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<210> 133 <211> 12 PCT/US99/25044

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 133
Gln Glu Thr Phe Ser Asp Tyr Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
<210> 134
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 134
Gln Pro Thr Phe Ser Asp Tyr Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
<210> 135
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 135
Met Pro Arg Phe Met Asp Tyr Trp Glu Gly Leu Asn
                                      10
                  5
```

<210> 136 <211> 12 <212> PRT---<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: C3B ANTAGONIST
Val Gln Asn Phe Ile Asp Tyr Trp Thr Gln Gln Phe
                 5
<210> 137
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 137
Thr Gly Pro Ala Phe Thr His Tyr Trp Ala Thr Phe
                  5
<210> 138
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
       ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
 <400> 138
 Ile Asp Arg Ala Pro Thr Phe Arg Asp His Trp Phe Ala Leu Val
                                                          15
                                     10
                 5
 <210> 139
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
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ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

PCT/US99/25044

WO 00/24782 Pro Arg Pro Ala Leu Val Phe Ala Asp Tyr Trp Glu Thr Leu Tyr 5 10 <210> 140 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: MDM/HDM ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 140 Pro Ala Phe Ser Arg Phe Trp Ser Asp Leu Ser Ala Gly Ala His 5 10 <210> 141 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 141 Pro Ala Phe Ser Arg Phe Trp Ser Lys Leu Ser Ala Gly Ala His 5 <210> 142

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 142 ...

Pro Xaa Phe Xaa Asp Tyr Trp Xaa Xaa Leu 5

```
<210> 143
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 143
Gln Glu Thr Phe Ser Asp Leu Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
                5
<210> 144
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 144
Gln Pro Thr Phe Ser Asp Leu Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
 1 5
<210> 145
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
Gln Glu Thr Phe Ser Asp Tyr Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
  1 5
```

```
<210> 146
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 146
Gln Pro Thr Phe Ser Asp Tyr Trp Lys Leu Leu Pro
      5
<210> 147
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 147
Asp Ile Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp Asp Leu Met Lys
                5
<210> 148
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
 <400> 148
 Asp Ile Thr Trp Asp Glu Leu Trp Lys Ile Met Asn
        5
 <210> 149 ...
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72

<211> 12 <212> PRT

```
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 149
Asp Tyr Thr Trp Phe Glu Leu Trp Asp Met Met Gln
       5
<210> 150
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 150
Gln Ile Thr Trp Ala Gln Leu Trp Asn Met Met Lys
 1
                5
<210> 151
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 151
Asp Met Thr Trp His Asp Leu Trp Thr Leu Met Ser
 1
                5
<210> 152
<211> 12
```

73

<212> PRT

<220>

<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
```

<400> 152

Asp Tyr Ser Trp His Asp Leu Trp Glu Met Met Ser

1 5 10

<210> 153

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 153

Glu Ile Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp Glu Val Met Asn
1 5 10

<210> 154

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MDM/HDM ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 154

His Val Ser Trp Glu Gln Leu Trp Asp Ile Met Asn
1 5 10

<210> 155

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SELECTIN
 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

PCT/US99/25044

WO 00/24782 <400> 155 His Ile Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp Arg Ile Met Thr 5 <210> 156 <211> 13 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 156 Arg Asn Met Ser Trp Leu Glu Leu Trp Glu His Met Lys 5 1 <210> 157 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN <400> 157 Ala Glu Trp Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp His Val Met Asn Pro Ala Glu 10 Ser Gln <210> 158 <211> 14 <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN <400> 158 His Arg Ala Glu Trp Leu Ala Leu Trp Glu Gln Met Ser Pro

1 5 10

<210> 159

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SELECTIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 159

Lys Lys Glu Asp Trp Leu Ala Leu Trp Arg Ile Met Ser Val 1 5 10

<210> 160

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN

<400> 160

Ile Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp Asp Leu Met Lys
1 5 10

<210> 161

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN

<400> 161

Asp Ile Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp Asp Leu Met Lys

1 5 10

<210> 162

```
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
<400> 162
Asp Ile Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp Asp Leu Met Lys
1 5
<210> 163
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 163
Asp Ile Thr Trp Asp Gln Leu Trp Asp Leu Met Lys
                5
<210> 164
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 164
Ser Cys Val Lys Trp Gly Lys Lys Glu Phe Cys Gly Ser
 1 5
<210> 165
 <211> 12
<212> PRT ...
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN
<400> 165
Ser Cys Trp Lys Tyr Trp Gly Lys Glu Cys Gly Ser
                 5
<210> 166
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 166
Ser Cys Tyr Glu Trp Gly Lys Leu Arg Trp Cys Gly Ser
                                    10
<210> 167
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 167
Ser Cys Leu Arg Trp Gly Lys Trp Ser Asn Cys Gly Ser
                 5
<210> 168
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
```

```
<400> 168
Ser Cys Trp Arg Trp Gly Lys Tyr Gln Ile Cys Gly Ser
                5
<210> 169
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 169
Ser Cys Val Ser Trp Gly Ala Leu Lys Leu Cys Gly Ser
 1 5
<210> 170
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 170
Ser Cys Ile Arg Trp Gly Gln Asn Thr Phe Cys Gly Ser
                5
<210> 171
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 171
Ser Cys Trp Gln Trp Gly Asn Leu Lys Ile Cys Gly Ser
                 5
```

```
<210> 172
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 172
Ser Cys Val. Arg Trp Gly Gln Leu Ser Ile Cys Gly Ser
                5
 1
<210> 173
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 173
Leu Lys Lys Phe Asn Ala Arg Arg Lys Leu Lys Gly Ala Ile Leu Thr
                                   10
                  5
Thr Met Leu Ala Lys
           20
<210> 174
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN
 <400> 174
 Arg Arg Trp Lys Lys Asn Phe Ile Ala Val Ser Ala Ala Asn Arg Phe
                                                      15
         5
```

Lys Lys

<210> 175
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN
<400> 175
Arg Lys Trp Gln Lys Thr Gly His Ala Val Arg Ala Ile Gly Arg Leu
1 5 10 15

<210> 176 <211> 14

Ser Ser

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 176

Ile Asn Leu Lys Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Lys Lys Ile Leu

1 5 10

<210> 177

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 177

Lys Ile Trp Ser Ile Leu Ala Pro Leu Gly Thr Thr Leu Val Lys Leu

1 5 10 15

Val Ala

<210> 178

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 178

Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu 1 5 10

<210> 179

<211> 18

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 179

Leu Lys Trp Lys Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Lys Lys Leu Leu Lys Lys 15

Leu Leu

<210> 180

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 180 Ala Glu Trp Pro Ser Leu Thr Glu Ile Lys Thr Leu Ser His Phe Ser 5 10 Val <210> 181 <211> 17 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 181 Ala Glu Trp Pro Ser Pro Thr Arg Val Ile Ser Thr Thr Tyr Phe Gly 10 1 5 Ser <210> 182 <211> 17 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 182 Ala Glu Leu Ala His Trp Pro Pro Val Lys Thr Val Leu Arg Ser Phe 10 1 5 Thr

<210> 183 <211> 17

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CALMODULIN
   . ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 183
Ala Glu Gly Ser Trp Leu Gln Leu Leu Asn Leu Met Lys Gln Met Asn
       5
                                  10
Asn
<210> 184
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CALMODULIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 184
Ala Glu Trp Pro Ser Leu Thr Glu Ile Lys
                5
 1
<210> 185
<211> 27
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: VINCULIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
 <400> 185
Ser Thr Gly Gly Phe Asp Asp Val Tyr Asp Trp Ala Arg Gly Val Ser
                                   10
                  5
  1
 Ser Ala Leu Thr Thr Thr Leu Val Ala Thr Arg
                    · 25
            20
```

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<210> 186 <211> 27 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VINCULIN-BINDING PEPTIDE Ser Thr Gly Gly Phe Asp Asp Val Tyr Asp Trp Ala Arg Arg Val Ser 10 Ser Ala Leu Thr Thr Thr Leu Val Ala Thr Arg 20 <210> 187 <211> 30 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VINCULIN BINDING PEPTIDE Ser Arg Gly Val Asn Phe Ser Glu Trp Leu Tyr Asp Met Ser Ala Ala 15 5 10 Met Lys Glu Ala Ser Asn Val Phe Pro Ser Arg Arg Ser Arg 20 · 25 <210> 188 <211> 30 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VINCULIN BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 188 Ser Ser Gln Asn Trp Asp Met Glu Ala Gly Val Glu Asp Leu Thr Ala

10 15 1 Ala Met Leu Gly Leu Leu Ser Thr Ile His Ser Ser Ser Arg -25 20 <210> 189 <211> 31 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VINCULIN BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 189 Ser Ser Pro Ser Leu Tyr Thr Gln Phe Leu Val Asn Tyr Glu Ser Ala 10 1 5 Ala Thr Arg Ile Gln Asp Leu Leu Ile Ala Ser Arg Pro Ser Arg 20 25 <210> 190 <211> 31 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VINCULIN BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 190 Ser Ser Thr Gly Trp Val Asp Leu Leu Gly Ala Leu Gln Arg Ala Ala 10 Asp Ala Thr Arg Thr Ser Ile Pro Pro Ser Leu Gln Asn Ser Arg 25

<210> 191 <211> 18 <212> PRT " <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VINCULIN
     BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 191
Asp Val Tyr Thr Lys Lys Glu Leu Ile Glu Cys Ala Arg Arg Val Ser
                5
                                  10
Glu Lys
<210> 192
<211> 22
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:C4BP-BINDING
     PEPTIDE
Glu Lys Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Pro Gly Ser Gly Ile Ala Gln Phe His Ile
                5
                       10
Asp Tyr Asn Asn Val Ser
            20
<210> 193
<211> 22
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:C4BP-BINDING
     PEPTIDE
<400> 193
Ser Gly Ile Ala Gln Phe His Ile Asp Tyr Asn Asn Val Ser Ser Ala
                        10
Glu Gly Trp His Val Asn
            20
```

87

```
<210> 194
<211> 34
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:C4BP-BINDING
      PEPTIDE
<400> 194
Leu Val Thr Val Glu Lys Gly Ser Tyr Tyr Pro Gly Ser Gly Ile Ala
                                     10
                  5
 1
Gln Phe His Ile Asp Tyr Asn Asn Val Ser Ser Ala Glu Gly Trp His
                                 25
Val Asn
<210> 195
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:C4BP-BINDING
      PEPTIDE
Ser Gly Ile Ala Gln Phe His Ile Asp Tyr Asn Asn Val Ser
<210> 196
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 196
```

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Ala Glu Pro Met Pro His Ser Leu Asn Phe Ser Gln Tyr Leu Trp Tyr

1 5 10 15

Thr

<210> 197

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 197

Ala Glu His Thr Tyr Ser Ser Leu Trp Asp Thr Tyr Ser Pro Leu Ala 1 5 10 15

Phe

<210> 198

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial
 Sequence:VINCULIN-BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 198

Ala Glu Leu Asp Leu Trp Met Arg His Tyr Pro Leu Ser Phe Ser Asn 1 5 10 15

Arg

<210> 199

<211> 17

<212> PRT ...

<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 199
Ala Glu Ser Ser Leu Trp Thr Arg Tyr Ala Trp Pro Ser Met Pro Ser
Tyr
<210> 200
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
<400> 200
Ala Glu Trp His Pro Gly Leu Ser Phe Gly Ser Tyr Leu Trp Ser Lys
                  5
                                    10
1
Thr
<210> 201
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 201
Ala Glu Pro Ala Leu Leu Asn Trp Ser Phe Phe Phe Asn Pro Gly Leu
                                    10
                  5
```

90

His

<210> 202

```
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 202
Ala Glu Trp Ser Phe Tyr Asn Leu His Leu Pro Glu Pro Gln Thr Ile
                                    10
                  5
Phe
<210> 203
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
Ala Glu Pro Leu Asp Leu Trp Ser Leu Tyr Ser Leu Pro Pro Leu Ala
                                                         15
                                     10
                  5
Met
<210> 204
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 204
Ala Glu Pro Thr Leu Trp Gln Leu Tyr Gln Phe Pro Leu Arg Leu Ser
```

1 5 10 15

Gly

<210> 205

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 205

Ala Glu Ile Ser Phe Ser Glu Leu Met Trp Leu Arg Ser Thr Pro Ala 1 5 10 15

Phe

<210> 206

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 206

Ala Glu Leu Ser Glu Ala Asp Leu Trp Thr Thr Trp Phe Gly Met Gly
1 5 10 15

Ser

<210> 207

<211> 17

<212> PRT-

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: UKR ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 207
Ala Glu Ser Ser Leu Trp Arg Ile Phe Ser Pro Ser Ala Leu Met Met
                                    10
Ser
<210> 208
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
<400> 208
Ala Glu Ser Leu Pro Thr Leu Thr Ser Ile Leu Trp Gly Lys Glu Ser
                                    10
                                                        15
                  5
Val
<210> 209
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 209
Ala Glu Thr Leu Phe Met Asp Leu Trp His Asp Lys His Ile Leu Leu
                  5
```

93

Thr

```
<210> 210
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 210
Ala Glu Ile Leu Asn Phe Pro Leu Trp His Glu Pro Leu Trp Ser Thr
                                     10
Glu
<210> 211
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 211
Ala Glu Ser Gln Thr Gly Thr Leu Asn Thr Leu Phe Trp Asn Thr Leu
                                                        15
                                     10
                  5
Arg
<210> 212
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 1, Xaa is V, L, I, E, P, G, Y, M, T,
```

94

or D

<220>

<223> At position 2, Xaa is Y, W or F

<220>

<223> At position 3, Xaa is E, F, V, W or Y

<220>

<223> At position 5, Xaa is P or azetidine

<220>

<223> At position 7, Xaa is S, A, V or L

<220>

<223> At position 8, Xaa is M, F, V, R, Q, K, T, S, D, L, I or E

<220>

<223> At position 9, Xaa is E, L, W, V, H, I, G, A, D, L, Y, N, Q or P

<400> 212

Xaa Xaa Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr Xaa Xaa Xaa 1

<210> 213

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 213

Thr Ala Asn Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Tyr Trp Gln Pro

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 214

<211> 18

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 214
Ser Trp Thr Asp Tyr Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Ile Ser
1 5
                      10
Gly Leu
<210> 215
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 215
Glu Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
           20
<210> 216
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 216
Glu Asn Thr Tyr Ser Pro Asn Trp Ala Asp Ser Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                        . 10
                                                  .15
            5
 1
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
```

20

```
<210> 217
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 217
Ser Val Gly Glu Asp His Asn Phe Trp Thr Ser Glu Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                    10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
             20
<210> 218
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 218
Asp Gly Tyr Asp Arg Trp Arg Gln Ser Gly Glu Arg Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                                         15
                                    10.
 1
                 5
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
             20
<210> 219
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
```

```
<400> 219
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr
                5
<210> 220
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 220
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln His Tyr
                5
<210> 221
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 221
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 222
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
```

```
<220>
<223> At position 1, optionally acetylated at N-terminus
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 222
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 223
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 11, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 223
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Pro Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 224
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
 Phe Ala Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                   5
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<210> 225
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 225
Phe Glu Trp Ala Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                                     10
                 5
<210> 226
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 226
Phe Glu Trp Val Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                  5
<210> 227
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
```

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<400> 227
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 228
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, optionally acetylated at N-terminus
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 228
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
 1
<210> 229
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 6, products="MeGly"
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 229
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Xaa Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
  1 .. 5
```

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<210> 230
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 6, Xaa=MeGly
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 230
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Xaa Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                  5
<210> 231
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220> ·
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 231
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Pro Tyr
  1
                  5
<210> 232
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 232
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr
```

1 5 10

<210> 233

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
 PEPTIDE

<400> 233

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Asn Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 234

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 5, Xaa=pipecolic acid

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

<400> 234

Phe Glu Trp Thr Xaa Val Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 235

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

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<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa=pipecolic acid
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 235
Phe Glu Trp Thr Xaa Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
 1 5
<210> 236
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 6, Xaa=Aib
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 236
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Xaa Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                                    10
                 5
<210> 237
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
 <223> At position 5, Xaa=MeGly
<220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
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Phe Glu Trp Thr Xaa Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
 <210> 238
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
 <400> 238.
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr
                   5
   1
 <210> 239
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
 <400> 239
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln His Tyr
 <210> 240
 <211> 11
<212> PRT ...
 <213> Artificial Sequence
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<400> 237

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 240
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 241
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, optionally acetylated at
     N-terminus
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 241
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 242
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
                                                     <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
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PEPTIDE

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<220>
<223> At position 8, Xaa is a phyosphotyrosyl residue
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 242
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 243
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 243
Phe Ala Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
       5
<210> 244
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
```

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<220>

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<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 244
Phe Glu Trp Ala Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
                                     10
<210> 245
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 245
Phe Glu Trp Val Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
             . 5
<210> 246
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
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<400> 246

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 248
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<220>
<223> At position 6, D amino acid residue

<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue

<220>
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus

<400> 248

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ala Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 249

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 6, Xaa is a sarcosine residue

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue

<220>

<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus

<400> 249

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Xaa Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 250

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus

<400> 250

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Pro Tyr

1 5 10

<210> 251

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<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 251
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr
1 5
<210> 252
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<223> At position 11 amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 252
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Asn Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr
                 5
<210> 253
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 6, D amino acid residue
<220>
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<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 253
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Val Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                  5
  1
<210> 254
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa is a pipecolic acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 254
Phe Glu Trp Thr Xaa Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                  5
<210> 255
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 6, Xaa=pipecolic acid
 <220>
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<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 255
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Xaa Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
      5
<210> 256
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa=MeGly
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 256
Phe Glu Trp Thr Xaa Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 257
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
     BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 257
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                  5
                                   10
<210> 258
<211> 11 ...
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is a 1-naphthylalanine residue
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 258
Xaa Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                                     10
<210> 259
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<223> At position 10, Xaa is a azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 259
Tyr Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                                      10
                   5
 1
 <210> 260
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
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PEPTIDE

<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue

<220>
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus

<400> 260

Phe Glu Trp Val Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr

<210> 261
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<220>
<223> At position 6, D amino acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr

1 5 10

<400> 261

<220>

<210> 262
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
PEPTIDE

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<223> At position 6, D amino acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 11, amino group added at C-terminus
<400> 262
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Asn Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 263
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 263
Thr Lys Pro Arg
 1
<210> 264
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 264
Arg Lys Ser Ser Lys
 1
<210> 265
<211> 5 ...
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 265
Arg Lys Gln Asp Lys
 1
<210> 266
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 266
Asn Arg Lys Gln Asp Lys
 1
                  5
<210> 267
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 267
Arg Lys Gln Asp Lys Arg
                 5
 1
<210> 268
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
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PEPTIDE

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<400> 268
Glu Asn Arg Lys Gln Asp Lys Arg Phe
                5
<210> 269
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 269
Val Thr Lys Phe Tyr Phe
 1
                5
<210> 270
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 270
Val Thr Lys Phe Tyr
 1
<210> 271
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<400> 271

PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST

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Val Thr Asp Phe Tyr
<210> 272
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 272
Ser Gly Ser Gly Val Leu Lys Arg Pro Leu Pro Ile Leu Pro Val Thr
                                    10
Arg
<210> 273
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
      PROTEASE INHIBITOR PEPTIDE
<400> 273
Arg Trp Leu Ser Ser Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Leu Pro Pro Arg
                                    10
                                                         15
  1
Thr
<210> 274
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCPPROTEASE
```

INHIBITOR PEPTIDE

<400> 274

Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Asp Thr Leu Ala Leu Pro Ser Leu Pro Leu His 1 5 10 15

Pro Met Ser Ser

20

<210> 275

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP PROTEASE INHIBITOR PEPTIDE

<400> 275

Gly Ser Gly Ser Tyr Asp Thr Arg Ala Leu Pro Ser Leu Pro Leu His

1 5 10 15

Pro Met Ser Ser 20

<210> 276

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
 PROTEASE INHIBITOR PEPTIDE

<400> 276

Gly Ser Gly Ser Ser Gly Val Thr Met Tyr Pro Lys Leu Pro Pro His

1 5 10 15

Trp Ser Met Ala

20

<210> 277

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<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
      PROTEASE INHIBITOR PEPTIDE
<400> 277
Gly Ser Gly Ser Ser Gly Val Arg Met Tyr Pro Lys Leu Pro Pro His
                                    10
Trp Ser Met Ala
         . 20
<210> 278
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
      PROTEASE INHIBITOR PEPTIDE
<400> 278
Gly Ser Gly Ser Ser Ser Met Arg Met Val Pro Thr Ile Pro Gly Ser
                  5
                                   10
 1
Ala Lys His Gly
·<210> 279
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: ANTI-HBV
       PEPTIDE
<400> 279
Leu Leu Gly Arg Met Lys
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<210> 280
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: ANTI-HBV
      PEPTIDE
<400> 280
Ala Leu Leu Gly Arg Met Lys Gly
<210> 281
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: ANTI-HBV
      PEPTIDE
<400> 281
Leu Asp Pro Ala Phe Arg
                  5
<210> 282
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 282
Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro
<210> 283
```

<211> 7

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 283
Arg Glu Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro
 1
         5
<210> 284
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: MSH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 284
Ser Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro
               5
 1
<210> 285
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 285
Gly Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro
 1
        5
<210> 286
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SH3 ANTAGONIST
```

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<400> 286
Arg Pro Leu Pro Ile Pro Pro
 1
         5
<210> 287
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MAST CELL
     ANTAGONISTS/MAST CELL PROTEASE INHIBITOR
<400> 287
Arg Pro Leu Pro Ile Pro Pro
1
               5
<210> 288
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 288
Arg Arg Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro
 1
<210> 289
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 289
Arg Gln Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro
  1 ... 5
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<210> 290
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 290
Arg Pro Leu Pro Ser Arg Pro
                 5
 1
<210> 291
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 291
Arg Pro Leu Pro Thr Arg Pro
 1
                 5
<210> 292
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 292
Ser Arg Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro
<210> 293
 <211> 7
 <212> PRT"
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

<220>

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 293
Arg Ala Leu Pro Ser Pro Pro
                5.
<210> 294
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 294
Arg Arg Leu Pro Arg Thr Pro
         5
<210> 295
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 295
Arg Pro Val Pro Pro Ile Thr
                5
<210> 296
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 296---
Ile Leu Ala Pro Pro Val Pro
                5
  1
```

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<210> 297
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 297
Arg Pro Leu Pro Met Leu Pro
<210> 298
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 298
Arg Pro Leu Pro Ile Leu Pro
<210> 299
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 299
Arg Pro Leu Pro Ser Leu Pro
                 5
 1
<210> 300 ...
<211> 7
<212> PRT
```

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 300
Arg Pro Leu Pro Ser Leu Pro
 1
                5
<210> 301
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 301
Arg Pro Leu Pro Met Ile Pro
  1
                 5
<210> 302
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 302
Arg Pro Leu Pro Leu Ile Pro
                  5
 1
<210> 303
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 303
```

```
Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Thr Pro
 1
                5
<210> 304
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 304
Arg Ser Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro
 1
                 5
<210> 305
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 305
Arg Pro Gln Pro Pro Pro Pro
                 5
<210> 306
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 306
Arg Gln Leu Pro Ile Pro Pro
```

<210> 307

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<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 307
Xaa Xaa Xaa Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Xaa Pro
                  5
<210> 308
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 308
Xaa Xaa Xaa Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Ile Pro Xaa Xaa
                         10
                  5
<210> 309
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 309
Xaa Xaa Xaa Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Xaa Xaa
                  5
<210> 310
<211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
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<400> 310
Arg Xaa Xaa Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Xaa Pro
                5
                                  10
<210> 311
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
Arg Xaa Xaa Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro Pro Pro
              5
<210> 312
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 312
Pro Pro Pro Tyr Pro Pro Pro Pro Ile Pro Xaa Xaa
            5
<210> 313
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
Pro Pro Pro Tyr Pro Pro Pro Pro Val Pro Xaa Xaa
 1 ... 5
                          · 10
```

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<210> 314
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 314
Leu Xaa Xaa Arg Pro Leu Pro Xaa Xaa Pro
                 5
<210> 315
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is an aliphatic amino acid
      residue
<400> 315
Xaa Xaa Xaa Arg Pro Leu Pro Xaa Leu Pro
                 5
<210> 316
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<223> At position 4, Xaa is an aromatic amino acid
      residue
<223> At position 9, Xaa is an aliphatic amino acid
```

residue

```
<400> 316
Pro Pro Xaa Xaa Tyr Pro Pro Pro Xaa Pro
                 5
<210> 317
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is a basic amino acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 4, Xaa is an aliphatic amino acid
      residue
<400> 317
 Xaa Pro Pro Xaa Pro Xaa Lys Pro Xaa Trp Leu
                   5
 1
 <210> 318
 <211> 11
<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
 <220>
 <223> At position 4, Xaa is an aliphatic amino acid
       residue
 <220>
 <223> At position 6, Xaa is an aliphatic amino acid
       residue
```

<223> At position 8, Xaa is a basic amino acid residue

<220>

<400> 318

Arg Pro Xaa Xaa Pro Xaa Arg Xaa Ser Xaa Pro 5 1 10 <210> 319 <211> 11 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST <400> 319 Pro Pro Val Pro Pro Arg Pro Xaa Xaa Thr Leu 5 <210> 320 <211> 7 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST <220> <223> At positions 1, 3 and 6, Xaa is an aliphatic amino acid residue <400> 320 Xaa Pro Xaa Leu Pro Xaa Lys . 1 5 <210> 321 <211> 10 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST

<223> At position 1, Xaa is a basic amino acid residue

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<220>
<223> At position 2, Xaa is an aromatic amino acid
     residue
<400> 321
Xaa Xaa Asp Xaa Pro Leu Pro Xaa Leu Pro
                 5
<210> 322
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INHIBITOR OF
      PLATELET AGGREGATION
<400> 322
Cys Xaa Xaa Arg Gly Asp Cys
 1
                 5
<210> 323
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SRC ANTAGONIST
<400> 323
Arg Pro Leu Pro Pro Leu Pro
 1 5
<210> 324
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SRC ANTAGONIST
<400> 324
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Pro Pro Val Pro Pro Arg

```
5
<210> 325
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: ANTI-CANCER
      PEPTIDE
<400> 325
Xaa Phe Xaa Asp Xaa Trp Xaa Xaa Leu Xaa Xaa
<210> 326
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:p16-MIMETIC
<400> 326
Lys Ala Cys Arg Arg Leu Phe Gly Pro Val Asp Ser Glu Gln Leu Ser
                                    10
                5
Arg Asp Cys Asp
             20
<210> 327
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:pl6-MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 327
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136

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Arg Glu Arg Trp Asn Phe Asp Phe Val Thr Glu Thr Pro Leu Glu Gly
                                   10
Asp Phe Ala Trp
            20
<210> 328
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:p16-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 328
Lys Arg Arg Gln Thr Ser Met Thr Asp Phe Tyr His Ser Lys Arg Arg
                                   10
            5
Leu Ile Phe Ser
            20
<210> 329
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SH3 ANTAGONIST
<400> 329
Thr Ser Met Thr Asp Phe Tyr His Ser Lys Arg Arg Leu Ile Phe Ser
                                    10
Lys Arg Lys Pro
             20
<210> 330
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137

<211> 5 <212> PRT ...

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:p16-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 330 Arg Arg Leu Ile Phe <210> 331 <211> 36 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:p16-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 331 Lys Arg Arg Gln Thr Ser Ala Thr Asp Phe Tyr His Ser Lys Arg Arg 5 10 1 Leu Ile Phe Ser Arg Gln Ile Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Met Lys Trp Lys Lys 35 <210> 332 <211> 24 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:p16-MIMETIC

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:p16-MIMETIC
PEPTIDE

<400> 332

Lys Arg Arg Leu Ile Phe Ser Lys Arg Gln Ile Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln 1 5 10 15

Asn Arg Arg Met Lys Trp Lys Lys
20

```
<210> 333
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: POLYGLYCINE
     LINKER
<400> 333
Gly Gly Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly
<210> 334
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: POLYGLYCINE
      LINKER
<400> 334
Gly Gly Gly Asn Gly Ser Gly Gly
 1
<210> 335
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: POLYGLYCINE
     LINKER
<400> 335
Gly Gly Gly Cys Gly Gly Gly
                5
  1
 <210> 336
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<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:FC PCR PRIMER

<400> 336

Gly Pro Asn Gly Gly

ļ

<210> 337

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC

<400> 337

Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg. Gln Trp Leu 1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro 20 25 30

Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 35 40

<210> 338

<211> 42

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC

<400> 338

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu
20 25 30 ---

Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Phe

35 40

<210> 339

<211> 50

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC

<400> 339

Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro 1 5 10 15

Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 25 30

Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln 35 40 45

Gly Gly 50

<210> 340

<211> 50

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC

<400> 340

Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
1 5 10 15

Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe 20 25 · 30

Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 35 40 45

Gly Phe … 50

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<210> 341
<211> 28
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDES
<400> 341
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Ile Glu
                5
                                   10
Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
             20
                                25
<210> 342
<211> 29
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Ile
                                   10
                                                       15
Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
                                25
             20
<210> 343
<211> 30
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC
Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
                                                       15
```

142

10

5

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
20 25 30

<210> 344

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC

<400> 344

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala
20 25 30

<210> 345

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC

<400> 345

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 20 25 30

<210> 346

<211> 33

<212> PRT ...

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC <400> 346 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly 10 Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala <210> 347 <211> 34 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC <400> 347 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly 5 10 Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala 30 20 25 Arg Ala <210> 348 <211> 35 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC <400> 348

Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly

5

10

20 25 30

Ala Arg Ala

35

<210> 349

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC

<400> 349

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly

1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu 20 25 30

Ala Ala Arg Ala

35

<210> 350

<211> 37

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES

<400> 350

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp \$20\$ \$25\$ 30

Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala

35

PCT/US99/25044

. WO 00/24782 <210> 351 <211> 38 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES <400> 351 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly 10 5 Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln 25 20 Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 35 <210> 352 <211> 42 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES <400> 352 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly 1 5 10 20 Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 35 40

<210> 353

<211> 32

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 353

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Pro

1 5 10 15

Asn Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 20 25 30

<210> 354

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC
 PEPTIDES

<400> 354

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Ala Ala Arg Ala 35

<210> 355

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES

<400> 355 ---

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Cys Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly

1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Cys Leu
20 25 30

Ala Ala Arg Ala 35

<210> 356

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES

<400> 356

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Ala Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly

1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Ala Leu 20 25 30

Ala Ala Arg Ala

35

<210> 357

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 357

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly

1 5 10 15

Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu 20 25 30

Ala Ala Arg Ala

35

<210> 358 <211> 40 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES <400> 358 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly 5 Gly Lys Asx Arg Ala Cys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 35 <210> 359 <211> 36 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES <400> 359 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly 5 Gly Cys Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu 25 Ala Ala Arg Ala 35

149

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 360

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
1 5 10 15 .

Gly Lys Pro Glu Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg
20 25 30

Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 35

<210> 361

<211> 39

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES

<400> 361

Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Gly Cys Pro Glu Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg
20 25 30

Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 35

<210> 362

<211> 36

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES

<400> 362 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly 5 . 10 Gly Asn Gly Ser Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu 20 . 25 Ala Ala Arg Ala 35 <210> 363 . <211> 36 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDES <400> 363 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Cys Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu 25 Ala Ala Arg Ala 35 <210> 364 <211> 57 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP PCR PRIMER

<210> 365 <211> 39

<400> 364

aaaaaaggat cctcgagatt aagcacgagc agccagccac tgacgcagag tcggacc

57

WO 00/24782 PCT/US99/25044 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP PCR PRIMER <400> 365 aaaggtggag gtggtggtat cgaaggtccg actctgcgt 39 <210> 366 <211> 42 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 366 42 cagtggctgg ctgctcgtgc ttaatctcga ggatcctttt tt <210> 367 <211> 81 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP <400> 367 aaaggtggag gtggtggtat cgaaggtccg actctgcgtc agtggctggc tgctcgtgct 60 taatctcgag gatccttttt t <210> 368 <211> 52 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP ttcgatacca ccacctccac ctttacccgg agacagggag aggctcttct gc

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<210> 369
<211> 60
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP-TMP
<400> 369
aaaggtggag gtggtggtat cgaaggtccg actctgcgtc agtggctggc tgctcgtgct 60
<210> 370
<211> 48
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:FC PCR PRIMER
<400> 370
                                                                   48
acctccacca ccagcacgag cagccagcca ctgacgcaga gtcggacc
<210> 371
<211> 66
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP-TMP
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 371
ggtggtggag gtggcggcgg aggtattgag ggcccaaccc ttcgccaatg gcttgcagca 60
cgcgca
<210> 372
<211> 76
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP-TMP
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
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aaaaaaagga tcctcgagat tatgcgcgtg ctgcaagcca ttggcgaagg gttgggcct 60 caatacctcc gccgcc <210> 373 <211> 126 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TNF ALPHA PCR PRIMER <220> <221> CDS <222> (1)..(126) <400> 373 aaa ggt gga ggt ggt atc gaa ggt ccg act ctg cgt cag tgg ctg Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu 1 5 10 15 gct gct cgt gct ggt gga ggt ggc ggc gga ggt att gag ggc cca 96 Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro 20 25 126 acc ctt cgc caa tgg ctt gca gca cgc gca Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala 35 40 <210> 374 <211> 42 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TNF ALPHA PCR PRIMER <400> 374 Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu 10 Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro 25 Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala

40

154

35

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<210> 375
<211> 39
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-MMP
      INHIBITOR
<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (4)..(732)
<400> 375
                                                                  39
ttt ttt cat atg atc gaa ggt ccg act ctg cgt cag tgg
    Phe His Met Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp
     1
                     5
<210> 376
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-MMP
      INHIBITOR
<400> 376
Phe His Met Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp
            5
<210> 377
<211> 48 -
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MMP INHIBITOR
<220>
<221> CDS ...
<222> (4)..(753)
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ago acg ago ago cag coa ctg acg cag agt cgg acc tto gat cat atg
    Thr Ser Ser Gln Pro Leu Thr Gln Ser Arg Thr Phe Asp His Met
                     5
                            . 10
<210> 378
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: MMP INHIBITOR
<400> 378 ·
Thr Ser Ser Gln Pro Leu Thr Gln Ser Arg Thr Phe Asp His Met
                 5
                                    10
<210> 379
<211> 45
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TMP-TMP-Fc
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 379
                                                                45
ctggctgctc gtgctggtgg aggcggtggg gacaaaactc acaca
<210> 380
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 380
ctggctgctc gtgctggcgg tggtggcgga gggggtggca ttgagggccc a
<210> 381 ***
<211> 54
<212> DNA
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<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
aagccattgg cgaagggttg ggccctcaat gccacccct ccgccaccac cgcc
                                                                  54
<210> 382
<211> 54
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 382
                                                             54
accettegee aatggettge ageaegegea gggggaggeg gtggggacaa aact
<210> 383
<211> 27
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 383
                                                                  27
cccaccgcct cccctgcgc gtgctgc
<210> 384
<211> 189
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
     BINDING PEPTIDE
<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (10)..(189)
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<400> 384

ttttttcat atg atc gaa ggt ccg act ctg cgt cag tgg ctg gct gct cgt 51

Met Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg

10

gct ggc ggt ggc gga ggg ggt ggc att gag ggc cca acc ctt cgc 99
Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg
15 20 25 30

caa tgg ctg gct gct cgt gct ggt gga ggc ggt ggg gac aaa act ctg 147 Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr Leu 35 40 45

gct gct cgt gct ggt gga ggc ggt ggg gac aaa act cac aca

Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr

50 55 60

<210> 385

<211> 60

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 385

Met Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly

1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp 20 25 30

Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr Leu Ala Ala 35 40 45

Arg Ala Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr 50 55 60

<210> 386

<211> 141

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN

## BINDING PEPTIDE

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<400> 386
ctaattccgc tctcacctac caaacaatgc ccccctgcaa aaaataaatt catataaaaa 60
acatacagat aaccatctgc ggtgataaat tatctctggc ggtgttgaca taaataccac 120
tggcggtgat actgagcaca t
<210> 387
<211> 55
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 387
cgatttgatt ctagaaggag gaataacata tggttaacgc gttggaattc ggtac
                                                                  55
<210> 388
<211> 872
 <212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
       BINDING PEPTIDE
 <400> 388
 ttattttcgt gcggccgcac cattatcacc gccagaggta aactagtcaa cacgcacggt 60
 gttagatatt tatcccttgc ggtgatagat tgagcacatc gatttgattc tagaaggagg 120
 gataatatat gagcacaaaa aagaaaccat taacacaaga gcagcttgag gacgcacgtc 180
 gccttaaagc aatttatgaa aaaaagaaaa atgaacttgg cttatcccag gaatctgtcg 240
 cagacaagat ggggatgggg cagtcaggcg ttggtgcttt atttaatggc atcaatgcat 300
 taaatgctta taacgccgca ttgcttacaa aaattctcaa agttagcgtt gaagaattta 360
 gcccttcaat cgccagagaa tctacgagat gtatgaagcg gttagtatgc agccgtcact 420
 tagaagtgag tatgagtacc ctgttttttc tcatgttcag gcagggatgt tctcacctaa 480
 gcttagaacc tttaccaaag gtgatgcgga gagatgggta agcacaacca aaaaagccag 540
 tgattctgca ttctggcttg aggttgaagg taattccatg accgcaccaa caggctccaa 600
 gccaagcttt cctgacggaa tgttaattct cgttgaccct gagcaggctg ttgagccagg 660
 tgatttctgc atagccagac ttgggggtga tgagtttacc ttcaagaaac tgatcaggga 720
 tageggtcag gtgtttttac aaccactaaa cccacagtac ccaatgatcc catgcaatga 780
 gagttgttcc gttgtgggga aagttatcgc tagtcagtgg cctgaagaga cgtttggctg 840
                                                                    872
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atagactagt ggatccacta gtgtttctgc cc

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<210> 389
<211> 1197
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 389
ggcggaaacc gacgtccatc gaatggtgca aaacctttcg cggtatggca tgatagcgcc 60
cggaagagag tcaattcagg gtggtgaatg tgaaaccagt aacgttatac gatgtcgcag 120
agtatgccgg tgtctcttat cagaccgttt cccgcgtggt gaaccaggcc agccacgttt 180
ctgcgaaaac gcgggaaaaa gtcgaagcgg cgatggcgga gctgaattac attcccaacc 240
gcgtggcaca acaactggcg ggcaaacagt cgctcctgat tggcgttgcc acctccagtc 300
tggccctgca cgcgccgtcg caaattgtcg cggcgattaa atctcgcgcc gatcaactgg 360
gtgccagcgt ggtggtgtcg atggtagaac gaagcggcgt cgaagcctgt aaagcggcgg 420
tgcacaatct tctcgcgcaa cgcgtcagtg ggctgatcat taactatccg ctggatgacc 480
aggatgecat tgctgtggaa gctgcctgca ctaatgttcc ggcgttattt cttgatgtct 540
ctgaccagac acccatcaac agtattattt tctcccatga agacggtacg cgactgggcg 600
tggagcatct ggtcgcattg ggtcaccagc aaatcgcgct gttagcgggc ccattaagtt 660
ctgtctcggc gcgtctgcgt ctggctggct ggcataaata tctcactcgc aatcaaattc 720
agccgatagc ggaacgggaa ggcgactgga gtgccatgtc cggttttcaa caaaccatgc 780
aaatgctgaa tgagggcatc gttcccactg cgatgctggt tgccaacgat cagatggcgc.840
tgggcgcaat gcgcgccatt accgagtccg ggctgcgcgt tggtgcggat atctcggtag 900
tgggatacga cgataccgaa gacagctcat gttatatccc gccgttaacc accatcaaac 960
aggattttcg cctgctgggg caaaccagcg tggaccgctt gctgcaactc tctcagggcc 1020
cgcccaatac gcaaaccgcc tctccccgcg cgttggccga ttcattaatg cagctggcac 1140
gacaggtttc ccgactggaa agcggacagt aaggtaccat aggatccagg cacagga
<210> 390
<211> 61
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 390
tatgaaaggt ggaggtggtg gtggaggtac ttactcttgc cacttcggcc cgctgacttg 60
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<210> 391 <211> 72

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<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 391
cggtttgcaa acccaagtca gcgggccgaa gtggcaagag taagtacete caccaccace 60
                                                                  72
tccacctttc at
<210> 392
 <211> 57
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP
       OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
 <400> 392
 gtttgcaaac cgcagggtgg cggcggcggc ggcggtggta cctattcctg tcatttt 57
 <210> 393
 <211> 60
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP
       OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
 <400> 393
 ccaggtcagc gggccaaaat gacaggaata ggtaccaccg ccgccgccgc cgccaccctg 60
 <210> 394
 <211> 118
 <212> DNA
  <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP PCR
        TEMPLATE
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<220>

<221> CDS <222> (2)..(118) <400> 394 t atg aaa ggt gga ggt ggt ggt gga ggt act tac tct tgc cac ttc ggc 49 Met Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly 97 ccg ctg act tgg gtt tgc aaa ccg cag ggt ggc ggc ggc ggc ggc ggt Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 25 118 ggt acc tat tcc tgt cat ttt Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe 35 <210> 395 <211> 39 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP PCR TEMPLATE <400> 395 Met Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly 10 5 Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 20 25 Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe 35 <210> 396 <211> 61 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP PCR

<400> 396

PRIMER

gcagaagagc ctctccctgt ctccgggtaa aggtggaggt ggtggtggag gtacttactc 60

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<210> 397
<211> 40
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-EMP PCR
 <400> 397
 ctaattggat ccacgagatt aaccaccctg cggtttgcaa
                                                                   40
 <210> 398
 <211> 22
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc PRIMER
 <400> 398
                                                                   22
 aacataagta cctgtaggat cg
 <210> 399
 <211> 61
 <212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc PRIMER
 <400> 399
 agagtaagta cctccaccac cacctccacc tttacccgga gacagggaga ggctcttctg 60
 C
 <210> 400
 <211> 61
 <212> DNA
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-Fc
       OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
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<400> 400
ggcccgctga cctgggtatg taagccacaa gggggtgggg gaggcggggg gtaatctcga 60
<210> 401
<211> 50
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-Fc
     OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 401
gatectegag attacecece geeteececa ecceettgtg gettacatae
                                                               50
<210> 402
<211> 118
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-Fc PCR
      TEMPLATE
<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (1)..(108)
<400> 402
gtt tgc aaa ccg cag ggt ggc ggc ggc ggc ggt ggt acc tat tcc
                                                                 48
Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser
 1
tgt cat ttt ggc ccg ctg acc tgg gta tgt aag cca caa ggg ggt ggg
Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly
                                25
             20
                                                                 118
gga ggc ggg ggg taatctcgag
Gly Gly Gly Gly
         35
<210> 403
<211> 36
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<212> PRT

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-Fc PCR
      TEMPLATE
<400> 403
Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser
                  5
Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly
                                25
Gly Gly Gly Gly
         35
<210> 404
<211> 39
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-Fc PCR
      PRIMER
<400> 404
                                                                 39
ttatttcata tgaaaggtgg taactattcc tgtcatttt
<210> 405
<211> 43
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-Fc PCR
      PRIMER
<400> 405
                                                                 43
tggacatgtg tgagttttgt ccccccgcc tcccccaccc cct
<210> 406
<211> 43
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc PRIMER <400> 406 agggggtggg ggaggcgggg gggacaaaac tcacacatgt cca 43 <210> 407 <211> 20 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc PRIMER <400> 407 20 gttattgctc agcggtggca <210> 408 <211> 60 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc OLIGONUCLEOTIDE <400> 408 ttttttatcg atttgattct agatttgagt tttaactttt agaaggagga ataaaatatg 60 <210> 409 <211> 41 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc OLIGONUCLEOTIDE <400> 409 41 taaaagttaa aactcaaatc tagaatcaaa tcgataaaaa a <210> 410 *** <211> 51

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WO 00/24782

<212> DNA

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 410
ggaggtactt actcttgcca cttcggcccg ctgacttggg tttgcaaacc g
                                                                 51
<210> 411
<211> 55
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc
     OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 411
agtcagcggg ccgaagtggc aagagtaagt acctcccata ttttattcct ccttc
<210> 412
<211> 60
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 412
cagggtggcg gcggcggcgg cggtggtacc tattcctgtc attttggccc gctgacctgg 60
<210> 413
<211> 60
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 413 "
aaaatgacag gaataggtac caccgccgcc gccgccgcca ccctgcggtt tgcaaaccca 60
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<210> 414
<211> 57
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 414
gtatgtaagc cacaaggggg tgggggaggc gggggggaca aaactcacac atgtcca
<210> 415
<211> 60
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc
      OLIGONUCLEOTIDE
<400> 415
agttttgtcc ccccqcctc ccccacccc ttgtggctta catacccagg tcagcgggcc 60
<210> 416
<211> 228
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc PCR
<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (58)..(228)
<400> 416
ttttttatcg atttgattct agatttgagt tttaactttt agaaggagga ataaaat
atg gga ggt act tac tct tgc cac ttc ggc ccg ctg act tgg gtt tgc
                                                                 105
Met Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys
                                                     1-5
                 5
                                   10
                                                                 153
aaa ccg cag ggt ggc ggc ggc ggc ggt ggt acc tat tcc tgt cat
```

Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His
20 25 30

ttt ggc ccg ctg acc tgg gta tgt aag cca caa ggg ggt ggg gga ggc 201
Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly
35 40 45

ggg ggg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca 228
Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro

<210> 417

<211> 57

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EMP-EMP-Fc PCR TEMPLATE

<400> 417

Met Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys

1 5 10 15

Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His 20 25 30

Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly 35 40 45

Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro 50 55

<210> 418

<211> 40

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 418

ctaattggat cctcgagatt aacccccttg tggcttacat

40

<210> 419

<211> 72

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:EPO-MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<400> 419

Gly Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Thr Tro Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 20 25 30

 Xaa
 X

Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 65 70

<210> 420

<211> 62

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 420

Xaa Tyr Xaa Xaa Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Aaa Gly Pro 1 5 10 15

Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Cys 20 25 30

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<210> 421
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 2, Xaa is R, H, L or W
<223> At position 3, Xaa is M, F or I
<220>
<223> At position 6, Xaa is any of the 20 genetically
      encoded amino acid residues or a D-stereoisomer
      thereof
<220>
<223> At position 9, Kaa is D, E, I, L or V
<400> 421
Cys Xaa Xaa Gly Pro Xaa Thr Trp Xaa Cys
                 5
<210> 422
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys Pro
                                     10
                   5
 Gln Gly Gly
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<210> 423
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 423
Val Gly Asn Tyr Met Ala His Met Gly Pro Ile Thr Trp Val Cys Arg
                 5
                                   10
Pro Gly Gly
<210> 424
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 424
Gly Gly Pro His His Val Tyr Ala Cys Arg Met Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp
         5
                                    10
Ile Cys
<210> 425
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 425
Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
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1 5 10 15

Pro Gln

<210> 426

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 426

Gly Gly Leu Tyr Ala Cys His Met Gly Pro Met Thr Trp Val Cys Gln
1 5 10 15

Pro Leu Arg Gly

20

<210> 427

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 427

Thr Ile Ala Gin Tyr Ile Cys Tyr Met Gly Pro Glu Thr Trp Glu Cys

1 5 10 15

Arg Pro Ser Pro Lys Ala

20

<210> 428

<211> 13

<212> PRT...

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO·MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 428
Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
       5
<210> 429
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 429
Tyr Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys
                                   10
               5
<210> 430
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 430
Ala Glu Pro Val Tyr Gln Tyr Glu Leu Asp Ser Tyr Leu Arg Ser Tyr
                5
Tyr
<210> 431
<211> 17
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<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: UKR ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 431 Ala Glu Leu Asp Leu Ser Thr Phe Tyr Asp Ile Gln Tyr Leu Leu Arg 5 10 Thr <210> 432 <211> 17 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 432 Ala Glu Phe Phe Lys Leu Gly Pro Asn Gly Tyr Val Tyr Leu His Ser 1 · 5 10 Ala <210> 433 <211> 11 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 433 Phe Lys Leu Xaa Xaa Kaa Gly Tyr Val Tyr Leu

<211> 17

<210> 434

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 434
Ala Glu Ser Thr Tyr His His Leu Ser Leu Gly Tyr Met Tyr Thr Leu
                5
                                   10
Asn
<210> 435
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:UKR ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 435
Tyr His Xaa Leu Xaa Xaa Gly Tyr Met Tyr Thr
                 5
<210> 436
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
     INHIBITOR
<400> 436
Arg Asn Arg Gln Lys Thr
                5
 1
<210> 437
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176

<211> 4

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
      INHIBITOR
<400> 437
Arg Asn Arg Gln
 1
<210> 438
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
      INHIBITOR
<400> 438
Arg Asn Arg Gln Lys
 1
<210> 439
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
      INHIBITOR
<400> 439
Asn Arg Gln Lys Thr
<210> 440
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MCA/MCP
<400> 440
Arg Gln Lys Thr
 1
<210> 441
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 441
Arg Xaa Glu Thr Xaa Trp Xaa
 1
                  5
<210> 442
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 442
Arg Xaa Glu Thr Xaa Trp Xaa
 1
                5 .
<210> 443
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
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<400> 443
Arg Gly Asp Gly Xaa
 1
<210> 444
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 444
Cys Arg Gly Asp Gly Xaa Cys
<210> 445
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 445
Cys Xaa Xaa Arg Leu Asp Xaa Xaa Cys
<210> 446
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 446 ...
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Cys Ala Arg Arg Leu Asp Ala Pro Cys

1 5

<210> 447

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial
 Sequence:INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 447

Cys Pro Ser Arg Leu Asp Ser Pro Cys

<210> 448

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial
 Sequence:INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 448

Xaa Xaa Xaa Arg Gly Asp Xaa Xaa Xaa

<210> 449

<211> 9

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 449

Cys Xaa Cys Arg Gly Asp Cys Xaa Cys

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<210> 450
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 450
Cys Asp Cys Arg Gly Asp Cys Phe Cys
                5
<210> 451
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 451
Cys Asp Cys Arg Gly Asp Cys Leu Cys
         5
<210> 452
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 452
Cys Leu Cys Arg Gly Asp Cys Ile Cys
<210> 453
<211> 8
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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
     Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 453
Xaa Xaa Asp Asp Xaa Xaa Xaa
<210> 454
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
     Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 454
Xaa Xaa Xaa Asp Asp Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa
 1
                5
<210> 455
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 455
Cys Trp Asp Asp Gly Trp Leu Cys
 1 5
<210> 456
<211> 9
<212> PRT ...
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 456 Cys Trp Asp Asp Leu Trp Trp Leu Cys 5 <210> 457 <211> 8 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 457 Cys Trp Asp Asp Gly Leu Met Cys <210> 458 <211> 8 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 458 Cys Trp Asp Asp Gly Trp Met Cys 1 5 <210> 459 <211> 9 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial

Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 459 Cys Ser Trp Asp Asp Gly Trp Leu Cys <210> 460 <211> 9 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 460 Cys Pro Asp Asp Leu Trp Trp Leu Cys 1 5 <210> 461 <211> 40 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 461 . 5 . 10 Pro Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Thr Tro Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 25 Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 35 <210> 462 <211> 16

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<212> PRT---

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SELECTIN ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 462

Cys Gln Asn Arg Tyr Thr Asp Leu Val Ala Ile Gln Asn Lys Asn Glu
1 5 10 15

<210> 463

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial
 Sequence:SELECTIN-ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 463

Ala Glu Asn Trp Ala Asp Asn Glu Pro Asn Asn Lys Arg Asn Asn Glu

1 5 10 15

qaA

<210> 464

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SELECTIN
 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 464

Arg Lys Asn Asn Lys Thr Trp Thr Trp Val Gly Thr Lys Lys Ala Leu

1 5 10 15

Thr Asn Glu

<210> 465

<211> 13

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<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
       ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
 <400> 465
 Lys Lys Ala Leu Thr Asn Glu Ala Glu Asn Trp Ala Asp
  1
                 5
 <210> 466
 <211> 16
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
 <400> 466
 Cys Gln Xaa Arg Tyr Thr Asp Leu Val Ala Ile Gln Asn Lys Xaa Glu
                  5
                                    10
 <210> 467
 <211> 19
<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
       ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
 Arg Lys Xaa Asn Xaa Xaa Trp Thr Trp Val Gly Thr Xaa Lys Xaa Leu
                                    10
  1
                   5
 Thr Glu Glu
```

<210> 468 <211> 17

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
     ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 468
Ala Glu Asn Trp Ala Asp Gly Glu Pro Asn Asn Lys Xaa Asn Xaa Glu
                                    10
Asp
<210> 469
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
  ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 469
Cys Xaa Xaa Xaa Tyr Thr Xaa Leu Val Ala Ile Gln Asn Lys Xaa Glu
                                                        15
                                     10
                 5
<210> 470
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 470
Arg Lys Xaa Xaa Xaa Trp Xaa Trp Val Gly Thr Xaa Lys Xaa Leu
                  5
                                    10
```

187

Thr Xaa Glu

```
<210> 471
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 471
Ala Xaa Asn Trp Xaa Xaa Xaa Glu Pro Asn Asn Xaa Xaa Kaa Glu Asp
                                     10
<210> 472
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SELECTIN
      ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE
<400> 472
Xaa Lys Xaa Lys Thr Xaa Glu Ala Xaa Asn Trp Xaa Xaa
<210> 473
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN-MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is asp-arg-met-pro-cys,
      arg-met-pro-cys, met-pro-cys, pro-cys, or cys
<223> At position 2, Xaa is arg or lys
<220>
```

```
<223> At position 10, Xaa is ser or thr
<220>
<223> At position 12, xaa is cys-lys or cys
Xaa Xaa Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Xaa Ser Xaa
                 5
<210> 474
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN-MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 474
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser
                  5
                                   10
Cys Lys
<210> 475
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN-MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 475
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys
                  5
                                 .10
 1
<210> 476
<211> 13 ...
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN-MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 476
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys
                 5
<210> 477
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN-MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 477
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys
                                   10
<210> 478
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys
                 5
  1
<210> 479
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
```

## CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 479
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys
1 5 10

<210> 480

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 480

Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys

1 5 10 15

<210> 481

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 481

Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys
1 5 10 15

<210> 482

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 482

Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys Lys 1 5 <210> 483 <211> 16 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 483 Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys 10 5 <210> 484 <211> 14 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys 5 <210> 485 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE

Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Ser Ser Cys

<400> 485

1 ... 5

```
<210> 486
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
     CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys
                                   10
Lys
<210> 487
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
     CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 487
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys
                                   10
                                                       15
                5
<210> 488
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 488
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys
 1 ... 5
                           . 10
```

```
<210> 489
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
     CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys
                5
                                   10
<210> 490
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 490
Met Pro Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys
                5
                                   10
<210> 491
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
Cys Arg Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys
        5
```

<210> 492 <211> 17

<212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 492 Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys 5 10 Lys <210> 493 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE <400> 493 Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys 1 . 5 10 <210> 494 <211> 13 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/ CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys Lys 5

<210> 495 <211> 16

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
     CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 495
Asp Arg Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys
                5
                        10
<210> 496
<211> 14
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: SOMATOSTATIN/
     CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 496
Met Pro Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys
                 5
                                   10
<210> 497
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:SOMATOSTATIN/
      CORTISTATIN MIMETIC PEPTIDE
<400> 497
Cys Lys Asn Phe Phe Trp Lys Thr Phe Thr Ser Cys
                5
<210> 498
<211> 25
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<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CAP37 MIMETIC/LPS BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 498 Asn Gln Gly Arg His Phe Cys Gly Gly Ala Leu Ile His Ala Arg Phe 10 Val Met Thr Ala Ala Ser Cys Phe Gln 20 <210> 499 <211> 20 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CAP37 MIMETIC/LPS BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 499 Arg His Phe Cys Gly Gly Ala Leu Ile His Ala Arg Phe Val Met Thr 10 Ala Ala Ser Cys 20 <210> 500 <211> 27 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:CAP37 MIMETIC/LPS BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 500 .
Gly Thr Arg Cys Gln Val Ala Gly Trp Gly Ser Gln Arg Ser Gly Gly
1 5 10 15

Arg Leu Ser Arg Phe Pro Arg Phe Val Asn Val

<210> 501

```
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF-ANTAGONIST
<400> 501
Gly Glu Arg Trp Cys Phe Asp Gly Pro Arg Ala Trp Val Cys Gly Trp
                 5
                                     10
Glu Ile
<210> 502
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
Glu Glu Leu Trp Cys Phe Asp Gly Pro Arg Ala Trp Val Cys Gly Tyr
                  5
                                   10
Val Lys
<210> 503
<211> 33
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: ANTIPATHOGENIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 503 .
Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu Phe Lys
```

1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val Gly Ser Ala Leu Ser Ser Ser Gly Gly Gln 20 .25 30

Gln

<210> 504

<211> 33

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At positions 7, 18 and 19, D amino acid residue

<400> 504

Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu Phe Lys
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val Gly Ser Ala Leu Ser Ser Ser Gly Gly Gln
20 25 30

Glu

<210> 505

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At positions 18 and 19, D amino acid residues

<400> 505

Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu Phe Lys

1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val 20

<210> 506

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At positions 7, 18 and 19, D amino acid residues

<400> 506

Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu Phe Lys
1 5 10 15

Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val

20

<210> 507

<211> 23

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At positions 8, 19 and 20, D amino acid residues

<400> 507

Lys Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu Phe 1 5 10 15

Lys Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val

20

```
<210> 508
<211> 24
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At positions 9, 20 and 21, D amino acid residues
<400> 508
Lys Lys Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu
                                    10
                  5
Phe Lys Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val
             20
<210> 509
<211> 24
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<223> At positions 9, 20 and 21, D amino acid residues
<400> 509
Lys Lys Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro Leu
                                    10
Phe Lys Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val
             20
<210> 510
<211> 11
<212> PRT-
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 7, D amino acid residue
<400> 510
Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser
                  5
                                     10
 1
<210> 511
<211> 26
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 511
Gly Ile Gly Ala Val Leu Lys Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Leu Pro Ala Leu
                                                         15
                                     10
Ile Ser Trp Ile Lys Arg Lys Arg Gln Gln
            20
<210> 512
<211> 26
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At positions 5, 8, 17 and 23, D amino acid
      residues
```

5

Gly Ile Gly Ala Val Leu Lys Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Leu Pro Ala Leu

10

<400> 512

Ile Ser Trp Ile Lys Arg Lys Arg Gln Gln 20 25

<210> 513

<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At positions 5, 8, 17 and 23, D amino acid residues

<400> 513

Gly Ile Gly Ala Val Leu Lys Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Leu Pro Ala Leu
1 5 10 15

Ile Ser Trp Ile Lys Arg Lys Arg Gln Gln 20 25

<210> 514

<211> 22

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At positions 5, 8, 17 and 21, D amino acid residues

<400> 514

Gly Ile Gly Ala Val Leu Lys Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Leu Pro Ala Leu

1 5 10 15

Ile Ser Trp Ile Lys Arg

... 20

```
<210> 515
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At positions 2, 5, 14 and 18, D amino acid
      residues
<400> 515
Ala Val Leu Lys Val Leu Thr Thr Gly Leu Pro Ala Leu Ile Ser Trp
                5
                                   10
Ile Lys Arg
<210> 516
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At positions 3, 4, 8 and 10, D amino acid residues
.<400> 516
Lys Leu Leu Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Leu Leu Lys
                  5
<210> 517
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
```

PEPTIDE

<220>
<223> At positions 3, 4, 8 and 10, D amino acid residues
<400> 517
Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys
1 5 10

<210> 518
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<220>
<223> At positions 3, 4, 8 and 10, D amino acid residues
<400> 518

Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys 1 5 10

<210> 519 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 519
Lys Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Lys
1 5 10

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 520
Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys
1
               5
<210> 521
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 521
Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys
                5
<210> 522
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 522
Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys
 1
 <210> 523
 <211> 8
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
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PEPTIDE

<400> 523 Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys 1 5

<210> 524

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC

<400> 524

Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys 1 5 10

<210> 525

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 525

Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys 1 5 10

<210> 526

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 526

```
Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys
                5
 1
                                  10
<210> 527
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 527
Lys Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Ala Ala Lys Ala Ala Lys
                5
<210> 528
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 528
Lys Val Val Lys Val Val Lys Val Val Lys
                5
                                  10
 1
<210> 529
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 529 ...
```

10

Lys Val Val Lys Val Lys Val Lys Val Val Lys

5

```
<210> 530
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
    PEPTIDE
<400> 530
Lys Val Val Val Lys Val Lys Val Lys
 1 . 5
<210> 531
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 531
 Lys Val Val Lys Val Lys Val Lys Val Val Lys
                                 10
 1 5
 <210> 532
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
 <400> 532
 Lys Leu Ile Leu Lys Leu
  1
```

<210> 533

```
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 533
Lys Val Leu His Leu Leu
 1
<210> 534
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 534
 Leu Lys Leu Arg Leu Leu
 <210> 535
<211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 535
 Lys Pro Leu His Leu Leu
  <210> 536
  <211> 8
  <212> PRT
```

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 536
Lys Leu Ile Leu Lys Leu Val Arg
 1 5
<210> 537
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 537
 Lys Val Phe His Leu Leu His Leu
                 5
 <210> 538
 <211> 8
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
  <400> 538
  His Lys Phe Arg Ile Leu Lys Leu
  <210> 539
  <211> 8
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
```

PEPTIDE

<400> 539 Lys Pro Phe His Ile Leu His Leu 1 5

<210> 540

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 540

Lys Ile Ile Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Lys

1 5 10

<210> 541

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 541

Lys Ile Ile Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Ile Lys

<210> 542

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 542

Lys Ile Ile Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Ile Lys

1 5 10

<210> 543
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 543 Lys Ile Pro Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Pro Lys 1 5 10

<210> 544 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 544
Lvs Ile Pro Ile Lvs Ile Lvs Ile Lys Ile Val Lys

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC

Lys Ile Pro Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Lys Ile Val Lys

1 5 10

<210> 545 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 545
Arg Ile Ile Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Ile Arg
1 5 10

```
<210> 546
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 546
Arg Ile Ile Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Ile Arg
 1 . 5
<210> 547
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 547
Arg Ile Ile Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Ile Arg
                                  10
                  5
 1
 <210> 548
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 548
 Arg Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ile Arg
                  5
  1
```

<210> 549

```
<211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
 <400> 549
 Arg Ile Ile Val Arg Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Arg
                   5
 <210> 550
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
 <400> 550
 Arg Ile Gly Ile Arg Leu Arg Val Arg Ile Ile Arg
  1
           5
 <210> 551
<211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 551
 Lys Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ile Arg
                  5
 <210> 552
```

<211> 12 ... <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
    PEPTIDE
<400> 552
Arg Ile Ala Val Lys Trp Arg Leu Arg Phe Ile Lys
1 5
<210> 553
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 553
Lys Ile Gly Trp Lys Leu Arg Val Arg Ile Ile Arg
               5
 1
<210> 554
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
Lys Lys Ile Gly Trp Leu Ile Ile Arg Val Arg Arg
 1 5
<210> 555
<211> 14
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
```

PEPTIDE

<400> 555

Arg Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Arg

1 5 10

<210> 556

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 556

Arg Ile Ile Val Arg Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Arg Val Arg

<210> 557

<211> 14

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 557

Arg Ile Gly Ile Arg Leu Arg Val Arg Ile Ile Arg Arg Val
1 5 10

<210> 558

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 558

```
Lys Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ala Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg
                5
                                 10
<210> 559
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 559
Arg Ile Ile Val Lys Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu
                         10
 1 5
<210> 560
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 560
Lys Ile Gly Ile Lys Ala Arg Val Arg Ile Ile Arg Val Lys Ile Ile
                5
                                  10
<210> 561
<211> 16.
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 561
Arg Ile Ilë Val His Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile His His Ile Arg Leu
                                  10
          . 5
```

```
<210> 562
  <211> 16
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
  <400> 562
  His Ile Gly Ile Lys Ala His Val Arg Ile Ile Arg Val His Ile Ile
                                    10
  <210> 563
  <211> 16
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 563
  Arg Ile Tyr Val Lys Ile His Leu Arg Tyr Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu
   1 5
                           10
  <210> 564
  <211> 16
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 564
. Lys Ile Gly His Lys Ala Arg Val His Ile Ile Arg Tyr Lys Ile Ile
                  5
                                    10
```

<210> 565

```
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
<400> 565
Arg Ile Tyr Val Lys Pro His Pro Arg Tyr Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu
                5
                                  10
<210> 566
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
    PEPTIDE
<400> 566
Lys Pro Gly His Lys Ala Arg Pro His Ile Ile Arg Tyr Lys Ile Ile
         5
<210> 567
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 567
Lys Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Arg
                                  10
                5
Lys Ile Val
```

<210> 568

```
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
<400> 568
Arg Ile Ile Val Lys Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu
                                    10
Ile Lys Lys
<210> 569
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 569
 Lys Ile Gly Trp Lys Leu Arg Val Arg Ile Ile Arg Val Lys Ile Gly
            . 5
                                    10
Arg Leu Arg
 <210> 570
 <211> 25
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 570
 Lys Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg
                                      10
                                                         15
                   5
```

Lys Ile Val Lys Val Lys Arg Ile Arg
20 25

<210> 571

<211> 26

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
 PEPTIDE

<400> 571

Arg Phe Ala Val Lys Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu

1 5 10 15

Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Lys Arg Val Ile Lys 20 25

<210> 572

<211> 30

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 572

Lys Ala Gly Trp Lys Leu Arg Val Arg Ile Ile Arg Val Lys Ile Gly
1 5 10 15

Arg Leu Arg Lys Ile Gly Trp Lys Lys Arg Val Arg Ile Lys 20 25 30

<210> 573

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC

PEPTIDE

<400> 573

Arg Ile Tyr Val Lys Pro His Pro Arg Tyr Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu
1 5 10 15

<210> 574

<211> 16

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 574

Lys Pro Gly His Lys Ala Arg Pro His Ile Ile Arg Tyr Lys Ile Ile
1 5 10 15

<210> 575

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC

<400> 575

Lys Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg 1 5 10 15

Lys Ile Val

<210> 576

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC

PEPTIDE

<400> 576

Arg Ile Ile Val Lys Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu

1 5 10 15

Ile Lys Lys

<210> 577

<211> 16

<212> PRT .

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 577

Arg Ile Tyr Val Ser Lys Ile Ser Ile Tyr Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu

1 5 10 15

<210> 578

<211> 19

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 578

Lys Ile Val Ile Phe Thr Arg Ile Arg Leu Thr Ser Ile Arg Ile Arg

1 5 10 15

Ser Ile Val

<210> 579

<211> 16 ...

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 579
Lys Pro Ile His Lys Ala Arg Pro Thr Ile Ile Arg Tyr Lys Met Ile
                  5
                                    10
<210> 580
<211> 26
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, disulfide bond to position 26
<220>
<223> At position 26, disulfide bond to position 1
Xaa Cys Lys Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro
                 5
Leu Phe Lys Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val Cys
             20
                                 25
<210> 581
<211> 26
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 581
Cys Lys Lys Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser Pro
```

10

5

1

Leu Phe Lys Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val Cys
20 25

<210> 582

<211> 27

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 582

Cys Lys Lys Gly Phe Phe Ala Leu Ile Pro Lys Ile Ile Ser Ser 1 5 10 15

Pro Leu Phe Lys Thr Leu Leu Ser Ala Val Cys
20 25

<210> 583

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 1, disulfide bond to position 17

<220>

<223> At position 17, disulfide bond to position 1

<400> 583

Xaa Cys Arg Ile Val Ile Arg Ile Arg Ile Arg Leu Ile Arg Ile Arg 1 15 15

Суз

<210> 584

<211> 19 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC <220> <223> At position 1, disulfide bond to position 19 <220> <223> At position 19, disulfide bond to position 1 <400> 584 Xaa Cys Lys Pro Gly His Lys Ala Arg Pro His Ile Ile Arg Tyr Lys 15 5 Ile Ile Cys <210> 585 <211> 29 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE <220> <223> At position 1, disulfide bond to position 29 <220> <223> At position 29, disulfide bond to position 1 Xaa Cys Arg Phe Ala Val Lys Ile Arg Leu Arg Ile Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Leu Ile Lys Lys Ile Arg Lys Arg Val Ile Lys Cys

<210> 586

20

```
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 586
 Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Cys
          5
 <210> 587
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 587
 Lys Leu Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys
  1 5
 <210> 588
<211> 13
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Cys
  1 5
 <210> 589
 <211> 12 ...
 <212> PRT .
```

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 589

Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Leu Lys Leu Lys Leu Lys 1 5 10

<210> 590

<211> 28

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 590

His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Tyr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu Arg Lys Gln
1 5 10 15

Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn 20 25

<210> 591

<211> 31

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 591

Asn Leu Glu His Ser Asp Ala Val Phe Tyr Asp Asn Tyr Thr Arg Leu
1 5 10 15

Arg Lys Gln Met Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn 20 25 30

<210> 592

```
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is absent or is ala, val,
      ala-val, val-ala, L-lys, D-lys, ala-lys, val-lys,
      ala-val-lys, val-ala-lys, or an ornithinyl residue
<220>
<223> At position 2, Xaa is L-lys, D-lys or an
      ornithinyl residue
<220>
<223> At position 3, Xaa is L-tyr, D-tyr, phe, trp or a
      p-aminophenylalanyl residue
<220>
<223> At position 4, Xaa is a hydrophobic aliphatic
      amino acid residue (X5), X5-leu, X5-norleucyl,
      X5-D-ala, X5-asn-ser, X5-asn-ser-ile,
      X5-asn-ser-tyr, X5-asn-ser-ile-leu,
      X5-asn-ser-tyr-leu,
<223> or X5-asn-ser-tyr-leu-asn
<400> 592
Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa
  1
<210> 593
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is either absent, a hydrophobic
```

aliphatic residue (X5), X5-asn, tyr-X5, lys-X5, lyx-S5-asn, lys-tyr-X5, lys-tyr-X5-as, lys-lys-tyr-X5-asn, val-lys-lys-tyr-X5,

<220>

<223> val-ala-lys-lys-tyr-X5-asn, or
 ala-val-lys-lys-tyr-X5-asn

<220>

<223> At position 3, Xaa is ile or tyr

<400> 593

Xaa Ser Xaa Leu Asn 1 5

<210> 594

<211> 7

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At positions 1 and 6, Xaa are cross-linked amino
 acid residues in which the sidechain linker group
 is (CH2)m-Z-(CH2)n wherein Z is -CONH-, -NHCO-,
 -S-S-, -S(CH2)tCO-NH or -NH-CO(CH2)tS-; m is 1 or
2

<220>

<223> when Z is -NH-CO- or -NH-CO(CH2)tS-; n is 1 or 2
 when Z is -NH-CO-, -S-S- or -NH-CO(CH2)tS, or n is
 2, 3 or 4 when Z is -CONH- or -S(CH2)tCO-NH-

<220>

<223> At position 5, Xaa is a hydrophobic aliphatic amino acid residue

<220>

<223> At position 7, Xaa is a covalent bond or Asn, Ser, Ile, Tyr, Leu, Asn-Ser, Asn-Ser-Ile, Asn-Ser-Tyr, Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu, Asn-Ser-Tyr-Leu, Asn-Ser-Ile-Leu-Asn or Asn-Ser-Tyr-Leu-Asn

```
<400> 594
Xaa Lys Lys Tyr Xaa Xaa Xaa
    5
<210> 595
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 595
Lys Lys Tyr Leu
 1
<210> 596
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 596
Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
<210> 597
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 597 ....
Lys Lys Tyr Leu
```

1

```
<210> 598
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 4, D amino acid residue
<400> 598
Lys Lys Tyr Ala
1
<210> 599
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 599
Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu
 1
                 5
<210> 600
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 600 ...
```

Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn

1 5

```
<210> 601
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 601
Lys Lys Tyr Val
<210> 602
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<223> At position 3, Xaa is a lauric acid residue
<400> 602
Ser Ile Xaa Asn
  1
<210> 603
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa is a norleucyl residue
```

```
<400> 603
Lys Lys Tyr Leu Xaa
1
<210> 604
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 604
Asn Ser Tyr Leu Asn
 1
<210> 605
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 605
Asn Ser Ile Tyr Asn
 1
<210> 606
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 606
 Lys Lys Tyr Leu Pro Pro Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
```

1 5 10

<210> 607

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 1, Xaa is a lauric acid residue

<400> 607

Xaa Lys Lys Tyr Leu

1

<210> 608

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 1, Xaa is a caproic acid residue

<400> 608

Xaa Lys Lys Tyr Leu

1

<210> 609

<211> 4

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

```
<220>
<223> At position 4, Xaa is a norleucyl residue
<400> 609
Lys Lys Tyr Xaa
<210> 610
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 610
Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu
<210> 611
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 611
Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
 1 5
<210> 612
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
```

```
<400> 612
 Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
  1
                 5
 <210> 613
 <211> 5
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
 <400> 613
 Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn
  1
 <210> 614
  <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
  <400> 614
  Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser
                 5
  <210> 615
  <211> 7
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 615
  Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile
```

1 5

```
<210> 616
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 616
Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu
<210> 617
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 617
Lys Lys Tyr Leu
  1
<210> 618
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 618
 Lys Lys Tyr Asp Ala
  1 ...
```

```
<210> 619
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 619
Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu
                 5
<210> 620
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 620
Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
<210> 621
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 621
Lys Lys Tyr Val
 1
```

<210> 622 <211> 4

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 3, Xaa is a lauric acid residue
<400> 622
Ser Ile Xaa Asn
  1
<210> 623
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 623
Asn Ser Tyr Leu Asn
 1
<210> 624
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 624
 Asn Ser Ile Tyr Asn
  1
```

<210> 625 <211> 5

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa is a norleucyl residue
<400> 625
Lys Lys Tyr Leu Xaa
<210> 626
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 626
Lys Lys Tyr Leu Pro Pro Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
<210> 627
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 627
Lys Lys Tyr Leu
 1
```

<210> 628 <211> 5

```
<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 628
 Lys Lys Tyr Asp Ala
 <210> 629
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
  <400> 629
  Ala Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu
                  5
 <210> 630
  <211> 5
<212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
  <400> 630
  Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
<210> 631
  <211> 4
  <212> PRT __
  <213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 631
Lys Lys Tyr Val
<210> 632
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 3, Xaa is a lauric acid residue.
<400> 632
Ser Ile Xaa Asn
 1
<210> 633
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 633
Leu Ala Lys Lys Tyr Leu
       5
<210> 634
<211> 7
<212> PRT...
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 634
  Cys Ala Pro Lys Lys Tyr Leu
                  5
   1
 <210> 635
<211> 4
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
        PEPTIDE
  <220>
  <223> At position 4, Xaa is a norleucyl residue
  <400> 635
  Lys Lys Tyr Xaa
   1
  <210> 636
  <211> 5
 <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 636
  Val Lys Lys Tyr Leu
  <210> 637
  <211> 6
  <212> PRT ...
  <213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 637
Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
1
<210> 638
<211> 7
<212> PRT
.<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 638
Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu Asn
1
        5
<210> 639
<211> 5
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa is a norleucyl residue
<400> 639
Lys Lys Tyr Leu Xaa
<210> 640
 <211> 5
 <212> PRT ...
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 640
 Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn
 <210> 641
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 641
 Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser
 ` 1
 <210> 642
 <211> 7
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 642
 Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile
             5 ·
 <210> 643
 <211> 8
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
```

```
<400> 643
Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asn Ser Ile Leu
                5
 1
<210> 644
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 644
Lys Lys Lys Tyr Leu Asp
1
<210> 645
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At positions 1, 6 disulfide cross-linked
<400> 645
Xaa Cys Lys Lys Tyr Leu Cys
<210> 646
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
```

```
<220>
<223> At positions 1, 6 cross-linked by S-CH2-CO
<400> 646
Cys Lys Lys Tyr Leu Lys
1
                5
<210> 647
<211> 4
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 4, D amino acid residue
<400> 647
Lys Lys Tyr Ala
 1 .
<210> 648
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 648
Trp Trp Thr Asp Thr Gly Leu Trp
 1
<210> 649
<211> 8
<212> PRT-
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 649
Trp Trp Thr Asp Asp Gly Leu Trp
                 5
<210> 650
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 650
Trp Trp Asp Thr Arg Gly Leu Trp Val Trp Thr Ile
                                    10
                  5
<210> 651
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 651
Phe Trp Gly Asn Asp Gly Ile Trp Leu Glu Ser Gly
<210> 652
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
```

PEPTIDE

```
<400> 652
Asp Trp Asp Gln Phe Gly Leu Trp Arg Gly Ala Ala
                  5
  1
                                     10
<210> 653
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
<400> 653
Arg Trp Asp Asp Asn Gly Leu Trp Val Val Leu
  1
                  5
                                     10
<210> 654
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
Ser Gly Met Trp Ser His Tyr Gly Ile Trp Met Gly
                  5
<210> 655
<211> 12
 <212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 655
 Gly Gly Arg Trp Asp Gln Ala Gly Leu Trp Val Ala
```

1 5 10

<210> 656

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 656

Lys Leu Trp Ser Glu Gln Gly Ile Trp Met Gly Glu

1 5 10

<210> 657

<211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 657

Cys Trp Ser Met His Gly Leu Trp Leu Cys
1 5 10

<210> 658

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 658

Gly Cys Trp Asp Asn Thr Gly Ile Trp Val Pro Cys
1 5 10

```
<210> 659
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
<400> 659
Asp Trp Asp Thr Arg Gly Leu Trp Val Tyr
                5
<210> 660
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 660
Ser Leu Trp Asp Glu Asn Gly Ala Trp Ile
<210> 661
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
Lys Trp Asp Asp Arg Gly Leu Trp Met His
                 5
```

<210> 662 <211> 10

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 662
 Gln Ala Trp Asn Glu Arg Gly Leu Trp Thr
                5
 <210> 663
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
     PEPTIDE
<400> 663
 Gln Trp Asp Thr Arg Gly Leu Trp Val Ala
          5
 <210> 664
 <211> 9
<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 664
. Trp Asn Val His Gly Ile Trp Gln Glu
  1 5
 <210> 665
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 665
 Ser Trp Asp Thr Arg Gly Leu Trp Val Glu
                 5
 <210> 666
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 666
 Asp Trp Asp Thr Arg Gly Leu Trp Val Ala
                  5
 <210> 667
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 667
  Ser Trp Gly Arg Asp Gly Leu Trp Ile Glu
                  5
  <210> 668
  <211> 10
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
```

PEPTIDE

```
<400> 668
Glu Trp Thr Asp Asn Gly Leu Trp Ala Leu
                  5
<210> 669
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 669
Ser Trp Asp Glu Lys Gly Leu Trp Ser Ala
<210> 670
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:VIP MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 670
Ser Trp Asp Ser Ser Gly Leu Trp Met Asp
                  5
. 1
<210> 671
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 671
 Ser His Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln
```

1 5 10

<210> 672

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 672

Thr Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Gln Thr
1 5 10

<210> 673

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 673

Arg Gly Asp Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ser 1 5 10

<210> 674

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 674

Val His Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Thr

1 ... 5

```
<210> 675
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL·1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 675
Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Thr
 1 5
<210> 676
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 676
Ser Arg Val Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Gln Ser
<210> 677
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
Asn Met Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ile Gln Thr
 1
                 5
```

<210> 678 <211> 12

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 678
Ser Val Val Phe Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Thr
       5
 1
<210> 679
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
    PEPTIDE
<400> 679
Thr Phe Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
          5
<210> 680
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE .
 <400> 680
 Thr Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ile Gln Arg
                5
 <210> 681
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT-
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<213> Artificial Sequence

<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 681 Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg 5 <210> 682 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 682 Ser Pro Val Phe Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ile Gln Ile 5 <210> 683 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 683 Trp Ile Glu Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ser 5 <210> 684 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST

PEPTIDE

```
<400> 684
 Ser Leu Ile Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Gln Met
                  5
 <210> 685
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 685
Thr Arg Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
       5
 <210> 686
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
  <400> 686
  Arg Cys Asp Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Thr
                   5
  <210> 687
  <211> 12
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
        PEPTIDE
```

Met Arg Val Phe Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Asn

<400> 687

1 5 10

<210> 688

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 688

Lys Ile Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Thr
1 5 10

<210> 689

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 689

Arg His Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
1 5 10

<210> 690

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 690

Ala Leu Val Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Glu Gln Ile

1 ... 5 . 1

```
<210> 691
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 691
Ser Arg Val Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Gln Ser
1 5
<210> 692
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 692
Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu Glu
 1 5
<210> 693
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
Gln Leu Val Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
               5
```

<211> 12

<210> 694

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 694
Asp Leu Arg Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Val
1 5
<210> 695
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 695
Glu Leu Val Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Gln Leu
         5
<210> 696
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE .
 <400> 696
 Asp Leu Val Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Trp
 1 5
 <210> 697
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT--
```

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 697

Asn Gly Asn Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Phe Gln Val 1 5 10

<210> 698

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 698

Glu Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ile Gln Arg
1 5 10

<210> 699

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 699

Glu Leu Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Glu
1 5 10

<210> 700

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

```
<400> 700
Asn Leu Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Met Gln Asp
                 5
<210> 701
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 701
Gly Tyr Glu Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
 1 5
<210> 702
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 702
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
                5
<210> 703
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 703
 Leu Ser Glu Gln Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
```

1 5 10

<210> 704

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 704

Gly Gly Gly Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
1 5 10

<210> 705

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 705

Val Gly Arg Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
1 5 10

<210> 706

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 706

Val His Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
1 5 10

```
<210> 707
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 707
Gln Ala Arg Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
               5
<210> 708
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 708
Val His Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Thr
 1 5
<210> 709
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 709
Arg Ser Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
 1
               5
```

<210> 710 <211> 12

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 710
Thr Arg Val Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
 1 5
<210> 711
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
    PEPTIDE
<400> 711
Gly Arg Ile Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
          5
<210> 712
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE .
 <400> 712
 Gly Arg Val Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
      5
 <210> 713
 <211> 12
```

<212> PRT-

<213> Artificial Sequence

PCT/US99/25044

```
WO 00/24782
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 713
Ala Arg Thr Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
      5
<210> 714
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 714
Ala Arg Val Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Met
                 5
<210> 715
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 715
Arg Leu Met Phe Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
 1 5
<210> 716
```

<211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

```
<400> 716
Glu Ser Met Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
                 5
<210> 717
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 717
His Phe Gly Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val His Met
                 5
<210> 718
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 718
Ala Arg Phe Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
                 5
<210> 719
<211> 12
 <212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
                                                        .. ...
 <400> 719
 Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Pro Ile Tyr
```

1 5 10

<210> 720

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 720

Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Tyr Gln Thr
1 5 10

<210> 721

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 721

Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Pro Ile
1 5 10

<210> 722

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 722

Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ala

**1** ... **5** ...

```
<210> 723
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 723
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Lys Gly Leu
 1 5
<210> 724
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 724
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Gln Gly Leu
                 5
<210> 725
<211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 725
 Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Met Pro Leu
                                   10
                  5
```

<210> 726 <211> 12

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 726
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ala
                5
<210> 727
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 727
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Gly Leu
 1 . 5
<210> 728
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 728
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Arg Glu Leu
                5
<210> 729
<211> 12
<212> PRT ___
```

<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 729
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Arg Gln Pro
1 5
<210> 730
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 730
Ser Arg Val Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Phe Val Gln Pro
                5
<210> 731
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 731
Glu Tyr Glu Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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PEPTIDE

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Ser Arg Ile Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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Ser Arg Gln Trp Val Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

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10 5 1

<210> 736

<211> 12

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<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

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Arg Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 1 5

<210> 738

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

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Arg Leu Leu Trp Val Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 1 ... 5

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<210> 742 <211> 12

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<213> Artificial Sequence

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Asn Leu Arg Trp Asp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST

PEPTIDE

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Ala Arg Phe Trp Leu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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Asn Ser Tyr Phe Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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1 5 10

<210> 752

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Arg Phe Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
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<400> 753

Ala His Leu Phe Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
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<220>

<400> 754

Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

1 ... 5

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Tyr Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Gly Leu
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Tyr Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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<210> 758

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Arg Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Thr Pro Leu
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Gly Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Gly Phe
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 Tyr Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Gly Leu
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Ile Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Met Pro Leu
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Ser Asn Met Gln Pro Tyr Gln Arg Leu Ser
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Thr Phe Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Val Gly Leu Pro Ala Ala Glu
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Thr Ala Cys Asn
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Thr Phe Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Met Thr Ile Thr Gly
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Lys Val Thr Met
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Thr Phe Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ser His Xaa Xaa Val Pro Xaa
                5
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Gly Phe Pro Leu
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 Thr Phe Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Tyr Gly Asn Pro Gln Trp Ala Ile
 1 5 10
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His Val Arg His

··· 20

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Ala Val Arg Ala
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Ile Ala Gln Val
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Gly Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Val Asp Gly Trp Arg
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1 5 10

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<210> 772 <211> 10 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220>

<400> 772
Gly Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Arg Gly Leu
1 5 10

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Ala Trp Val Gln Pro Tyr Ala Thr Pro Leu Asp Glu
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<210> 776 <211> 12

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Gly Trp Thr Gln Pro Tyr Ser Gln Gln Gly Glu Val
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Asp Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ile Gln Ser Asp Glu
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Pro Trp Ile Gln Pro Tyr Ala Arg Gly Phe Gly
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       PEPTIDE
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Arg Phe Asp Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Asp Gln Thr
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Trp His Gln Phe Val Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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Glu Trp Asp Ser Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Thr Leu Leu
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1
                5
Arg
<210> 785
<211> 17
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      PEPTIDE
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<400> 785

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Asp
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Ser Asp Val Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ser Leu Glu Met
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<212> PRT
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Tyr Tyr Asp Gly Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Val Met Pro
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Gln Arg Ile Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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<210> 790
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
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<400> 790
Ser Arg Ile Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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PEPTIDE

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Arg Ser Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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Thr Ile Ile Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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Ser Tyr Asp Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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1 5 10

<210> 795

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<212> PRT

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Ser Arg Ile Trp Cys Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

5

<210> 796

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<212> PRT

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Glu Ile Met Phe Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 1 5 10

<210> 797

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<212> PRT

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<220>

<400> 797

Asp Tyr Val Trp Gln Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

1 ... 5 . 10

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                5
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Arg Gln Gly Ala Asn Ile Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                  10 . 15
                5
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<211> 15

<210> 801 .

. . .

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 Gly Gly Gly Asp Glu Pro Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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                      10
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                                   10
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<400> 804

Lys Lys Gly Ser Thr Gln Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 1 5 10 15

<210> 805

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<212> PRT

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

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Leu Gln Ala Arg Met Asn Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

1 5 · 10 15

<210> 806

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Glu Pro Arg Ser Gln Lys Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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<210> 807

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5 10 15

<210> 811

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 811

Glu Gly Ser Arg Glu Gly Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 5 10

<210> 812

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 812

Glu Gly Ser Arg Glu Gly Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 10 5

<210> 813

<211> 12

<212> PRT

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 813

Val Ile Glu Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 10

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Val Trp Tyr Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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Ala Ser Glu Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
 1
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      PEPTIDE
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 Phe Tyr Glu Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                 5
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<210> 817 <211> 12

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Glu Gly Trp Trp Val Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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Trp Gly Glu Trp Leu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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 Asp Tyr Val Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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                   5
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
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Ala His Thr Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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    PEPTIDE
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Phe Ile Glu Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                     10
                  5
  1
<210> 822
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       PEPTIDE
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 Trp Leu Ala Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                   5
  1
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        PEPTIDE
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Val Met Glu Trp Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                  10
 1 5
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
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Glu Arg Met Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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<210> 825
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       PEPTIDE
 <400> 825
 Asn Xaa Xaa Trp Xaa Xaa Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                    10
                 5
 <210> 826
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
  <400> 826
  Trp Gly Asn Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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5 10 <210> 827 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 827 Thr Leu Tyr Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 10 <210> 828 <211> 12 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 828 Val Trp Arg Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 5 1 <210> 829 <211> 11 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

Leu Leu Trp Thr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 5

<400> 829

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<210> 830
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 830
Ser Arg Ile Trp Xaa Xaa Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                  5
<210> 831
<211> 12
<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 831
 Ser Asp Ile Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                    10
 <210> 832
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 832
  Trp Gly Tyr Tyr Xaa Xaa Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                   5
   1
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307

<210> 833 <211> 12

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 833
Thr Ser Gly Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                 5
<210> 834
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 834
Val His Pro Tyr Xaa Xaa Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
<210> 835
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 835
 Glu His Ser Tyr Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                     10
                 5
 <210> 836
 <211> 12
 <212> PRT
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<213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 836
Xaa Xaa Ile Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                 5
<210> 837
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 837
Ala Gln Leu His Ser Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                    10
                5
<210> 838
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 838
Trp Ala Asn Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                  5
 1
<210> 839
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
```

PEPTIDE

```
<400> 839
Ser Arg Leu Tyr Ser Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                5
                                    10
<210> 840
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 840
Gly Val Thr Phe Ser Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                5
<210> 841
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 841
Ser Ile Val Trp Ser Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
<210> 842
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 842
 Ser Arg Asp Leu Val Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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1 5 10

<210> 843

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 843

His Trp Gly His Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Asp Asp Leu

1 5 10 15

Gly

<210> 844

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 844

Ser Trp His Ser Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ser Val Pro 1 5 10 15

Glu

<210> 845

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

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<400> 845
Trp Arg Asp Ser Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Pro Glu Ser
                                          · 15
                                 10
Ala
<210> 846
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 846
Thr Trp Asp Ala Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Lys Trp Leu
                                  10
                5
Asp
<210> 847
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 847
Thr Pro Pro Trp Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ser Leu Asp
                            10
                5
Pro
```

312

<210> 848 <211> 17

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 848
Tyr Trp Ser Ser Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ser Val His
                                   10
Ser
<210> 849
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 849
Tyr Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Gly Leu
                 5
<210> 850
<211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 850
 Tyr Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                         : 10
                 5
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313

<210> 851 <211> 10

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 851
Glu Trp Ile Gln Pro Tyr Ala Thr Gly Leu
           5
<210> 852
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 852
Asn Trp Glu Gln Pro Tyr Ala Lys Pro Leu
                 5
 <210> 853
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 853
 Ala Phe Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                 5
 <210> 854
 <211> 10 ...
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 854
Phe Leu Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                5
<210> 855
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 855
Val Cys Lys Gln Pro Tyr Leu Glu Trp Cys
                  5
<210> 856
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 856
 Glu Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                     10
                  5
  1
 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
             20
 <210> 857
 <211> 21...
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 857
Gln Gly Trp Leu Thr Trp Gln Asp Ser Val Asp Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                    10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
             20
<210> 858
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 858
Phe Ser Glu Ala Gly Tyr Thr Trp Pro Glu Asn Thr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
 1
                  5
                                    10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
             20
<210> 859
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 859
 Thr Glu Ser Pro Gly Gly Leu Asp Trp Ala Lys Ile Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                  5
 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
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<210> 860

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<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 860
Asp Gly Tyr Asp Arg Trp Arg Gln Ser Gly Glu Arg Tyr Trp Gln Pro
 1 5
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 861
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 861
 Thr Ala Asn Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                    10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
 <210> 862
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
  <400> 862
  Ser Val Gly Glu Asp His Asn Phe Trp Thr Ser Glu Tyr Trp Gln Pro
```

1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

<210> 863

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 863

Met Asn Asp Gln Thr Ser Glu Val Ser Thr Phe Pro Tyr Trp Gln Pro 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

<210> 864

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 864

Ser Trp Ser Glu Ala Phe Glu Gln Pro Arg Asn Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

<210> 865

<211> 21 ...

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST <400> 865 Gln Tyr Ala Glu Pro Ser Ala Leu Asn Asp Trp Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 866 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 866 Asn Gly Asp Trp Ala Thr Ala Asp Trp Ser Asn Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 5 1 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 867 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 867 Thr His Asp Glu His Ile Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 10

<210> 868 <211> 21

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 868
Met Leu Glu Lys Thr Tyr Thr Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                 5
                                   10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 869
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 869
Trp Ser Asp Pro Leu Thr Arg Asp Ala Asp Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr
                 5
                                    10
Ala Leu Pro Leu
<210> 870
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 870
Ser Asp Ala Phe Thr Thr Gln Asp Ser Gln Ala Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                                        15
                                    10
                  5
```

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Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 871 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 871 Gly Asp Asp Ala Ala Trp Arg Thr Asp Ser Leu Thr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 1 5 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 872 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 872

Ala Ile Ile Arg Gln Leu Tyr Arg Trp Ser Glu Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

<210> 873 <211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

Glu Asn Thr Tyr Ser Pro Asn Trp Ala Asp Ser Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro 5 10 . Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 874 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 874 Met Asn Asp Gln Thr Ser Glu Val Ser Thr Phe Pro Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 875 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 875 Ser Val Gly Glu Asp His Asn Phe Trp Thr Ser Glu Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

<210> 876 <211> 21

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 876
Gln Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                 10
               5
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 877
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 877
Glu Asn Pro Phe Thr Trp Gln Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                                     15
                                  10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 878
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 878
Val Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Asp Ser Asn Val Phe Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                                    15
 1 ... 5
                        . 10
```

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

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<210> 879
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 879
Gin Ile Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Gin Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gin Pro
                                    10
                                                       15
 1
                 5
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 880
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 880
Gln Ala Pro Leu Thr Trp Gln Glu Ser Ala Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                   10
                 5
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
             20
<210> 881
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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324

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST

<220>

PEPTIDE

<400> 881 Glu Pro Thr Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Lys Ala Thr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 5 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 882 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 882 Thr Thr Thr Leu Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 883 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 883 Glu Ser Pro Leu Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Ser Ala Leu Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 5 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

<210> 884 <211> 21 a frager

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 884
Glu Thr Pro Leu Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                   10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 885
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 885
Glu Ala Thr Phe Thr Trp Ala Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                 5
                                   10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
           20
<210> 886
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
Glu Ala Leu Phe Thr Trp Lys Glu Ser Thr Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                         10
                                                  15 -
            5
```

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 887

<211> 20

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 887

Ser Thr Pro Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr 1 5 10 15

Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 888

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 888

Glu Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro

1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 889

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 889 Lys Ala Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Gln Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 890 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 890 Ser Thr Ser Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 15 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 891 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 891 Asp Ser Thr Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

328

a same

<210> 892 <211> 21

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 892
Tyr Ile Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
        5
                                  10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
           20
<210> 893
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 893
Gln Thr Ala Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                 10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
           20
<210> 894
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 894
Glu Thr Leu Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Thr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
 1 ... 5
                        . 10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
```

```
<210> 895
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 895
Val Ser Ser Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                  5
                                    10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
             20
<210> 896
<211> 7
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 896
Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
  1
                5
<210> 897
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 1, Xaa is a phosphotyrosyl residue
```

```
<220>
<223> At position 2, Xaa is a 1-napthylalanyl residue
<223> At position 6, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 897
Xaa Xaa Pro Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
               5
<210> 898
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
    PEPTIDE
Thr Ala Asn Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                  10
                                                     15
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 899
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 899
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                         10
 1 5
```

331

<210> 900 <211> 15

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 900
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
<210> 901
<211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 901
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                     10
                   5
 <210> 902
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 902
  Glu Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                                         15
                                       10
                    5
```

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 905 <211> 17 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

```
<400> 905
Gly Asp Val Ala Glu Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu Thr Ser
                                   10
Leu
<210> 906
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 906
Ser Trp Thr Asp Tyr Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Ile Ser
        5
                           10
Gly Leu
<210> 907
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
 <223> At position 4, Xaa is prolyl or an azetidine
      residue
 <220>
 <223> At position 6, Xaa is S, A, V or L
 <400> 907
                                                     na Frigueri
 Xaa Xaa Gin Xaa Tyr Xaa Xaa Xaa
```

```
<210> 908
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is Y, W or F
<220>
<223> At position 4, Xaa is prolyl or an azetidine
      residue
<220>
<223> At position 6, Xaa is S, A, V or L
<400> 908
Xaa Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr Xaa Xaa Xaa
                 5
  1
<210> 909
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is Y, W or F
 <223> At position 2, Xaa is E, F, V, W or Y
 <220>
 <223> At position 4, Xaa is prolyl or an azetidine
       residue
 <220>
 <223> At position 6, Xaa is S, A, V or L
```

```
<220>
<223> At position 7, Xaa is M, F, V, R, Q, K, T, S, D,
     L, I or E
<220>
<223> At position 8, Xaa is E, L, W, V, H, I, G, A, D,
     L, Y, N, Q or P
<400> 909
Xaa Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr Xaa Xaa Xaa
 1
                 5
<210> 910
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is V, L, I, E, P, G, Y, M, T or
      D
<220>
<223> At position 2, Xaa is Y, W or F
<220>
<223> At position 3, Xaa is E, F, V, W or Y
<223> At position 5, Xaa is prolyl or an azetidine
      residue
<220>
<223> At position 7, Xaa is S, A, V or L
<223> At position 8, Xaa is M, F, V, R, Q, K, T, S, D,
      L, I or E
<220>
<223> At position 9, Xaa is E, L, W, V, H, I, G, A, D,
      L, Y, N, Q or P
```

<400> 910

```
Xaa Xaa Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr Xaa Xaa Xaa
                 5
<210> 911
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 911
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                    10
                  5
<210> 912
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                    10
                 5
 <210> 913
 <211> 15
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
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<400> 913 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 1 5 10 <210> 914 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <220> <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue <400> 914 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 10 5 <210> 915 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 915 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 5 <210> 916 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST

PEPTIDE

<220>

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<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 916
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                 5
                                     10
<210> 917
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is A, D, E, F, G, K, Q, S, T, V
      or Y
<220>
<223> At position 2, Xaa is A, D, G, I, N, P, S, T, V or
<223> At position 3, Xaa is A, D, G, L, N, P, S, T, W or
<223> At position 4, Xaa is A, D, E, F, L, N, R, V or Y
<223> At position 5, Xaa is A, D, E, Q, R, S or T
<220>
<223> At position 6, Xaa is H, I, L, P, S, T or W
<220>
<223> At position 7, Xaa is A, E, F, K, N, Q, R, S or Y
<223> At position 8, Xaa is D, E, F, Q, R, T or W
<223> At position 9, Xaa is A, D, P, S, T or W
```

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<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is A, D, G, K, N, Q, S or T
<223> At position 11, Xaa is A, E, L, P, S, T, V or Y
<223> At position 12, Xaa is V, L, I, E, P, G, Y, M, T
<220>
<223> At position 13, Xaa is Y, W or F
<220>
<223> At position 14, Xaa is E, F, V, W or Y
<220>
<223> At position 16, Xaa is P or an azetidine residue
<220>
<223> At position 18, Xaa is S, A, V or L
<223> At position 19, Xaa is M, F, V, R, Q, K, T, S, D,
     L, I or E
<220>
<223> At position 20, Xaa is Q or P
10
Tyr Xaa Xaa Xaa Leu
            20
 <210> 918
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
```

<400> 918 Thr Ala Asn Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro 5 10 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20 <210> 919 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 919 Ser Trp Thr Asp Tyr Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Ile Ser 5 Gly Leu <210> 920 <211> 21 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE <400> 920 Glu Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 15 10 5 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 20

<210> 921 <211> 21 <212> PRT

341

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 921
Glu Asn Thr Tyr Ser Pro Asn Trp Ala Asp Ser Met Tyr Trp Gln Pro
               5
                                  10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 922
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 922
Ser Val Gly Glu Asp His Asn Phe Trp Thr Ser Glu Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                   10
                 5
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 923
 <211> 21
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 923
 Asp Gly Tyr Asp Arg Trp Arg Gln Ser Gly Glu Arg Tyr Trp Gln Pro
  1 5 10
 Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
```

20

```
<210> 924
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 924
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
 1
                  5
                                    10
<210> 925
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 925
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Asn His
                                    10
                  5
<210> 926
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 926 ---
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr Asn His
                  5
  1
```

```
<210> 927
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 927
Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Asn His
                                    10
        5
<210> 928
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 928
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 929
<211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
```

```
<400> 929
  Ala Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
          5
<210> 930
  <211> 11
  <212> PRT
   <213> Artificial Sequence
   <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
        PEPTIDE
   <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
   <400> 930
   Phe Ala Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
               5
   <210> 931
   <211> 11
   <212> PRT
   <213> Artificial Sequence
   <220>
   <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
         PEPTIDE
   <220>
   <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
   <400> 931
   Phe Glu Ala Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                     5
                                      10
    <210> 932
    <211> 11
    <212> PRT
    <213> Artificial Sequence
    <220>
```

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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 932
Phe Glu Trp Ala Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                5
<210> 933
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 933
Phe Glu Trp Thr Ala Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
 1 5
<210> 934
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 934
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ala Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
 1 ... 5 10
```

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<210> 935
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 935
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Ala Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 936
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 936
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Ala Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 937
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
```

```
<400> 937
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Ala
                 5
<210> 938
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 938
Phe Glu Trp Thr Gly Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                  5
<210> 939
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 5, D amino acid residue
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 939
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
  1
```

<210> 940 <211> 10 <212> PRT

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 940
Phe Glu Trp Thr Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
     5
<210> 941
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa is a pipecolic acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 941
Phe Glu Trp Thr Xaa Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 942
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
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<223> At position 6, Xaa is an aminoisobutyric acid

residue

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<220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 942
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Xaa Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
 <210> 943
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 6, Xaa is a sarcosine residue
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 943
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Xaa Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
  <210> 944
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
        PEPTIDE
  <220>
  <223> At position 5, Xaa is a sarcosine residue
  <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
  <400> 944
  Phe Glu Trp Thr Xaa Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
```

1 5 10

<210> 945

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue

<400> 945

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Asn Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 946

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 5, D amino acid residue

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue

<400> 946

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Val Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr 1 5 10

<210> 947

<211> 11 ...

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 947
Phe Glu Trp Thr Val Pro Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                5
<210> 948
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is acetylated phe
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 948
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 949
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa is acetylated phe
                                                        ...
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
```

```
<400> 949
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 950
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=1-naphthylalanine
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 950
Xaa Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 951
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 951
Tyr Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
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<210> 952 <211> 11

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 952
Phe Glu Trp Val Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 953
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 953
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
 1 5
<210> 954
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <400> 954
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Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ser Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr

PCT/US99/25044 WO 00/24782

10 1 5

<210> 955

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue

<400> 955

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Asn Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr

<210> 956

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<220>

<223> At position 5, Xaa=naphthylalanine

<400> 956

Ser His Leu Tyr Xaa Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Met 5

<210> 957

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

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<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa=naphthylalanine
<400> 957
Thr Leu Val Tyr Xaa Gln Pro Tyr Ser Leu Gln Thr
                  5
<210> 958
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa=naphthylalanine
<400> 958
Arg Gly Asp Tyr Xaa Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Ser
                  5
  1
<210> 959
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 5, Xaa=naphthylalanine
 <400> 959
 Asn Met Val Tyr Xaa Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ile Gln Thr
                                      10
                 5
```

<210> 960 <211> 9

```
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 960
Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln
          5
<210> 961
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<223> At position 3, Xaa=naphthylalanine
<400> 961
Val Tyr Xaa Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln
            5
<210> 962
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 7, Xaa is an azetidine residue
Thr Phe Val Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
       ··· 5 · 10
```

```
<210> 963
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL·1 ANTAGONIST
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<223> At position 11, Xaa =p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<400> 963
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Xaa
                 5
<210> 964
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
 <223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
 <220>
 <223> At position 11, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
 <400> 964
 Xaa Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Xaa
                   5
   1
```

<210> 965 <211> 11 .. ....

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<223> At position 8, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 965
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr
                  5
<210> 966
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
<223> At position 8, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 966
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr
  1
                  5
                                      10
<210> 967
<211> 11
```

359

<212> PRT ---

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 7, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 967
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Xaa Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 968
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
<223> At position 7, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 968
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Xaa Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
<210> 969
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
```

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

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<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
<220>
<223> At position 3, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 969
Phe Glu Xaa Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 970
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
<220>
<223> At position 3, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 970
Phe Glu Xaa Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
  1
                  5
                                    10
<210> 971
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
```

```
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 971
Xaa Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
 1 · 5
<210> 972
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated
     p-benzoyl-L-phenylalanine
<223> At position 10, Xaa is an azetidine residue
Xaa Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 973
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 973
Val Tyr Trp..Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln
       . 5
```

```
<210> 974
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 974
Arg Leu Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
1 . 5
<210> 975
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<223> At position 5, Xaa=naphthylalanine
<400> 975
Arg Leu Val Tyr Xaa Gin Pro Tyr Ser Val Gin Arg
               5
 1
<210> 976
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 976
Arg Leu Asp Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
                                  10
1
                5
```

```
<210> 977
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 977
Arg Leu Val Trp Phe Gln Pro Tyr Ser Val Gln Arg
                  5
<210> 978
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
Arg Leu-Val Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ser Ile Gln Arg
                  5
<210> 979
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 1, Xaa=D or Y
 <220>
 <223> At position 3, Xaa=D or S
 <220>
```

```
<223> At position 4, Xaa=S, T or A
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa=S or W
<220>
<223> At position 6, Xaa=S or Y
<220>
<223> At position 7, Xaa=D, Q, E or V
<220>
<223> At position 8, Xaa=N, S, K, H or W
<220>
<223> At position 9, Xaa=F or L
<223> At position 10, Xaa=D, N, S or L
<220>
<223> At position 11, Xaa=L, I, Q, M or A
<400> 979
Xaa Asn Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa
  1
                  5
<210> 980
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 980
Asp Asn Ser Ser Trp Tyr Asp Ser Phe Leu Leu
                  5
<210> 981
```

<211> 11 ... <212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 981
Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Ser Phe Leu Ala
                  5
<210> 982
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 982
Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu
                 5
<210> 983
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 983
Pro Ala Arg Glu Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Asp Ser Phe Leu Ile Trp
                                                          15
                   5
                                      10
 Cys
 <210> 984
 <211> 17 ...
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
```

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 984
Thr Ser Glu Tyr Asp Asn Thr Thr Trp Tyr Glu Lys Phe Leu Ala Ser
                5
                                  10
Gln
<210> 985
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 985
Ser Gln Ile Pro Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Gln Ser Phe Leu Leu His
 1 5
                          10
Gly
<210> 986
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 986
Ser Pro Phe Ile Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Thr
                                  10
                  5
                                                     a frame
Tyr ...
```

```
<210> 987
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 987
Glu Gln Ile Tyr Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Asp His Phe Leu Leu Ser
                                   10
  1 . 5
 Tyr
 <210> 988
 <211> 17
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 988
Thr Pro Phe Ile Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Thr
                                     10
                  5
 Tyr
 <210> 989
 <211> 17
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
· <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
        PEPTIDE
  <400> 989
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Thr Tyr Thr Tyr Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Arg Phe Leu Met Ser 1 5 10 15

Tyr

<210> 990

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 990

Thr Met Thr Gln Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ser

1 5 10 15

Tyr

<210> 991

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 991

Thr Ile Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Ala Asn Leu Val Gln Thr Tyr Pro 1 5 10 15

Gln

<210> 992

<211> 17 ...

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

```
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 992
Thr Ile Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Arg Phe Leu Ala Gln Tyr Pro
                 5
                                    10
Asp
<210> 993
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
His Ile Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Thr Tyr Thr
                                    10
Pro
<210> 994
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 994
Ser Gln Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ser Tyr Lys
                                    10
```

Ala ...

```
<210> 995
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 995
Gin Ile Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Arg Phe Leu Leu Gln Tyr Asn
          5
                            10
Ala
<210> 996
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 996
Asn Gln Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Ser Phe Leu Leu Gln Tyr Asn
                                   10
                 5
Thr
<210> 997
<211> 17
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 997
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Thr Ile Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Asn His Asn 1 5 10 15

Leu

<210> 998

<211> 17

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 998

His Tyr Asp Asn Thr Ala Trp Tyr Glu Arg Phe Leu Gln Gln Gly Trp

1 5 10 15

His

<210> 999

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST PEPTIDE

<400> 999

Glu Thr Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 1000

<211> 21 ...

<212> PRT .

<213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 1000
Tyr Ile Pro Phe Thr Trp Glu Glu Ser Asn Ala Tyr Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                   10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 1001
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 1001
Asp Gly Tyr Asp Arg Trp Arg Gln Ser Gly Glu Arg Tyr Trp Gln Pro
        5
                                   10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 1002
<211> 10
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=phosphotyrosine
<220>
<223> At position 2, Xaa=naphthylalanine
<220>
```

```
<223> At position 3, Xaa=phosphotyrosine
<220>
<223> At position 5, Xaa is an azetidine residue
<400> 1002
Xaa Xaa Xaa Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                 5
<210> 1003
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1003
Thr Ala Asn Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro
                                    10
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
<210> 1004
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 1004
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
```

<210> 1005

```
<211> 19
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1005
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu Ser
                  5
                                     10
Asp Asn His
<210> 1006
<211> 15
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
 <400> 1006
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
                                      10
                  5
 <210> 1007
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
 <400> 1007
```

```
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
 1
           5
<210> 1008
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
 <223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
 <220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
 <400> 1008
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
 <210> 1009
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
 <400> 1009
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
```

<210> 1010

5

```
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
 <223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
 <400> 1010
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                   5
                                      10
 <210> 1011
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
 <220>
 <223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
 <400> 1011
 Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ala Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
                    5
  <210> 1012
  <211> 11
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
```

PEPTIDE

```
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe

<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

<400> 1012

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ala Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr

1 5 10
```

<210> 1013 <211> 11 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220>

<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe

<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

<400> 1013
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ala Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 1014 <211> 15 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220>

<400> 1014

<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

378

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
1 5 10 15

<210> 1015

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

<400> 1015

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
1 5 10 15

<210> 1016

<211> 15

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

<400> 1016

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
1 5 10

<210> 1017

<211> 21

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST

PEPTIDE

<400> 1017

Thr Ala Asn Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro 1 5 10 15

Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu

20

<210> 1018

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

<400> 1018

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
1 5 10

<210> 1019

<211> 11

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe

<220>

<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine

<400> 1019

Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr

```
5
<210> 1020
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 1020
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
 1
<210> 1021
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Kaa=acetylated phe
<223> At position 6, D amino acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 1021
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ala Tyr Trp Gln Xaa Tyr
       . 5
```

```
<210> 1022
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
<220>
<223> At position 6, D amino acid residue
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 1022
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Ala Trp Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                 5
<210> 1023
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<220>
<223> At position 1, Xaa=acetylated phe
<223> At position 6, D amino acid residue
<220>
<223> At position 10, Xaa=azetidine
<400> 1023
Phe Glu Trp. Thr Pro Ala Tyr Tyr Gln Xaa Tyr
                                      10
                  5
```

```
<210> 1024
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1024
Gly Gly Leu Tyr Leu Cys Arg Phe Gly Pro Val Thr Trp Asp Cys Gly
                5
                                    10
Tyr Lys Gly Gly
             20
<210> 1025
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 1025
Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
                                    10
  1
 Pro Gln Gly Gly
             20
 <210> 1026
 <211> 20
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO-MIMETIC
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 1026
```

```
Gly Gly Asp Tyr His Cys Arg Met Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
                                   10
Pro Leu Gly Gly
<210> 1027
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1027
Cys Gly Arg Glu Cys Pro Arg Leu Cys Gln Ser Ser Cys
 1 5
<210> 1028
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1028
Cys Asn Gly Arg Cys Val Ser Gly Cys Ala Gly Arg Cys
                 5 .
<210> 1029
 <211> 20
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
```

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PEPTIDE

<400> 1029

```
Val Gly Asn Tyr Met Cys His Phe Gly Pro Ile Thr Trp Val Cys Arg
                                    10
Pro Gly Gly Gly
<210> 1030
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1030
Gly Gly Val Tyr Ala Cys Arg Met Gly Pro Ile Thr Trp Val Cys Ser
                  5
 1
Pro Leu Gly Gly
             20
<210> 1031
<211> 5
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
       PEPTIDE
 <400> 1031
 Cys Asn Gly Arg Cys
  1 .
 <210> 1032
 <211> 9
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
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 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TPO MIMETIC
```

```
<400> 1032
Cys Asp Cys Arg Gly Asp Cys Phe Cys
 <210> 1033
 <211> 20
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
 Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu Ala Ala Arg Ala Gly Gly
                                    10
Gly Gly Gly Phe
              20
 <210> 1034
 <211> 26
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
 <400> 1034
 Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
  Pro Gln Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Phe
                              25
               20
  <210> 1035
  <211> 19
  <212> PRT
  <213> Artificial Sequence
  <220>
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
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<400> 1035 Val Gly Asn Tyr Met Ala His Met Gly Pro Ile Thr Trp Val Cys Arg Pro Gly Gly <210> 1036 <211> 18 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC <400> 1036 Gly Gly Thr Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys 10 Pro Gln <210> 1037 <211> 20 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC <400> 1037 Gly Gly Leu Tyr Ala Cys His Met Gly Pro Met Thr Trp Val Cys Gln 10 Pro Leu Arg Gly 20

<210> 1038 <211> 22 ... <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence

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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
<400> 1038
Thr Ile Ala Gln Tyr Ile Cys Tyr Met Gly Pro Glu Thr Trp Glu Cys
                                  10
                5
Arg Pro Ser Pro Lys Ala
           20
<210> 1039 ·
<211> 13
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
<400> 1039
Tyr Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
 1 5
<210> 1040
<211> 11
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC
    PEPTIDE
<400> 1040
Tyr Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys
        5
<210> 1041
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 1041

Ser Cys His Phe Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Lys
1 5 10

<210> 1042

<211> 40

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: EPO MIMETIC PEPTIDE

<400> 1042

Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa Xaa 40

<210> 1043

<211> 5

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<400> 1043

Asp Leu Xaa Xaa Leu

1

<210> 1044

<211> 12

<212> PRT

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<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
     BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 1044
Arg Thr Asp Leu Asp Ser Leu Arg Thr Tyr Thr Leu
                5
<210> 1045
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF ANTAGONIST
<400> 1045
Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Phe Leu Pro His Tyr Lys Asn Thr Ser
                                                        15
                                     10
Leu Gly His Arg Pro
             20
<210> 1046
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF ANTAGONIST
<400> 1046
Asp Phe Leu Pro His Tyr Lys Asn Thr Ser Leu Gly His Arg Pro Gly
                                     10
 Gly Gly Gly Phe
```

<210> 1047 <211> 21 20

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 1047
Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro
Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu
            20
<210> 1048
<211> 21
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
<400> 1048
Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu Gly
 1 5
Gly Gly Gly Phe
             20
<210> 1049
 <211> 25
<212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
 Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Glu Pro Asn Cys Asp Ile His Val Met
                  5
```

Trp Glu Trp Glu Cys Phe Glu Arg Leu

··· 20

```
<210> 1050
<211> 25
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
<400> 1050
Val Glu Pro Asn Cys Asp Ile His Val Met Trp Glu Trp Glu Cys Phe.
                                  10
 1 5
Glu Arg Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Phe
            20
<210> 1051
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: MMP INHIBITOR
Phe Gly Gly Gly Gly Cys Thr Thr His Trp Gly Phe Thr Leu Cys
                                   10
                 5
<210> 1052
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: MMP INHIBITOR
 <400> 1052
 Cys Thr Thr His Trp Gly Phe Thr Leu Cys Gly Gly Gly Gly Phe
                                   10
                 5
  1
 <210> 1053
```

392 .

<211> 10

<212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 1053 Arg Thr Asp Leu Asp Ser Leu Arg Thr Tyr 5 1 <210> 1054 <211> 9 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN BINDING PEPTIDE <400> 1054 Arg Thr Asp Leu Asp Ser Leu Arg Thr 5 1 <210> 1055 <211> 757 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: Fc-TNF-ALPHA INHIBITOR <220> <221> CDS <222> (4)..(747) <400> 1055 cat atg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca cct tgt cca gct ccg gaa ctc Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu 10 1 ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc 96

Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr

				20					25					30		
ctc	atg	atc	tcc	cgg	acc	cct	gag	gtc	aca	tgc	gtg	gtg	gtg	gac	gtg	144
Leu	Met	Ile	Ser	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	<b>Val</b>	Thr	Cys	Val	Val	Val	Asp	Val	
			35					40					45			
-		_	-	cct		-	•-						-			192
Ser	His		Asp	Pro	Glu	Val	_	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr		Asp	Gly	Val	
		50					55					60				
a a a	~+ <i>~</i>	cat	22+	gcc	220	202	227	cca	caa	aaa	aaa	cad	tac	220	anc	240
				Ala												230
GIU	65		NO!!	ALG	<b>D</b>	70	<b></b> , _				75		-3-			
	•••															
acg	tac	cgt	gtg	gtc	agc	gtc	ctc	acc	gtc	ctg	cac	cag	gac	tgg	ctg	288
				Val												
80					85					90					95	
				tac												336
Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Сув	Lys	Val		Asn	Lys	Ala	Leu		Ala	
				100					105					110		
•																204
				acc												384
Pro	Ile	Glu	_	Thr	He	ser	гля	120	гув	GIY	GIN	PIO	125	GIU	PIO	
			115					120					123			
cad	ata	tac	200	ctg	ccc	cca	tcc	caa	gat	σаσ	cta	acc	αασ	aac	cag	432
				Leu												
<b>U</b>		130					135		•			140	_			
				tgc												480
Val	Ser	Leu	Thr	Сув	Leu	Val	Lys	Gly	Phe	Tyr	Pro	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	
	145					150					155					
								•								F20
				agc												528
	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser		Gly	Gln	Pro	GIU		ASN	TYT	гÀя	THE	175	
160					165					170					1,3	
		~ h ~	a+a	gac	too	<b>~</b> 2 <i>C</i>	aac	tcc	ttc	ttc	ctc	tac	agc	ааσ	ctc	576
DYO	Bro	Val	T.eu	Asp	gar	Agn	Glv	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	Tvr	Ser	Lys	Leu	
-10	110	141	200	180			0-7		185	• • • •		•		190		
acc	ata	σac	aaq	agc	agg	tgg	cag	cag	ggg	aac	gtc	ttc	tca	tgc	tcc	624
Thr	Val	Asp	Lys	Ser	Arg	Trp	Gln	Gln	Gly	Asn	Val	Phe	Ser	Cys	Ser	
			195			_		200					205			
														_		
gtg	atg	cat	gag	gct	ctg	cac	aac	cac	tac	acg	cag	aag	ago	cto	tcc	672
Val	Met	His	Glu	Ala	Leu	His	Asn	His	Tyr	Thr	Gln	Lys	Ser	Leu	Ser	

210 215 220

ctg tct ccg ggt aaa ggt gga ggt ggt ggt gac ttc ctg ccg cac tac 720 Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Phe Leu Pro His Tyr 225 230 235

aaa aac acc tct ctg ggt cac cgt ccg taatggatcc 757
Lys Asn Thr Ser Leu Gly His Arg Pro
240 245

<210> 1056

<211> 248

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TNF-ALPHA TNHIBITOR

<400> 1056

Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu 1 5 10 15

Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu 20 25 30

Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser 35 40 45

His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu
50 55 60

Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr 65 70 75 80

Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn 85 90 95

Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro 100 105 110

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln
115 120 125

Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val 130 135 140

Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val 145 150 155 160

Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 165 170 Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr 180 185 Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val 200 205 Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu 215 Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Phe Leu Pro His Tyr Lys 230 235 225 Asn Thr Ser Leu Gly His Arg Pro 245 <210> 1057 <211> 761 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ALPH INHIBITOR Fc <220> <221> CDS <222> (4)..(747) <400> 1057 cat atg gac ttc ctg ccg cac tac aaa aac acc tct ctg ggt cac cgt Met Asp Phe Leu Pro His Tyr Lys Asn Thr Ser Leu Gly His Arg 1 5 ccg ggt gga ggc ggt ggg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca cct tgc cca Pro Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro 20 gca cct gaa ctc ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtt ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys

ccc aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg 192

40

Pro	Lys	Asp 50	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser 55	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val 60	Thr	Сув	Val	
		-			cac His											240
					gtg Val 85											288
					tac Tyr											336
					ggc Gly											384
					atc Ile											432
					gtg Val											480
					agc Ser 165											528
					gag Glu										Asn	576
tac Tyr	aag Lys	acc Thr	acg Thr 195	cct	ccc Pro	gtg Val	ctg Leu	gac Asp 200	tcc Ser	gac Asp	ggc	tcc Ser	ttc Phe 205	ttc Phe	ctc Leu	624
tac Tyr	agc Ser	aag Lys 210	Leu	acc	gtg Val	gac Asp	aag Lys 215	Ser	agg Arg	tgg Trp	cag Gln	cag Gln 220	Gly	aac Asn	gtc Val	672
ttc Phe	tca Ser 225	Сув	tcc Ser	gtg Val	atg Met	cat His 230	Glu	gct Ala	ctg Leu	cac His	Asn 235	His	tac Tyr	acg Thr	cag Gln	720
aag	ago	ctc	tcc	ctg	tct	ccg	ggt 39		. taa	tgga.	tcc ,	gcgg				761
								•								

Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 240 245

<210> 1058

<211> 248

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:TNF-ALPH INHIBITOR Fc

<400> 1058

Met Asp Phe Leu Pro His Tyr Lys Asn Thr Ser Leu Gly His Arg Pro 1 5 10 . 15

Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala 20 25 30

Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro 35 40 45

Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val 50 55 60

Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val 65 70 75 80

Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln 85 90 95

Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln
100 105 110

Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala 115 120 125

Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro 130 135 140

Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr 145 150 155 160

Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser 165 170 175

Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr 180 185 190 PCT/US99/25044

WO 00/24782 Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr 200 Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe 215 220 Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys 230 235 Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245 <210> 1059 <211> 763 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc IL-1 ANTAGONIST

<222> (4)..(747)

<220> <221> CDS

<400> 1059 cat atg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca cct tgt cca gct ccg gaa ctc Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu 5

ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr 20

ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gtg gac gtg Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val 40 35

age cae gaa gae cet gag gte aag tte aac tgg tae gtg gae gge gtg 192 Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 55 50

gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser 75 70

-		cgt Arg		-	_	-			-	-		_	•		-	288
		aag Lys														336
		gag Glu						-					-	-		384
-		tac Tyr 130														432
		ctg Leu														480
		tgg Trp														528
		gtg Val														576
		gac Asp														624
		cat His 210														672
ctg Leu	ser 225	ccg Pro	ggt Gly	aaa Lys	ggt Gly	gga Gly 230	Gly	ggt Gly	ggt Gly	ttc Phe	gaa Glu 235	Trp	acc	ccg	ggt Gly	720
	Trp	cag Gln				Leu				tgga	tcc	ctcg	ag			763

<210> 1060--

<211> 248

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc IL-1
ANTAGONIST

<400> 1060

Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu 1 5 10 15

- Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu 20 25 30
- Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser 35 40 45
- His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu 50 55 60
- Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr 65 70 75 80
- Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn 85 90 95
- Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro 100 105 110
- Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln
  115 120 125
- Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val 130 135 140
- Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val 145 150 155 160
- Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 165 170 175
- Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr
- Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val 195 200 205
- Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu 210 215 220 220
- Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr

225 230 235 240

Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro Leu 245

<210> 1061
<211> 757
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:IL-1 ANTAGONIST

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (4)..(747)

FC

<400> 1061

cat atg ttc gaa tgg acc ccg ggt tac tgg cag ccg tac gct ctg ccg

Met Phe Glu Trp Thr Pro Gly Tyr Trp Gln Pro Tyr Ala Leu Pro

1 5 10 15

ctg ggt gga ggc ggt ggg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca cct tgc cca 96
Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro
20 25 30

gca cct gaa ctc ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtt ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa 144
Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys
35 40 45

CCC aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg 192
Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val
50 55 60

gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac 240
Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr
65 70 75

gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag 288
Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu
80 85 90 95

cag tac aac agc acg tac cgt gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac 336
Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His
100 105 110

	_	-	tgg	_			_			-	-	-	-				384
	Gln	Asp	Trp	Leu	Asn	Gly	Lys	Glu	Tyr	Lys	Суз	Lys	Val	Ser	Asn	Lys	
				115					120					125			
	gcc	ctc	cca	gcc	ccc	atc	gag	aaa	acc	atc	tcc	aaa	gcċ	aaa	ggg	cag	432
	Ala	Leu	Pro	Ala	Pro	Ile	Glu	Lys	Thr	Ile	Ser	Lys	Ala	Lys	Gly	Gln	
			130					135				_	140	_	_		
	ccc	cga	gaa	cca	cad	ata	tac	acc	cta	CCC	сса	tcc	caa	gat	gag	cta	480
		-	Glu		-									_		_	
	PIO	-	Giu	FIO	GIII	Val	150	****	nea	110	110	155	nry	rop	Gru	Deu	
		145					130					133					
											~-~		~~~				528
			aac								_						520
		ràs	Asn	GIN	vaı		Leu	Thr	Сув	ren		гÀв	GIY	Prie	ıyr		
	160					165					170					175	
			atc														576
	Ser	Asp	Ile	Ala	Val	Glu	Trp	Glu	Ser	Asn	Gly	Gln	Pro	Glu	Asn	Asn	
					180					185					190		
	tac	aag	acc	acg	cct	CCC	gtg	ctg	gac	tcc	gac	ggc	tcc	ttc	ttc	ctc	624
	Tyr	Lys	Thr	Thr	Pro	Pro	Val	Leu	Asp	Ser	Asp	Gly	Ser	Phe	Phe	Leu	
				195					200					205			
									•					•			•
	tac	agc	aag	ctc	acc	ata	gac	aag	agc	agg	tgg	cag	cag	ggg	aac	gtc	672
			Lys														
			210				•	215		_	_		220	_			
	ttc	tca	tgc	tcc	ata	atσ	cat	gag	act	cta	cac	aac	cac	tac	acg	cag	720
			Cys														
		225	<b>-</b> 2,5				230					235		-			
							250										
	224	200	ctc	+66	ata	++	cca	aat	222	taat	taaa	tcc					757
			Leu					_			-994						
		261	neu	Ser	neu		PIU	GLY	цуь								
	240					245											
		۸															
		0> 1															
		1> 2															
•		2> P															
			rtif						_				. TOTA -	OMT T	m		
	<22	3> D	escr	ipti	on o	f Ar	tifi	cial	Seq	uenc	e:IL	-1 A	INT'AG	ONIS	T		
		F	c									٠					
		0> 1															
	Met	Phe	GIü	Trp	Thr	Pro	Gly	Tyr	Trp	Gln	Pro	Tyr	Ala	Leu		Leu	
	1			•	5					10					15		

	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly 20	Gly	Asp	Lys	Thr	His 25	Thr	Суз	Pro	Pro	30 30	Pro	Ala
	Pro	Glu	Leu 35	Leu	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser 40	Val	Phe	Leu	Phe	Pro 45	Pro	Lys	Pro
	Lys	Asp 50	Thr	Leu	Met	Ile	Ser 55	Arg	Thr	Pro	Glu	Val 60	Thr	Суз	Val	Val
	Va1 65	Asp	Val	Ser	His	Glu 70	qsA	Pro	Glu	Vál	Lys 75	Phe	Asn	Trp	Tyr	Va1 80
	Asp	Gly	Val	.Glu	Val 85	His	Asn	Ala	Lys	Thr 90	Lys	Pro	Arg	Glu	G1u 95	Gln
				100	Tyr				105					110		
			115		Gly			120					125			
		130			Ile		135					140				
	145				Val	150					155					160
		٠			Ser 165					170					175	
				180	Glu				185					190		
			195		Pro		•	200					205			
		210			Val		215					220				
	Ser 225		Ser	Val	Met	His 230		Ala	Leu	His	235		Туг	Thr	Gln	Lys 240
•	Ser	Leu	Ser	Leu	Ser	Pro	Gly	Lys								

<210> 1063 <211> 773 <212> DNA <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-VEGF **ANTAGONIST** <220> <221> CDS <222> (4)..(759) <400> 1063 cat atg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa ctc Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu 10 ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtt ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr 20 ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gtg gac gtg Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val 40 35 age cac gaa gac cet gag gte aag tte aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 50 55 gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser 70 65 acg tac cgt gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg 288 Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu 85 80 aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 105

100

ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro 115

cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc cgg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln

	130		135	•				140				
gtc agc Val Ser 145	•		•					-	-		-	480
gtg gag Val Glu 160		•		_							-	528
cct ccc Pro Pro												576
acc gtg Thr Val												624
		gct ctg Ala Leu		His								672
		aaa ggt Lys Gly						Pro				720
		tgg gaa Trp Glu 245	Trp Gl						taa	ctcg	agg	769
atcc												773
<210> 1064 <211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-VEGF ANTAGONIST												
<400> 10 Met Asp 1		His Thr	Cys Pr	o Pro	Суз 10		Ala	Pro	Glu	Leu 15		
Gly Gly	Pro Ser	Val Phe	e Leu Ph	e Pro . 25		Lys	Pro	Lys		Thr		

Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser

35 40 4:

His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu
50 55 60

Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr 65 70 75 80

Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn 85 90 95

Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro 100 105 110

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln 115 120 125

Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val 130 135 140

Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val 145 150 155 160

Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 165 170 175

Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr
180 185 190

Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val 195 200 205

Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu 210 215 220

Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Val Glu Pro Asn Cys Asp Ile 225 230 235 240

His Val Met Trp Glu Trp Glu Cys Phe Glu Arg Leu 245 250

<210> 1065

<211> 773

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST FC

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (4)..(759)

<400> 1065

cat atg gtt gaa ccg aac tgt gac atc cat gtt atg tgg gaa tgg gaa 4 Met Val Glu Pro Asn Cys Asp Ile His Val Met Trp Glu Trp Glu 1 5 10 15

tgt ttt gaa cgt ctg ggt ggt ggt ggt ggt gac aaa act cac aca tgt 96
Cys Phe Glu Arg Leu Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys
20 25 30

cca ccg tgc cca gca cct gaa ctc ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtt ttc ctc 144
Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu
35 40 45

ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag

Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu

50 55 60

gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gtg gac gtg agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag 240
Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys
65 70 75

ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag 288

Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys

80 85 90 95

ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc acg tac cgt gtg gtc agc gtc ctc 336
Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu
100 105 110

acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc aag
Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys
115 120 125

gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa 432
Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys
130 135 140

gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc 480
Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser

145 150 155

		gag Glu														528
		tat Tyr		•	-		-					_				576
-		aac Asn			_						_	_		-		624
		ttc. Phe 210			-	_				-	_	-			-	672
_		aac Asn	-			-			-							720
		acg Thr											taad	ctcga	agg	769
atco	3															773
<210> 1066 <211> 252 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST FC																
	0> 1		_	_	_			••1 -	••- •	Wa.h		<b>a</b> 1	m	<b>~1</b>	Crea	
Met 1	Val	Glu	Pro	Asn 5	Cys	Asp	IIE	HIS	10	Met	ттр	GIU	тгр	15	Сув	
Phe	Glu	Arg	Leu 20	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly	Gly ⁻ 25	Asp	Lys	Thr	His	Thr 30	Суз	Pro	
Pro	Сув	Pro 35		Pro	Glu	Leu	Leu 40	Gly	Gly	Pro	Ser	Val 45	Phe	Leu	Phe	
Pro	Pro	Lya	Pro	Lys	qeA	Thr		Met	Ile	Ser	Arg		Pro	Glu	Val	

Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe 65 70 75 80

Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro 85 90 95

Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr 100 105 110

Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val 115 120 125

Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala 130 135 140

Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg 145 150 155 160

Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly 165 170 175

Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro 180 185 190

Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser 195 200 205

Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln 210 215 220

Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His 225 230 235 240

Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro.Gly Lys 245 250

<210> 1067

<211> 748

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<220>

<221> CDS <222> (4)..(732)

<400> 1067

cat atg gac aaa act cac aca tgt cca cct tgt cca gct ccg gaa ctc 48

Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu

1 5 10 15

ctg ggg gga ccg tca gtc ttc ctc ttc ccc cca aaa ccc aag gac acc
Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr
20 25 30

ctc atg atc tcc cgg acc cct gag gtc aca tgc gtg gtg gtg gac gtg

Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Asp Val

35

40

45

agc cac gaa gac cct gag gtc aag ttc aac tgg tac gtg gac ggc gtg 192 Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val 50 55 60

gag gtg cat aat gcc aag aca aag ccg cgg gag gag cag tac aac agc 240
Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser
65 70 75

acg tac cgt gtg gtc agc gtc ctc acc gtc ctg cac cag gac tgg ctg

Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu

80 85 90 95

aat ggc aag gag tac aag tgc aag gtc tcc aac aaa gcc ctc cca gcc 336 Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala 100 105 110

ccc atc gag aaa acc atc tcc aaa gcc aaa ggg cag ccc cga gaa cca 384
Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro
115 120 125

cag gtg tac acc ctg ccc cca tcc cgg gat gag ctg acc aag aac cag 432
Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln
130 135 140

gtc agc ctg acc tgc ctg gtc aaa ggc ttc tat ccc agc gac atc gcc 480
Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala
145 150 155

gtg gag tgg gag agc aat ggg cag ccg gag aac aac tac aag acc acg
Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr
160 165 170 170 175

cct ccc gtg ctg gac tcc gac ggc tcc ttc ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu 185 180 acc gtg gac aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser 200 gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac acg cag aag agc ctc tcc Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser 215 210 ctg tct ccg ggt aaa ggt gga ggt ggt tgc acc acc cac tgg ggt Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Cys Thr Thr His Trp Gly 230 225 748 ttc acc ctg tgc taatggatcc ctcgag Phe Thr Leu Cys 240 <210> 1068 <211> 243 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-MMP INHIBITOR <400> 1068 Met Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu 10 Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu 20 Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys Val Val Val Asp Val Ser 35 His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu 55 Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr 70 Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn . 90 ... 85 Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro

100 105 110

Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln 115 120 125

Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val 130 135 140

Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val 145 150 150 155 160

Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro 165 170 175

Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr 180 185 190

Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val 195 200 205

Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu 210 215 220

Ser Pro Gly Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Gly Cys Thr Thr His Trp Gly Phe 225 230 235 240

Thr Leu Cys

<210> 1069

<211> 763

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MMP INHIBITOR
Fc

<220>

<221> CDS

<222> (4)..(753)

<400> 1069

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Met Cys Thr Thr His Trp Gly Phe Thr Leu Cys Gly Gly Gly

1 5 10 15

								gac Asp								96
								gga Gly 40								144
								atc Ile								192
								gaa Glu								240
tgg Trp 80	tac Tyr	gtg Val	gac Asp	ggc Gly	gtg Val 85	gag Glu	gtg Val	cat His	aat Asn	gcc Ala 90	aag Lys	aca Thr	aag Lys	ccg Pro	cgg Arg 95	288
gag Glu	gag Glu	cag Gln	tac Tyr	aac Asn 100	agc Ser	acg Thr	tac Tyr	cgt Arg	gtg Val 105	gtc Val	agc Ser	gtc Val	ctc Leu	acc Thr 110	gtc Val	336
ctg Leu	cac His	cag Gln	gac Asp 115	tgg Trp	ctg Leu	aat Asn	ggc	aag Lys 120	gag Glu	tac Tyr	aag Lys	tgc Cys	aag Lys 125	gtc Val	tcc Ser	384
aac Asn	aaa Lys	gcc Ala 130	ctc Leu	cca Pro	gcc Ala	ccc Pro	atc Ile 135	gag Glu	aaa Lys	acc	atc Ile	tcc Ser 140	Lys	gcc Ala	aaa Lys	432
ggg Gly	cag Gln 145	Pro	cga Arg	gaa Glu	cca Pro	cag Gln 150	Val	tac Tyr	acc Thr	ctg Leu	ccc Pro	Pro	tcc Ser	cgg	gat Asp	480
gag Glu 160	Leu	acc Thr	. aag	aac	cag Gln 165	Val	agc Ser	ctg	acc	tgc Cys	Leu	gtc Val	aaa Lys	ggc Gly	ttc Phe 175	528
tat Tyr	ccc	agc Ser	gac Asp	ato	Ala	gtç Val	gag Glu	tgg Trp	gag Glu 185	Ser	aat Asn	ggg Gly	caq Glr	Pro	gag Glu	576
aac	aac Asr	tac Tyr	aag Lys	aco Thr	aco	cct	cco Pro	gtg Val 200	Lev	ı Ası	tco Ser	gac Asr	gg( Gl)	Sei	ttc Phe	624

ttc ctc tac agc aag ctc acc gtg gac aag agc agg tgg cag cag ggg Phe Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly 210 215 aac gtc ttc tca tgc tcc gtg atg cat gag gct ctg cac aac cac tac 720 Asn Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr 225 230 763 acg cag aag agc ctc tcc ctg tct ccg ggt aaa taatggatcc Thr Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys 245 <210> 1070 <211> 250 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MMP INHIBITOR FC <400> 1070 Met Cys Thr Thr His Trp Gly Phe Thr Leu Cys Gly Gly Gly Gly 15 5 10 Asp Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Asp Lys Thr His Thr Cys Pro Pro Cys 20 Pro Ala Pro Glu Leu Leu Gly Gly Pro Ser Val Phe Leu Phe Pro Pro 40 Lys Pro Lys Asp Thr Leu Met Ile Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Val Thr Cys 55 Val Val Val Asp Val Ser His Glu Asp Pro Glu Val Lys Phe Asn Trp 75 70· 65 Tyr Val Asp Gly Val Glu Val His Asn Ala Lys Thr Lys Pro Arg Glu 90 Glu Gln Tyr Asn Ser Thr Tyr Arg Val Val Ser Val Leu Thr Val Leu 105 His Gln Asp Trp Leu Asn Gly Lys Glu Tyr Lys Cys Lys Val Ser Asn 115 Lys Ala Leu Pro Ala Pro Ile Glu Lys Thr Ile Ser Lys Ala Lys Gly

135

140

Gln Pro Arg Glu Pro Gln Val Tyr Thr Leu Pro Pro Ser Arg Asp Glu 145 150 155 160

Leu Thr Lys Asn Gln Val Ser Leu Thr Cys Leu Val Lys Gly Phe Tyr 165 170 175

Pro Ser Asp Ile Ala Val Glu Trp Glu Ser Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Asn 180 185 190

Asn Tyr Lys Thr Thr Pro Pro Val Leu Asp Ser Asp Gly Ser Phe Phe 195 200 205

Leu Tyr Ser Lys Leu Thr Val Asp Lys Ser Arg Trp Gln Gln Gly Asn 210 215 220

Val Phe Ser Cys Ser Val Met His Glu Ala Leu His Asn His Tyr Thr 225 230 235 240

Gln Lys Ser Leu Ser Leu Ser Pro Gly Lys
245 250

<210> 1071

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 1071

Cys Gly Arg Glu Cys Pro Arg Leu Cys Gln Ser Ser Cys

1 5 10

<210> 1072

<211> 13

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN BINDING PEPTIDE

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Cys Asn Gly Arg Cys Val Ser Gly Cys Ala Gly Arg Cys
1 5
<210> 1073
<211> 8
<212> PRT
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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
     BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 1073
Cys Leu Ser Gly Ser Leu Ser Cys
<210> 1074
<211> 6
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN
      BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 1074
Asn Gly Arg Ala His Ala
<210> 1075
<211> 5
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 <222> (10)..(189)
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Cys Asn Gly Arg Cys
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<211> 9
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Cys Asp Cys Arg Gly Asp Cys Phe Cys
<210> 1077
<211> 7
<212> PRT
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Cys Gly Ser Leu Val Arg Cys
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<210> 1078
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      BINDING PEPTIDE
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Arg Thr Asp Leu Asp Ser Leu Arg
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1

<210> 1079

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: INTEGRIN BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 1079 .

Gly Asp Leu Asp Leu Leu Lys Leu Arg Leu Thr Leu
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<210> 1080

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial
 Sequence:INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 1080

Gly Asp Leu His Ser Leu Arg Gln Leu Leu Ser Arg

1 5 10

<210> 1081

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 1081

Arg Asp Asp Leu His Met Leu Arg Leu Gln Leu Trp

1 5 10

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<210> 1082
<211> 12
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      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 1082
Ser Ser Asp Leu His Ala Leu Lys Lys Arg Tyr Gly
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<210> 1083
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
<400> 1083
Arg Gly Asp Leu Lys Gln Leu Ser Glu Leu Thr Trp
 1 . 5
<210> 1084
<211> 12
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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 <223> Description of Artificial
      Sequence: INTEGRIN-BINDING PEPTIDE
 Arg Gly Asp Leu Ala Ala Leu Ser Ala Pro Pro Val
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                  5
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<210> 1085 <211> 15

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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: TNF-ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
<400> 1085
Asp Phe Leu Pro His Tyr Lys Asn Thr Ser Leu Gly His Arg Pro
                                                     15
                                    10
               5
<210> 1086
<211> 18
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1086
Gly Glu Arg Trp Cys Phe Asp Gly Pro Leu Thr Trp Val Cys Gly Glu
                                   10
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Glu Ser
<210> 1087
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 1087
Arg Gly Trp Val Glu Ile Cys Val Ala Asp Asp Asn Gly Met Cys Val
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                                   10
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Thr Glu Ala Gln

... 20

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<210> 1088
<211> 19
<212> PRT
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
     PEPTIDE
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Gly Trp Asp Glu Cys Asp Val Ala Arg Met Trp Glu Trp Glu Cys Phe
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                 5
Ala Gly Val
<210> 1089
<211> 16
<212> PRT
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: VEGF ANTAGONIST
      PEPTIDE
<400> 1089
Arg Gly Trp Val Glu Ile Cys Glu Ser Asp Val Trp Gly Arg Cys Leu
                                  10
 1 5
<210> 1090
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<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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      PEPTIDE
 <400> 1090
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                                                     . 15
  1 ... 5
                          . 10
```

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<210> 1091
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      PEPTIDE
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Gly Gly Asn Glu Cys Asp Ile Ala Arg Met Trp Glu Trp Glu Cys Phe
                                   10
Glu Arg Leu
<210> 1092
<211> 16
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
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      PEPTIDE
<400> 1092
Arg Gly Trp Val Glu Ile Cys Ala Ala Asp Asp Tyr Gly Arg Cys Leu
                                    10
 1
                  5
<210> 1093
<211> 8
<212> PRT
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<400> 1093
Cys Leu Arg Ser Gly Xaa Gly Cys
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<210> 1094
<211> 10
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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: MMP INHIBITOR
<400> 1094
Cys Xaa Xaa His Trp Gly Phe Xaa Xaa Cys
              5
<210> 1095
<211> 5
<212> PRT
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      PEPTIDE
<400> 1095
Cys Xaa Pro Xaa Cys
<210> 1096
<211> 10
<212> PRT
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<220>
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      PEPTIDE
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Cys Arg Arg His Trp Gly Phe Glu Phe Cys
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<210> 1097 <211> 10

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      PEPTIDE
 <400> 1097
 Ser Thr Thr His Trp Gly Phe Thr Leu Ser
  1 5
 <210> 1098
 <211> 10
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: MMP INHIBITOR
      PEPTIDE
 <400> 1098
 Cys Ser Leu His Trp Gly Phe Trp Trp Cys
         5 10
 <210> 1099
 <211> 15
<212> PRT
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 <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: CARBOHYDRATE
      (GD1 ALPHA) MIMETIC PEPTIDE
 <400> 1099
 Trp His Trp Arg His Arg Ile Pro Leu Gln Leu Ala Ala Gly Arg
                                  10
  1 5
 <210> 1100
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<213> Artificial Sequence

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       BINDING PEPTIDE
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 Leu Lys Thr Pro Arg Val
 <210> 1101
 <211> 8
 <212> PRT
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       BINDING PEPTIDE
 <400> 1101
 Asn Thr Leu Lys Thr Pro Arg Val
                   5
 <210> 1102
 <211> 11
 <212> PRT
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· <220>
 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence: BETA-2 GP1AB
       BINDING PROTEIN
 <400> 1102
 Asn Thr Leu Lys Thr Pro Arg Val Gly Gly Cys
                  5
 <210> 1103
 <211> 6
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial Sequence
  <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:BETA-2 GP1AB
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BINDING PROTEIN

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<400> 1103
Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Phe
1 5
```

<210> 1104 <211> 10

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:BETA-1 GP1AB BINDING PROTEIN

<400> 1104
Lvs Asp Lvs Ala Th

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Phe Gly Cys His Asp 1 5 10

<210> 1105

<211> 12

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:BETA-2 GP1AB BINDING PEPTIDE

<400> 1105

Lys Asp Lys Ala Thr Phe Gly Cys His Asp Gly Cys
1 5 10

<210> 1106

<211> 6

<212> PRT

<213> Artificial Sequence

<220>

<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:BETA-2 GP1AB BINDING PROTEIN

<400> 1106

Thr Leu Arg Val Tyr Lys

1 5 <210> 1107 <211> 9 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:BETA-2 GP1AB BINDING PROTEIN <400> 1107 Ala Thr Leu Arg Val Tyr Lys Gly Gly 5 <210> 1108 <211> 10 <212> PRT <213> Artificial Sequence <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:BETA-2 GP1AB BINDING PROTEIN <400> 1108 Cys Ala Thr Leu Arg Val Tyr Lys Gly Gly 1 5

<210> 1109
<211> 14
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TRANSPORTING PEPTIDE

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Ile Asn Leu Lys Ala Leu Ala Ala Leu Ala Lys Lys Ile Leu

1 ... 5 . 10

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<210> 1110
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       TRANSPORTING PEPTIDE
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 Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly
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 <210> 1111
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       TRANSPORTING PEPTIDE
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 Gly Trp Thr Leu Asn Ser Ala Gly Tyr Leu Leu Gly Lys Ile Asn Leu
                                     10
 Lys Ala Leu Ala Leu Ala Lys Lys Ile Leu
              20
 <210> 1112
 <211> 22
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 <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:FC PCR PRIMER
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aacataagta cctgtaggat cg
 <210> 1113
  <211> 81
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429

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<212> DNA
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TNF ALPHA
     PCR PRIMER
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<222> (1)..(126)
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Pro Arg Ile His Tyr Gly Arg Pro Arg Glu Val Phe Leu Cys
                 5
                                    10
ggc agg aag tca cca cct cca cct tta ccc
                                                                81
Gly Arg Lys Ser Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Leu Pro
            20
                               25
<210> 1114
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      PCR PRIMER
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Pro Arg Ile His Tyr Gly Arg
<210> 1115
<211> 6
<212> PRT
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     PCR PRIMER
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Pro Arg Glu Val Phe Leu
 1
                  5
<210> 1116__
<211> 12
<212> PRT
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<213> Artificial Sequence
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Cys Gly Arg Lys Ser Pro Pro Pro Pro Pro Leu Pro
      5
<210> 1117
<211> 81
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      INHIBITOR-FC PCR PRIMER
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gaataacata tggacttcct gccgcactac aaaaacacct ctctgggtca ccgtccgggt 60
ggaggcggtg gggacaaaac t
<210> 1118
<211> 81
<212> DNA
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<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      PCR PRIMER
<400> 1118
ccgcggatcc attacagcgg cagagcgtac ggctgccagt aacccggggt ccattcgaaa 60
ccaccacctc cacctttacc c
<210> 1119
<211> 81
<212> DNA
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence: IL-1 ANTAGONIST
      -Fc PCR PRIMER
<400> 1119
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	ggtg gggacaaaac t	cggcagc	cgtacgetet	gccgctgggt	81
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<212>	DNA				
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	Description of Artificial Sequ ANTAGONIST OLIGONUCLEOTIDE	ence:Fc-	VEGF		
<400>	1120				
gttgaa	ccga actgtgacat ccatgttatg tgg	gaatggg	aatgttttga	acgtctg	57
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<211>	57				
<212>					
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<400>	1121				
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<210>	1122				
<211>	57				•
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<220>					
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<400>					<b>6</b> 7
gttga	accga actgtgacat ccatgttatg tgg	ggaatggg	aatgttttga	acgtctg	57
<210>	1123				
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	DNA				
	Artificial Sequence				

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WO 00/24782

<213> Artificial Sequence	
<220> <223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-VEGF ANTAGONIST-Fc PCR PRIMER	
<400> 1127	
atttgattct agaaggagga ataacatatg gttgaaccga actgtgac	. 48
<210> 1128	
<211> 51	•
<212> DNA	
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<213 Altificial Sequence	
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<210> 1130	
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	* square

<210> 1131

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<211> 66
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      INHIBITOR PCR PRIMER
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ttaccc
<210> 1132
<211> 63
<212> DNA
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<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:MMP
      INHIBITOR-FC PCR PRIMER
<400> 1132
gaataacata tgtgcaccac ccactggggt ttcaccctgt gcggtggagg cggtggggac.60
aaa
<210> 1133
<211> 20
<212> PRT
<213> Artificial Sequence
<220>
<223> Description of Artificial Sequence:Fc-TMP
<400> 1133
Lys Gly Gly Gly Gly Ile Glu Gly Pro Thr Leu Arg Gln Trp Leu
                                                        15
 1
                  5
Ala Ala Arg Ala
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20